

z/VM



Guide for Automated Installation and Service

Version 5 Release 1

z/VM



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Version 5 Release 1

Note!

Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in “Notices” on page 155.

Second Edition (December 2004)

This edition applies to the version 5, release 1, modification 0 of IBM z/VM (product number 5741-A05) and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

This edition replaces GC24-6099-00.

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About This Book

This book guides system programmers through the step-by-step installation and service procedures for z/VM®.

The procedures allow installation of the z/VM system first-level on a processor or second-level (as a guest operating system hosted by z/VM). See the *z/VM: General Information* for a list of the processors supported by z/VM and the guest operating systems hosted by z/VM.

Who Should Read This Book

This book is intended for system programmers responsible for installing and servicing z/VM.

System programmers are responsible for system operation and system management activities requiring a higher degree of computer skill and technical training and education than those covered by other system support personnel. They are ultimately responsible for the efficient functioning of the system.

What You Should Know Before Reading This Book

This book assumes that you have a general idea of what z/VM does and that you understand the concept of a virtual machine. You should also have a general understanding of z/VM and zSeries® data processing techniques.

This book includes all updates at the time of this publication (December 2004). Any updates to this book will be reflected in the book that is available at our Web site:

www.ibm.com/eserver/zseries/zvm/

How This Book Is Organized

This book has four parts, appendices, notices, a glossary, a bibliography, and an index.

- Part 1, “z/VM System DDR Installation,” on page 1, contains step-by-step installation procedures for installing z/VM from tape or CD distribution media.
- Part 2, “z/VM System Image DVD Installation,” on page 57, contains step-by-step installation procedures for installing z/VM from DVD distribution media, including installation worksheets required for installation planning.
- Part 3, “Post z/VM System Installation Information,” on page 111, contains information about your newly-installed z/VM system, plus information about customizing or configuring certain licensed products and features.
- Part 4, “Service Procedure,” on page 125, contains step-by-step procedures for applying service to your z/VM system.
- The appendices include supplemental information and procedures for installation and service.
- Legal notices, a reference to the z/VM glossary, a bibliography, and index round out the book.

How to Use This Book

You may treat each part in this document independently, but within each part read and follow the procedures in the order presented. For instance, if installing from tape or CD, follow Part 1, “z/VM System DDR Installation,” on page 1. If installing from DVD, follow Part 2, “z/VM System Image DVD Installation,” on page 57. For service, follow Part 4, “Service Procedure,” on page 125 from beginning to end.

Conventions Used in This Book

Substeps in procedures display what you should type and the system responses you see.

- Bold font indicates exactly what you should type.

Example: The following shows a command you would type:

```
disconnect
```

- Normal font indicates system responses and requests.

Example: The following shows a system response:

```
HCP1PX8475I THE PRODUCTS YOU SELECTED TO LOAD TO MINIDISK ARE:  
          VM RSCS TCPIP OSA ICKDSF DIRM RACF  
          PERFTK VMHCD
```

- Italic font indicates variable input or output, which can occur in commands you type or in system output.

Examples: The following are examples in which italics indicate variable input or output:

- In the following, you would need to supply the address of a tape drive for *tapeaddr*:

```
attach tapeaddr * 181
```

- In the following, the system would supply a tape address for *tapeaddr* and *userID* in its response:

```
TAPE tapeaddr ATTACHED TO userID 181
```

- Reverse type indicates special keys you must press.

Example: The following indicates you must press the Enter key:

```
ENTER
```

- Explanatory notes appear to the right of input and output.

Example:

```
attach tapeaddr * 181
```

```
TAPE tapeaddr ATTACHED TO userID 181  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

tapeaddr is the address of the tape drive(s) where the z/VM System DDR tapes will be mounted. *userID* is the first-level user ID logged on to in the previous substep.

- For outputs, a vertical bar (|) indicates you will receive one of the responses and braces ({}) indicate you may or may not receive the data within the braces. Here is a sample output:

```
MDREST|ECKDREST: {WROTE} nnnn BLOCKS|TRACKS TO|ON addr, RC=0
```

In this example, you would actually receive *one* of the following two responses:

```
MDREST: nnnn BLOCKS TO addr, RC=0  
ECKDREST: WROTE nnnn TRACKS ON addr, RC=0
```

Where to Find More Information

For more information about z/VM functions, see the books listed in the “Bibliography” on page 161.

PDF Links to Other Books

If you are viewing the Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) version of this book, it may contain links to other books. A link to another book is based on the name of the requested PDF file. The name of the PDF file for an IBM book is unique and identifies both the book and the edition. The book links provided in this book are for the editions (PDF names) that were current when the PDF file for this book was generated. However, newer editions of some books (with different PDF names) may exist. A link from this book to another book works only when a PDF file with the requested name resides in the same directory as this book.

How to Send Your Comments to IBM

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 - Internet: mhvrcfs@us.ibm.com
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- Submit your comments through the VM Feedback page ("Contact z/VM") on the z/VM Web site at www.ibm.com/eserver/zseries/zvm/forms/.

Please provide the following information in your comment or note:

- Title and complete publication number of the book (including the suffix)
- Page number, section title, or topic you are commenting on

If you would like a reply, be sure to include your name, postal or email address, and telephone or FAX number.

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Summary of Changes

This book contains terminology, maintenance, and editorial changes. Technical changes or additions to the text and illustrations are indicated by a vertical line to left of the change.

GC24–6099–01, z/VM Version 5 Release 1

This edition supports the general availability of z/VM Version 5 Release 1 (z/VM V5R1). This edition replaces GC24-6064-00.

- There is a new section for installing the z/VM System Image from DVD: Part 2, “z/VM System Image DVD Installation,” on page 57
- A MAINT 500 minidisk has been added, which contains the RSU for DVD installation and can be used to receive electronic delivery of service.
- Real Time Monitor (RTM) is no longer pre-installed.
- VM Performance Reporting Facility (VMPRF) is no longer pre-installed.
- A new release of Performance Toolkit® for VM, 510, is pre-installed (disabled).
- A new release of Directory Maintenance Facility (DIRM), 510, is pre-installed (disabled).
- Chapter 11, “Install Preventive (RSU) or Corrective (COR) Service and Place the Service into Production,” on page 127 and Appendix B, “Determining the RSU Level for Ordering Service,” on page 137 have been updated with information on the new STATUS operand on the SERVICE EXEC command.
- Part 4, “Service Procedure,” on page 125 has been updated with information on the new SYSMEMO table.
- TSM/ADSM is no longer pre-installed.
- 3390 Single and Double density DASD are no longer supported for installation.
- 3390 MOD 9 DASD is now supported for installation.
- SCSI FCP disk logical units (SCSI disks) are now supported for installation.
- A new release of TCP/IP, 510, is pre-installed.
- PLX and Restricted Source no longer ship with z/VM. They are available upon request from IBM Resource Link™.
- DFSMS and DFSMS Kanji no longer ship automatically with z/VM, but may be ordered through SDO as free features.
- Changes to the SYSRES pack (510RES):
 - Increase checkpoint area to max (9 cylinders/2000 4K pages)
 - Increase warmstart area to max (9 cylinders/2000 4K pages)
 - Remove tdisk from System Res (510RES)
 - Replace paging on System Res (510RES) with a paging volume (510PAG)
 - Replace spooling on System Res (510RES) with a spooling volume (510SPL).

Part 1. z/VM System DDR Installation

Part 1 contains installation procedures for installing z/VM from tape or CD distribution media. If you are installing z/VM from DVD distribution media, use Part 2, “z/VM System Image DVD Installation,” on page 57.

In this part, you will:

- Choose the appropriate installation method to use based on your system requirements
- Fill in worksheets
- Install the z/VM System DDR.

Chapter 1. Plan Your Installation

In this chapter, you will

- Plan your installation
- Fill in the Installation Worksheet and the TCP/IP configuration worksheet.

Step 1. Understand the Requirements

Before you install z/VM, Version 5 Release 1, you must satisfy the following requirements:

- Be sure that you have the proper processor for your z/VM V5R1 system. For a list of processors supported by z/VM, see *z/VM: General Information*.
- Be sure you have both the Installation tape(s) and the RSU tape(s) or CDs.
- A local non-SNA 3270 terminal or equivalent, or an Integrated 3270 Console is required for installation of z/VM.
- If you are planning to migrate from another z/VM system, review the *z/VM: Migration Guide*.
- See the *z/VM Program Directory* and the PSP Bucket for the latest information affecting z/VM.
- If you plan to deploy Linux™ on z/VM, see *z/VM: Getting Started with Linux on zSeries* for important planning information about Linux virtual servers.
- Be sure you have a full screen terminal with at least 20 lines.
- First-Level installation requires 10 MB real storage.
- Second-Level installation requires 64 MB of virtual storage for the installation userid on your first level system.

Step 2. Choose Your Installation Method

Choose your installation method based on the following:

If . . .	Then use the . . .
No supported VM system is running in the processor or LPAR on which you are installing z/VM, Version 5 Release 1	First-Level Installation Method
You are installing in a virtual machine on a supported VM system. (You must be able to IPL 510 as a second level system.)	Second-Level Installation Method

Step 3. Choose the Document to Use for Installation

There are two sets of instructions for using either installation method:

- *z/VM: Summary for Automated Installation and Service (Tape/CD-ROM Installation)* contains only the commands needed to install z/VM.

The one-page installation and service summary is packaged with the *z/VM: Guide for Automated Installation and Service*.

- *z/VM: Guide for Automated Installation and Service* (this guide) contains the commands needed to install z/VM, in addition to descriptions of the parameters used and messages received.

If you are using the procedure described in *z/VM: Summary for Automated Installation and Service (Tape/CD-ROM Installation)*, leave this document and use the one-page document. Otherwise, continue to the next step.

Step 4. Complete the Installation and Basic IP Connectivity Worksheets

1. Record the installation method you selected to use to install z/VM in the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8). Your choices are First-Level or Second-Level.
2. Determine which products you will load into the VMSYS file pool and which products you will load to minidisks only. Each product on the z/VM System DDR allows VMSYS file pool directories to be used in place of some minidisks. Record your choices in the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8).
3. Select your system default language and record your choice in the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8). The choices are:
 - Mixed Case English (AMENG)
 - Uppercase English (UCENG)
 - German (GERMAN)
 - Kanji (KANJI)
4. Select the DASD model you will use to install, either 3390 Mod 3 or 3390 Mod 9, and record the DASD model in the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8). For performance reasons, IBM recommends using emulated 3390 Model 9s instead of real 3390 Model 9s.
5. For 510RES, 510W01, and 510W02: Select the DASD addresses required to install. Record the addresses in the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8).
 - a. If you choose 3390 Mod 9:
 - You need one 3390 Mod 9 DASD (10017 cylinders) for the 510RES volume.
 If you choose 3390 Mod 3:
 - If you selected to install all products to SFS you need two 3390 Mod 3 DASD (3339 cylinders).
 - If you selected to install any products to Minidisk, you need three 3390 Mod 3 DASD (3339 cylinders)
 - b. Record the DASD addresses for each DASD in the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8) under the **Addr** column. Record your first address in the row with the label “510RES” and continue recording addresses corresponding to the labels. If you need fewer than all the DASD labels in the table, disregard the extra labels.
6. For 510SPL and 510PAG: Select two DASD addresses, one for SPOOL space and one for PAGE space. These two DASD can be any model 3390. A 3390 Model 3 (3339 cylinders) is suggested. Record the real addresses of these DASD in the Installation Worksheet in the rows for SPOOL and PAGE.
7. If, after you install z/VM, you want to establish a minimal TCP/IP configuration that establishes basic connectivity to your IP network, fill in the IP worksheets beginning with Table 2 on page 9.
8. Proceed according to the installation method you chose:

If you chose the . . .	Then go to . . .
First-Level Installation Method	Chapter 2, “First-Level Installation Method,” on page 11
Second-Level Installation Method	Chapter 3, “Second-Level Installation Method,” on page 25

Complete the Installation and Basic IP Connectivity Worksheets

Table 1. Installation Worksheet

<p>Installation method (First-Level or Second-Level): _____</p> <p>Below, in the Install to column, record an "M" if you will load the product to a minidisk, or an "F" if you will load the product to the VMSYS file pool.</p>					
Install to	Product	Install to	Product	Install to	Product
	VM		RSCS		TCPIP
	OSA		ICKDSF		DIRM
	RACF		PERFTK		VMHCD
<p>System Default Language: _____</p> <p>DASD Model: _____</p>					
Label			Addr		
510RES					
510W01					
510W02					
SPOOL	510SPL	Address: _____			
PAGE	510PAG	Address: _____			

Note: After completing the worksheet, be sure to return to the next substep on page 7.

Complete the Installation and Basic IP Conectivity Worksheets

After you have completed your z/VM installation, you can optionally create a minimal TCP/IP configuration that establishes basic connectivity to your IP network. If you choose to perform this configuration, you must gather the following information from your network system administrator and record the information in the TCP/IP Configuration Worksheet (Table 2) and the appropriate interface worksheet. In these worksheets, a number in parentheses following a field description, for example Host name (20), is the maximum length for that field.

Table 2. TCP/IP Configuration Worksheet

User ID of the VM TCP/IP stack virtual machine (8): (Initially displays the value TCP/IP)	
Host name (20):	
Domain name (40):	
DNS IP address (three choices) (39):	1) _____ 2) _____ 3) _____
Gateway IP address (39):	
Interface name (16):	
Device number (4):	
IP address (39):	
Subnet mask (IPv4) (15) or Prefix Length (IPv6) (3):	
Choose the interface you will be using (check one):	<input type="checkbox"/> QDIO <input type="checkbox"/> LCS <input type="checkbox"/> HiperSockets™ <input type="checkbox"/> CLAW <input type="checkbox"/> CTC Refer to the appropriate interface worksheet to record more information. IPv6 is only available for QDIO devices.

Table 3. QDIO Interface Worksheet

Network type (select one):	<input type="checkbox"/> Ethernet <input type="checkbox"/> Token Ring IPv6 is not available for Token Ring adaptors.
Port name (8):	
Router type (select one):	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary <input type="checkbox"/> Secondary <input type="checkbox"/> None
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size (5):	

Table 4. LCS Interface Worksheet

Network type (select one):	<input type="checkbox"/> Ethernet <input type="checkbox"/> Token Ring <input type="checkbox"/> FDDI
Port/Adapter number (3):	
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size (5):	

Complete the Installation and Basic IP Connectivity Worksheets

Table 5. HiperSockets Interface Worksheet

Maximum Frame Size (MFS): (in kilobytes)	
---	--

Table 6. CLAW Interface Worksheet

CLAW host name (8): (This name must match the value configured on the CLAW device)	
CLAW adapter name (8): (This name must match the value configured on the CLAW device)	
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size (5):	

Table 7. CTC Interface Worksheet

Write Channel Device Number (select one):	<input type="checkbox"/> This choice contains the device number specified on the main z/VM TCP/IP Configuration Wizard panel. <input type="checkbox"/> This choice contains the device number specified on the main z/VM TCP/IP Configuration Wizard panel + 1.
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size (5):	
Peer IP Address (15):	

Note: When you have completed the IP Worksheets, return to substep 8 on page 7.

Chapter 2. First-Level Installation Method

In this chapter, you will:

- Use step-by-step procedures to install the z/VM System DDR in a new system environment.

Step 1. Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)

In this step, you will:

- Mount volume 1 of the z/VM System DDR on a tape or CD-ROM drive
- Initialize, format, and relabel the DASD
- Load down the Initial Installation System (IIS) from the z/VM System DDR.

Notes:

1. The IPLable Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF) program in Tape File 1 of the z/VM System DDR may not be at the latest service level. Use this copy of the program only for installation.
2. Make sure that any DASD with the same labels you are using for installation are **not** attached to your system.

1. Before you begin, fill out the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8) in Chapter 1, “Plan Your Installation.”
2. **If possible**, power off all devices you do not plan to use during installation. This precaution is advisable because the initial install program on the z/VM System DDR assumes that the first device to present an interrupt is the system console.

Note: If your system has a 3725, 3745, 3704, or 3705 controller attached and available to it and that controller is ALSO available and active to other systems, it is possible that the IPL of the z/VM install tape (which will IPL ICKDSF) will cause the controller to re-IPL. To prevent this from occurring, do one of the following:

- a. Make the controller channel path ID (CHPID) unavailable at the system console
- b. Make sure the controller is configured so the system running z/VM cannot IPL the controller.

3. Refer to the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8) to ensure all the DASD addresses listed on the worksheet are available for use. Follow the operation manual for your own hardware.

Attention: Make sure any DASD with the labels 510RES, 510SPL, 510PAG, or 510W0n that you are not using for this installation are **never** attached to your system. Any such DASD may be brought online when you IPL the Initial Installation System in “Step 3. Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)” on page 30. You can remove these DASD now or use the Device Support Facilities to relabel the DASD. If you choose to relabel the DASD, wait until substep 8 on page 13, in which we explain how to use the Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF) to relabel the DASD.

4. Mount volume 1 of the z/VM System DDR on a tape or CD-ROM drive.

If you are installing with CDROM and you are:

- Installing from a PS2 with OMA/2, refer to the *Optical Media Attach/2 User's Guide* and the *Optical Media Attach/2 Technical Reference*.
- Installing from a 2074 Console Support Controller capable of reading Optical Media Attach format, refer to the AWSOMA.DOC in the Service Element directories.

5. If you are installing from an Integrated 3270 Console see Appendix H, “Using an Integrated 3270 Console for Installation,” on page 153.

6. IPL the tape or CD drive that contains volume 1, to load the Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF) program. Follow the **hardware IPL** procedure specified for your processor, specifying a LOADPARM of CNSLccuu, where ccuu is the address of your system console (for example, 0020).

Refer to your processor's hardware operation manuals for help.

Notes:

- a. For more information about the Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF), see the *Device Support Facilities User's Guide and Reference*.
7. Wait 60 seconds or so for the IPL to complete. If you see no messages, press **Enter** on your 3270 console to create an interrupt. If you do not see a response, you pressed **Enter** before the IPL was complete. Reset the keyboard. Wait approximately 60 seconds and press **Enter** again.

Note: You may have to wait approximately 15 minutes on a CD-ROM device.

ENTER

CLEAR SCREEN WHEN READY

Reset

Clear

```
ICK005E DEFINE INPUT DEVICE, REPLY
      'DDDD, CUU' OR 'CONSOLE'
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
console
CONSOLE
ICK006E DEFINE OUTPUT DEVICE, REPLY
      'DDDD, CUU' OR 'CONSOLE'
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
console
CONSOLE
ICKDSF - SA/XA/ESA DEVICE SUPPORT FACILITIES
      nn.n TIME:hh:mm:ss mm/dd/yy    PAGE 1
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

Press the **Reset** key to unlock the keyboard.

Depending on how your console is defined, you may not have to clear your screen.

This message tells you that the Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF) is loaded and ready.

8. Use ICKDSF to re-label any DASD volumes that are not being used to install z/VM. If you do not have any DASD labelled 510RES, 510SPL, 510PAG, or 510W0n on your system, skip to substep 9. If all the DASD you have labelled 510RES, 510SPL, 510PAG, or 510W0n on your system are going to be used for this installation, skip to substep 9. Otherwise, continue with substep 8 to use the ICKDSF program to relabel the DASD you are **not** going to use for this installation. If there is more than one DASD to relabel, relabel them one at a time.

cpvolume label unit(*dasdaddr*) novfy void(*valid*)

dasdaddr is the address of the DASD you want to relabel, and *valid* is the new label you will use for that DASD.

```
ICK00700I DEVICE INFORMATION FOR dasdaddr IS
      CURRENTLY AS FOLLOWS:
      PHYSICAL DEVICE = xxxx.
      STORAGE CONTROLLER = xxxx
      STORAGE CONTROL DESCRIPTOR = xx
      DEVICE DESCRIPTOR = xx
      :
ICK003D REPLY U TO ALTER VOLUME dasdaddr CONTENTS,
      ELSE T
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
u
      :
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)

If you have another DASD to relabel, **repeat** the CPVOLUME LABEL command.

9. If your DASD are already initialized, skip to substep 11 to format and label them.
10. For uninitialized DASD, use the INSTALL command to initialize the DASD. If there is more than one uninitialized DASD, initialize one DASD at a time.

Note: Do not run the INSTALL command for Enterprise Storage Server® (Shark) DASD. Enterprise Storage Server DASD are initialized when setup.

install unit(*dasdaddr*) novfy

dasdaddr is the address of the DASD you want to initialize. *dasdaddr* is recorded in your Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8).

```
ICK00700I DEVICE INFORMATION FOR dasdaddr IS
      CURRENTLY AS FOLLOWS:
      PHYSICAL DEVICE = xxxx.
      STORAGE CONTROLLER = xxxx
      STORAGE CONTROL DESCRIPTOR = xx
      DEVICE DESCRIPTOR = xx
      :
      :
ICK003D REPLY U TO ALTER VOLUME dasdaddr CONTENTS,
      ELSE T
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
u
      :
      :
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

The system takes at least 20 to 40 minutes to inspect and initialize a DASD. You will get a series of ICK messages that describe the status of the device being initialized at the point that the initialization is almost complete.

If you have another DASD to initialize, **repeat** the INSTALL command.

11. If your DASD is already CP formatted using ICKDSF or CPFMTXA, go to substep 12. Format and label the 510RES and each DASD listed on your Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8). Issue the following command for each DASD that you need to format.

cpvvolume format unit(*dasdaddr*) novfy valid(*valid*) mode(*esa*) nofiller

dasdaddr is the address of the DASD you want to format. *dasdaddr* is recorded on your Installation Worksheet.

valid is the volume identifier (**Label**) listed in your Installation Worksheet.

```
      :
      :
ICK003D REPLY U TO ALTER VOLUME dasdaddr CONTENTS,
      ELSE T
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
u
      :
      :
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

If you have another DASD to format, **repeat** the CPVOLUME FORMAT command.

12. If you did not format and label your DASD in substep 11, you **must** label them now:

Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)

cpvolume label unit(*dasdaddr*) novfy valid(*valid*)

dasdaddr is the address of the DASD you want to relabel, and *valid* is the new label you will use for that DASD.

```
ICK00700I DEVICE INFORMATION FOR dasdaddr IS
      CURRENTLY AS FOLLOWS:
      PHYSICAL DEVICE = xxxx.
      STORAGE CONTROLLER = xxxx
      STORAGE CONTROL DESCRIPTOR = xx
      DEVICE DESCRIPTOR = xx
      :
ICK003D REPLY U TO ALTER VOLUME dasdaddr CONTENTS,
      ELSE T
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
u
      :
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

13. IPL the tape or CD drive again to load the DDR program from tape. You do not have to exit the ICKDSF program. Follow the **hardware IPL** procedure specified for your processor. During hardware IPL procedures, you may specify a console address in the Load Parameter field. The console address for the DDR is just the console *ccuu*, instead of *CNSLccuu* as it was for ICKDSF.

Load Parameter Specified

If the Load Parameter field is used, the DDR program will appear at the specified console.

Load Parameter Not Specified

If no console address is used, you will need to wait a minute or so for the IPL to complete. You will see no messages. Press **Enter** to create an interrupt. If you do not see a response, you pressed **Enter** before the IPL was complete. Reset the keyboard. Wait approximately 60 seconds and press **Enter** again.

ENTER

CLEAR SCREEN WHEN READY

Reset

Clear

Press the **Reset** key to unlock the keyboard. Depending on your console, you may not have to clear your screen.

14. Answer the following prompts from the DDR program to load the Initial Installation System from the z/VM System DDR to the system residence device (510RES) and Spool space to the Spool DASD (510SPL).

```
z/VM DASD DUMP/RESTORE PROGRAM
ENTER CARD READER ADDRESS OR CONTROL STATEMENTS
ENTER:
sysprint cons
ENTER:
```

Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)

input *tapeaddr* **tape (skip 1 leave**

ENTER:

tapeaddr is the address of the tape drive where you mounted volume 1.

By typing the word **tape**, the tape device type is automatically identified by the DDR program.

output *dasdaddr* **dasd 510res**

dasdaddr is the address of the system residence device (510RES) recorded on your Installation Worksheet.

DDR checks the DASD label to make sure it is 510RES, the system residence device.

ENTER:

restore all

HCPDDR725D SOURCE DASD DEVICE WAS (IS) LARGER THAN OUTPUT DEVICE
DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE? RESPOND YES OR NO:

You may or may not receive this message. This is not a problem. Respond **yes** and continue.

yes

RESTORING 510RES

DATA DUMPED *mm/dd/yy*

AT *hh.mm.ss* GMT FROM 510RES

RESTORED TO 510RES

Informational messages: GMT means Greenwich Mean Time. The exact cylinder extents vary according to the device type.

INPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS		OUTPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS	
START	STOP	START	STOP
00000000	00000475	00000000	00000475

END OF RESTORE

BYTES RESTORED *nnnnnnnnnn*

ENTER:

input *tapeaddr* **tape (rew**

ENTER:

tapeaddr is the address of the tape drive where you mounted volume 1.

By typing the word **tape**, the tape device type is automatically identified by the DDR program.

output *dasdaddr* **dasd 510SPL**

dasdaddr is the address of the Spool DASD (510SPL) recorded on your Installation Worksheet.

DDR checks the DASD label to make sure it is 510SPL.

ENTER:

restore all

HCPDDR725D SOURCE DASD DEVICE WAS (IS) LARGER THAN OUTPUT DEVICE
DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE? RESPOND YES OR NO:

You may or may not receive this message. This is not a problem. Respond **yes** and continue.

yes

RESTORING 510SPL

Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)

```
DATA DUMPED mm/dd/yy
AT hh.mm.ss GMT FROM 510SPL
RESTORED TO 510SPL
```

Informational messages: GMT means Greenwich Mean Time. The exact cylinder extents vary according to the device type.

```
INPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS      OUTPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS
  START      STOP              START      STOP
  00000000   00000199         00000000   00000199
```

```
END OF RESTORE
BYTES RESTORED nnnnnnnnnn
```

ENTER:

ENTER

Press **Enter** to end the program.

END OF JOB

15. IPL the tape or CD drive that contains volume 1, to load the Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF) program. Follow the **hardware IPL** procedure specified for your processor, specifying a LOADPARM of CNSLccuu, where ccuu is the address of your system console (for example, 0020).

Refer to your processor's hardware operation manuals for help.

Notes:

- a. For more information about the Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF), see the *Device Support Facilities User's Guide and Reference*.

16. Wait 60 seconds or so for the IPL to complete. If you see no messages, press **Enter** to create an interrupt. If you do not see a response, you pressed **Enter** before the IPL was complete. Reset the keyboard. Wait approximately 60 seconds and press **Enter** again.

Note: You may have to wait approximately 15 minutes on a CD-ROM device.

ENTER

CLEAR SCREEN WHEN READY

Reset

Clear

```
ICK005E DEFINE INPUT DEVICE, REPLY
      'DDDD, CUU' OR 'CONSOLE'
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

console

CONSOLE

```
ICK006E DEFINE OUTPUT DEVICE, REPLY
      'DDDD, CUU' OR 'CONSOLE'
```

ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:

console

CONSOLE

```
ICKDSF - SA/XA/ESA DEVICE SUPPORT FACILITIES
```

```
nn.n TIME:hh:mm:ss mm/dd/yy PAGE 1
```

ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:

Press the **Reset** key to unlock the keyboard.

Depending on how your console is defined, you may not have to clear your screen.

This message tells you that the Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF) is loaded and ready.

17. Allocate the 510SPL and 510PAG DASD. Issue the following commands.

cpvolume alloc unit(dasdaddr) novfy type (SPOL, 200, size)

Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)

dasdaddr is the address of the spool DASD (510SPL) recorded on your Installation Worksheet.

size is the number of cylinders. The values are **3338** for a 3390 Model 3 and **10016** for a 3390 Model 9.

```
⋮  
ICK003D REPLY U TO ALTER VOLUME dasdaddr CONTENTS,  
      ELSE T  
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:  
u  
⋮  
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:  
cpvolume alloc unit(dasdaddr) novfy type (PAGE, 0, size)
```

dasdaddr is the address of the PAGE DASD (510PAG) recorded on your Installation Worksheet

size is the number of cylinders. The values are **3338** for a 3390 Model 3 and **10016** for a 3390 Model 9.

- 18.** If you selected to install on a 3390 Model 3, skip this substep.
If you selected to install on a 3390 Model 9, allocate the 510RES DASD to increase the allocation to the end of the volume.

```
cpvolume alloc unit(dasdaddr) novfy  
⋮  
ICK003D REPLY U TO ALTER VOLUME dasdaddr CONTENTS,  
      ELSE T  
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:  
u  
⋮  
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```


Step 2. IPL the z/VM IIS

In this step, you will:

- Bring up the z/VM Initial Installation System first-level.

1. Bring up the z/VM, Version 5 Release 1 system from the DASD device you just restored it to; that is, IPL the real address of 510RES noted on your Installation Worksheet. Follow the **hardware IPL** procedure for your processor. You **must** specify the address of your system console (ccuu) on the Load Parameter field on the hardware system console. If you are using the Integrated 3270 Console, go to Appendix H, “Using an Integrated 3270 Console for Installation,” on page 153, substep 6.

Note: Refer to the proper hardware operation manuals for help.

2. The stand alone program loader panel is displayed on the VM operator console you specified in substep 1.

```

STAND ALONE PROGRAM LOADER: z/VM VERSION 5 RELEASE 1.0

DEVICE NUMBER:  dasdaddr  MINIDISK OFFSET:  nnnnnnnn  EXTENT:  1
MODULE NAME:    CLOAD    LOAD ORIGIN:      1000

-----IPL PARAMETERS-----
cons=consaddr

-----COMMENTS-----

-----

9= FILELIST  10= LOAD  11= TOGGLE EXTENT/OFFSET

```

Figure 1. Sample Stand Alone Program Loader Panel

3. Move the cursor to the IPL PARAMETERS field and type:

```
cons=consaddr
```

As shown in Figure 1, *consaddr* is the primary system console address. This statement defines the operator console. Spaces are not allowed around the equal sign. If you are using the Integrated 3270 Console, *consaddr*=SYSG.

4. Press **PF10** to load.

PF10

5. The IPL of your z/VM system continues:

IPL the z/VM IIS

```
hh:mm:ss z/VM V5 R1.0
        SERVICE LEVEL nnnn (64-BIT)
```

```
hh:mm:ss SYSTEM NUCLEUS CREATED ON yyyy-mm-dd AT hh:mm:ss,
        LOADED FROM 510RES
```

```
hh:mm:ss *****
```

```
hh:mm:ss * LICENSED MATERIALS - PROPERTY OF IBM* *
```

```
hh:mm:ss * 5741-A05 (C) COPYRIGHT IBM CORP. 1983, *
```

```
hh:mm:ss * 2004. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. *
```

```
hh:mm:ss * US GOVERNMENT USERS RESTRICTED RIGHTS - *
```

```
hh:mm:ss * USE, DUPLICATION OR DISCLOSURE *
```

```
hh:mm:ss * RESTRICTED BY GSA ADP SCHEDULE CONTRACT *
```

```
hh:mm:ss * WITH IBM CORP. *
```

```
hh:mm:ss * *
```

```
hh:mm:ss * * TRADEMARK OF INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS *
```

```
hh:mm:ss * MACHINES *
```

```
hh:mm:ss *****
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPZC06718I Using parm disk 1 on volume 510RES (device xxxx).
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPZC06718I Parm disk resides on cylinders xxx through xxx.
```

```
⋮
```

You may receive an informational message, HCPIISU951I, about volumes not mounted. If you are not using those volume labels, ignore this message.

Attention: If you receive informational message HCPIIS954I, you have duplicate volumes with the same label and must correct this error before continuing. Make a note of the duplicate DASD addresses, enter SHUTDOWN and return to Step 1 substep 8 on page 13.

```
hh:mm:ss Start ((Warm|Force|COLD|CLEAN) (DRain)
        (DIisable) (NODIRect) (NOAUTolog)) or (SHUTDOWN)
```

cold drain noautolog

Because there is no data or accounting information to recover, use **cold drain** to request a cold start. Use **noautolog** at this point because you do not need the servers and all user IDs logged on.

6. If it has not been set before, set the TOD (time-of-day) clock using standard operating procedures. Consult *z/VM: System Operation* for those procedures.

```
NOW hh:mm:ss {EST|EDT} weekday yyyy-mm-dd
Change TOD clock (yes|no)
{yes|no}
```

You will see this message only if the TOD clock has been set before. Answer **yes** to reset the TOD clock, **no** to keep the current setting.

Yes Reply System Response

Set date MM/DD/YY

Type in the month, day, and year, separated by slash marks.

Set time HH:MM:SS

Type in the hours, minutes, and seconds, separated by colons.

Press "TOD ENABLE SET" key at designated instant

```
NOW hh:mm:ss {EST|EDT} weekday mm/dd/yy
```

```
Change TOD clock (Yes|No)
```

no

If you are using a multiprocessor, you may receive a message here concerning the clocks of the different images of the processor. If you do, see *z/VM: System Operation* for information about resetting the clocks.

7. CP logs on the primary system operator (user ID OPERATOR).

```
hh:mm:ss The directory on volume 510RES at address nnnn
        has been brought online.
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files available      {nnnn|NONE}
```

Note: Depending on the type of spool files available, you may receive the following prompt:

Spool Files Prompt

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files on offline volumes      {nnnn|NONE}
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files with I/O errors        {nnnn|NONE}
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files with control errors    {nnnn|NONE}
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files to be discarded        {nnnn|NONE}
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Total files to be deleted          nnnn
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A Spool files will be deleted because of
                    COLD start.
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A No files have been deleted yet.

hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A To continue COLD start and delete files,
                    enter GO.
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A To stop COLD start without deleting
                    files, enter STOP.
```

go

Here the system gives you an opportunity to stop the cold start and save your spool files. You do not need to save any spool files at this time; answer **go**.

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2512I Spooling initialization is complete.
hh:mm:ss DASD nnnn dump unit CP IPL pages nnnn
hh:mm:ss HCPAAU2700I System gateway ZVMV5R10 identified.
hh:mm:ss z/VM Version 5 Release 1.0, Service Level 0000 (64-bit),
hh:mm:ss built on IBM Virtualization Technology
hh:mm:ss There is no logmsg data
hh:mm:ss FILES: NO RDR, NO PRT, NO PUN
hh:mm:ss LOGON AT hh:mm:ss EDT DAY mm/dd/yy
hh:mm:ss GRAF nnnn LOGON AS OPERATOR USERS = n
hh:mm:ss HCPIOP952I nnnnM system storage
hh:mm:ss FILES: nnnnnnnn RDR, nnnnnnnn PRT, NO PUN
hh:mm:ss HCPCRC8082I Accounting records are accumulated for userid DISKACNT
```

8. Disconnect from the OPERATOR user ID.

disconnect

```
DISCONNECT AT hh:mm:ss {EST|EDT} weekday mm/dd/yy
```

Press enter or clear key to continue

ENTER

IPL the z/VM IIS

9. Log on to the MAINT user ID.

ENTER

The default password for MAINT is MAINT.

logon maint

```
z/VM Version 5 Release 1.0, Service Level 0000 (64-bit),  
built on IBM Virtualization Technology  
There is no logmsg data  
FILES: NO RDR, NO PRT, NO PUN  
LOGON AT hh:mm:ss EDT DAY mm/dd/yy  
DMSIND2015W Unable to access the Y-disk. Filemode Y (19E)not accessed  
z/VM V5.1.0   yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
```

ENTER

```
DMSACP113S B(5E5) not attached or invalid device address  
DMSACP113S D(51D) not attached or invalid device address  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

Message DMSACP113S is not a problem at this time.

Step 3. Run the INSTPLAN EXEC

In this step, you will:

- Run INSTPLAN.

1. Run INSTPLAN.

instplan 3390

```

*** z/VM INSTALLATION PLANNING ***

Mark the product(s) selected to be installed into the VMSYS filepool with an
"F" and those selected to be installed to minidisks with an "M"

Install To  Product      Install To  Product      Install To  Product
-----
M           VM           M           RSCS         M           TCPIP
M           OSA         M           ICKDSF       M           DIRM
M           RACF         M           PERFTK       M           VMHCD

Place a nonblank character in front of the System Default Language you would
like for your system.

_ AMENG      _ UCENG      _ KANJI      _ GERMAN

Place a nonblank character in front of the DASD model onto which your
z/VM system will be loaded. Only one model may be selected.

_ 3390 Mod 3   _ 3390 Mod 9

PF1 = HELP   PF3/PF12 = QUIT   PF5 = Process   ENTER = Refresh

```

- Refer to the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8) and enter:
 - “M” in the **Install to** column for each product you selected to be installed onto minidisks.
 - “F” in the **Install to** column for each product you selected to be installed into the VMSYS file pool.
- Place a non-blank character next to the System Default Language you selected for your system (see the Installation Worksheet, Table 1 on page 8).
- Place a non-blank character in front of the DASD model that matches the **DASD Model** in the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8).
- After filling in the **Install To** column and selecting the system default language and the DASD model to be used for installation, press **PF5** to complete the planning step.

Note: The output you see may be different depending on your planning choices.

Run the INSTPLAN EXEC

```
HCPIPX8475I THE PRODUCTS YOU SELECTED TO LOAD TO MINIDISK ARE:  
VM RSCS TCPIP OSA ICKDSF  
DIRM RACF PERFTK VMHCD
```

```
THE PRODUCTS YOU SELECTED TO LOAD TO SFS ARE:  
NONE
```

```
THE SYSTEM DEFAULT LANGUAGE SELECTED:  
AMENG
```

```
THE DASD TYPE YOU SELECTED TO LOAD ON IS:  
3390 model
```

```
THE DASD NEEDED TO LOAD z/VM ARE:  
510RES...510SPL 510PAG
```

```
HCPIP8391I INSTPLAN EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

2. Choose the addresses of your tape drives.

If you are installing from CD-ROM, you need at least one CD-ROM drive.

If you are installing from 3590 tape, you need a tape drive for one volume.

If you are installing from 3480 or 3490 tape, you need tape drives for 14 volumes.

Notes:

- a. If you use a unique tape or CD-ROM drive for each volume, or use a tape stacker in automatic mode, the tapes will be loaded without interruption. If you must use one tape drive for multiple volumes, you will be prompted by the INSTALL EXEC when a tape or CD volume needs to be changed.

3. AWSMOUNT the CD-ROM

- If you are installing from CD-ROM and you are:
 - Installing from a PS2 with OMA/2, refer to the *Optical Media Attach/2 User's Guide* and the *Optical Media Attach/2 Technical Reference*.
 - Installing from a 2074 Console Support Controller capable of reading Optical Media Attach format, refer to the AWSOMA.DOC in the Service Element directories.

What to Do Next

Go to Chapter 4, "Load the System DDR," on page 37.

Chapter 3. Second-Level Installation Method

In this chapter, you will:

Use step-by-step procedures to install the z/VM System DDR from a VM system.

Step 1. Load the Installation Tools from the z/VM System DDR

In this step, you will

- Log on to a first-level user ID
- Attach tape or CD-ROM drives
- Mount the z/VM System DDR tapes or CDs on the tape or CD-ROM drives
- Load the installation tools.

1. Before you begin, fill out the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8) in Chapter 1, “Plan Your Installation.”
2. From your current operating system, log on to a first-level user ID with privilege classes B through G and 64MB virtual storage, which you will use to install z/VM, Version 5 Release 1. It is a good idea **not** to grant your user ID **privilege class A authority**, so that you cannot accidentally shutdown the first-level system.
3. Verify that you have a 191 disk accessed (**it must be 191**) as A and it has at least 2 cylinders of available space. The installation tools will be loaded to the A disk. The A-disk must be the 191 disk of the userid from which you are installing. The files on this disk are accessed by installation execs after the IIS you are restoring is IPLed.

access 191 a

Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

4. Choose the addresses of your tape or CD-ROM drives.

If you are installing from CD-ROM, you need at least one CD-ROM drive.

If you are installing from 3590 tape, you need a tape drive for one volume.

If you are installing from 3480 or 3490 tape, you need tape drives for 14 volumes.

Notes:

- a. If you use a unique tape or CD-ROM drive for each volume, or use a tape stacker in automatic mode, the tapes will be loaded without interruption. If you must use one drive for multiple volumes, you will be prompted by the INSTALL EXEC when a tape or CD volume needs to be changed.
- b. To display all available tape drives on your system, enter:

query tape free

5. AWSMOUNT the CDRM.

- If you are installing from CD-ROM and you are:
 - Installing from a PS2 with OMA/2, refer to the *Optical Media Attach/2 User's Guide* and the *Optical Media Attach/2 Technical Reference*.
 - Installing from a 2074 Console Support Controller capable of reading Optical Media Attach format, refer to the AWSOMA.DOC in the Service Element directories.

6. Attach the tape or CD-ROM drives.

Enter the following ATTACH command for each tape drive needed. Volume 1 must be mounted on 181.


```
attach tapeaddr * 18x  
TAPE tapeaddr ATTACHED TO userID 181  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

tapeaddr is the address of the tape/CD-ROM drive(s) where the z/VM System DDR tapes will be mounted. *18x* is the virtual address where the tape or CD-ROM drives are attached. Start with 181 and continue with 182, 183, and so on. *userID* is the first-level user ID logged on to in substep 2 on page 26.

7. Mount the z/VM System DDR tapes or CDs on the tape or CD-ROM drives. Volume 1 must be mounted on the tape drive attached as address 181.
8. Load the installation tools from volume 1 of the z/VM System DDR to your work disk.

```
rew 181  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss  
vmfplc2 fsf 4  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss  
vmfplc2 load * * a  
Loading ...  
:  
End-of-file or end-of-tape  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss  
  
rew 181  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

Run the INSTPLAN EXEC

Step 2. Run the INSTPLAN EXEC

In this step, you will:

- Run INSTPLAN.

1. Run INSTPLAN.

instplan 3390

```
*** z/VM INSTALLATION PLANNING ***

Mark the product(s) selected to be installed into the VMSYS filepool with an
"F" and those selected to be installed to minidisks with an "M"

Install To  Product      Install To  Product      Install To  Product
-----
M           VM           M           RSCS          M           TCPIP
M           OSA          M           ICKDSF        M           DIRM
M           RACF          M           PERFTK        M           VMHCD

Place a nonblank character in front of the System Default Language you would
like for your system.

_ AMENG      _ UCENG      _ KANJI      _ GERMAN

Place a nonblank character in front of the DASD model onto which your
z/VM system will be loaded. Only one model may be selected.

_ 3390 Mod 3   _ 3390 Mod 9

PF1 = HELP   PF3/PF12 = QUIT  PF5 = Process  ENTER = Refresh
```

Figure 2. Installation Planning Panel

- Refer to the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8) and enter:
 - “M” in the **Install to** column for each product you selected to be installed onto minidisks.
 - “F” in the **Install to** column for each product you selected to be installed into the VMSYS file pool.
- Place a non-blank character next to the System Default Language you selected for your system (see the Installation Worksheet, Table 1 on page 8).
- Place a nonblank character in front of the DASD model that matches the **DASD Model** in the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8).
- After filling in the **Install to** column, selecting the system default language, and the DASD model to be used for installation, press **PF5** to complete the planning step.

Note: The output you see may be different due to your planning choices.

Run the INSTPLAN EXEC

HCPIPX8475I THE PRODUCTS YOU SELECTED TO LOAD TO MINIDISK ARE:
VM RSCS TCPIP OSA ICKDSF
DIRM RACF PERFTK VMHCD

THE PRODUCTS YOU SELECTED TO LOAD TO SFS ARE:
NONE

THE SYSTEM DEFAULT LANGUAGE SELECTED:
AMENG

THE DASD TYPE YOU SELECTED TO LOAD ON IS:
3390 *model*

THE DASD NEEDED TO LOAD z/VM ARE:
510RES...510SPL 510PAG

HCPINP8391I INSTPLAN EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY
Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)

Step 3. Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)

In this step, you will:

- Format the DASD
- Load down the Initial Installation System (IIS) from the z/VM System DDR.

1. Refer to the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8). Attach all the DASD listed in the worksheet that are not already attached. Enter the following ATTACH command for each DASD:

```
attach dasdaddr *
DASD dasdaddr ATTACHED TO userID dasdaddr
  ⋮
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

dasdaddr is the address of the DASD.
userID is the first-level user ID logged on to previously.

Attention: Issue the QUERY DASD ATTACH * command to make sure that any DASD with the same labels that you are using for installation are **not** already attached. You must detach any other DASD with these labels **now** to prevent bringing them online.

2. Run INSTIIS to format and label your installation DASD and to restore the IIS.

instiis

```
*** IIS INSTALLATION DASD FORMAT/RESTORE ***

DASD      DASD      VIRTUAL TAPE      DO NOT
LABEL     ADDRESS    ADDRESS           FORMAT DASD
-----
510RES    _____    _____        _____
510W01    _____
510W02    _____
510SPL    _____
510PAG    _____

PF1 = HELP   PF3/PF12 = QUIT   PF5 = PROCESS   ENTER = REFRESH
```

Figure 3. Installation DASD Format and Restore Panel (3390 Model Layout)

- a. Fill in the DASD addresses using the information from the Installation Worksheet (Table 1 on page 8). For detailed information, press **PF1** for HELP.
- b. Fill in the tape address (181) where volume 1 is mounted.
- c. Place a non-blank character in the **DO NOT FORMAT DASD** column only if you have already formatted your DASD for installation, in which case the DASD will be labeled, but not formatted.
- d. Press **PF5** to process.

```
HCPIIX8381I CHECKING TAPE VOLUME NUMBER FOR DRIVE 181
```

Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)

HCPIIX8377R YOU HAVE SELECTED TO FORMAT THE FOLLOWING DASD:

HCPIIX8483R YOU HAVE SELECTED NOT TO FORMAT YOUR DASD.
THIS ASSUMES YOU HAVE ALREADY FORMATTED THE
DASD AND THIS EXEC WILL ONLY RELABEL AS
FOLLOWS

Depending on whether you chose to format your
DASD, you will receive either message
HCPIIX8377R or HCPIIX8483R.

510RES *dasdaddr1*
510W01 *dasdaddr2*
510W02 *dasdaddr3*
510SPL *dasdaddr*
510PAG *dasdaddr*

DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE ? (Y|N)

y

HCPIIX8490I NOW FORMATTING LABELING DASD *dasdaddr1*
HCPIIX8490I NOW FORMATTING LABELING DASD *dasdaddr2*
HCPIIX8490I NOW FORMATTING LABELING DASD *dasdaddr3*
:
:
HCPIIX8380I RESTORING IIS TO 510RES and 510SPL

RESTORING 510RES

DATA DUMPED *mm/dd/yy* AT *hh.mm.ss* GMT FROM 510RES RESTORED TO 510RES
INPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS OUTPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS
 START STOP START STOP
00000000 00000475 00000000 00000475
END OF RESTORE
 BYTES RESTORED *nnnnnnnnnn*

HCPDDR725D SOURCE DASD DEVICE WAS (IS)
LARGER THAN OUTPUT DEVICE

You may receive this message due to the DASD
model you are using.

RESTORING 510SPL

DATA DUMPED *mm/dd/yy* AT *hh.mm.ss* GMT FROM 510SPL RESTORED TO 510SPL
INPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS OUTPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS
 START STOP START STOP
00000000 00000199 00000000 00000199
END OF RESTORE
 BYTES RESTORED *nnnnnnnnnn*

END OF JOB

HCPIIX8490I NOW ALLOCATING DASD *dasdaddr* (RES PACK)
HCPIIX8490I NOW ALLOCATING DASD *dasdaddr* (SPOOLING)
HCPIIX8490I NOW ALLOCATING DASD *dasdaddr* (PAGING)
HCPINI8392I INSTIIS EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY
Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

3. If you are installing from CD-ROM or 3590, skip this substep and go to "Step 4. IPL the z/VM IIS" on page 32.

If you are installing from 3480 or 3490 tape, continue with this substep. You are finished using volume 1 of the z/VM System DDR. Unload the tape from the drive.

tape run

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

Step 4. IPL the z/VM IIS

In this step, you will:

- Bring up the Initial Installation System

When you IPL second-level note the following:

- Contention for service by the devices on shared control units may result in this substep taking longer than it would when you are installing a first-level system.

1. Enter the following commands to clear your virtual machine and make sure the z/VM system will recognize your terminal as a 3277, 3278, or 3279:

system clear

Storage cleared - system reset.

Reset and clear your virtual machine storage.

terminal conmode 3270

2. Determine the amount of your virtual storage. If it is less than 64MB, define your storage to 64MB.

query virtual storage

STORAGE = *nnnn*M

Run the DEFINE command **only** if you have less than 64M of storage.

define storage 64m

STORAGE = 64M

Storage cleared - system reset

3. Set virtual machine mode to XA.

set machine xa

SYSTEM RESET

SYSTEM = XA

Setting the virtual machine to XA architecture causes a reset as if you entered SYSTEM CLEAR. If your machine is already in XA mode, you will not get a response.

4. Query the console to determine the virtual console address (*consaddr*). This address is required in the next substep.

query console

```
CONS consaddr ON LDEV nnnn TERM START
      consaddr CL T NOCONT NOHOLD COPY 001 READY FORM STDN
      consaddr TO userid dev DIST nnnn FLASHC 000 DEST OFF
      consaddr FLASH CHAR MDFY 0 FCB LPP OFF
      consaddr 3270 NOEOF OPEN nnnn NOKEEP NOMSG NONAME
      consaddr SUBCHANNEL = nnnn
```

consaddr is the address of your virtual console.

5. IPL the IIS you loaded to the system residence device (510RES).

ipl *dasdaddr* clear loadparm *consaddr*

Clear is necessary. Do not omit it.

dasdaddr is the address of the system residence device (510RES).

consaddr is the address of your virtual console.

The stand alone program loader panel displays after issuing the IPL command.

```

STAND ALONE PROGRAM LOADER: z/VM VERSION 5 RELEASE 1.0
DEVICE NUMBER:  dasdaddr  MINIDISK OFFSET:  nnnnnnnn  EXTENT:  1
MODULE NAME:    CPLOAD    LOAD ORIGIN:      1000
-----IPL PARAMETERS-----
cons=consaddr
-----COMMENTS-----
-----

9= FILELIST  10= LOAD  11= TOGGLE EXTENT/OFFSET

```

Figure 4. Sample Stand Alone Program Loader Panel

6. Move the cursor to the IPL PARAMETERS field and type

cons=consaddr

As shown in Figure 4, *consaddr* is the primary system console address. This statement defines the operator console. Spaces are not allowed around the equal sign.

7. Press **PF10** to load.

PF10

8. The IPL of your z/VM system continues:

```

hh:mm:ss z/VM V5 R1.0
        SERVICE LEVEL nnnn (64-BIT)

hh:mm:ss SYSTEM NUCLEUS CREATED ON yyyy-mm-dd AT hh:mm:ss,
        LOADED FROM 510RES
hh:mm:ss *****
hh:mm:ss * LICENSED MATERIALS - PROPERTY OF IBM* *
hh:mm:ss * 5741-A05 (C) COPYRIGHT IBM CORP. 1983, *
hh:mm:ss * 2004. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. *
hh:mm:ss * US GOVERNMENT USERS RESTRICTED RIGHTS - *
hh:mm:ss * USE, DUPLICATION OR DISCLOSURE *
hh:mm:ss * RESTRICTED BY GSA ADP SCHEDULE CONTRACT *
hh:mm:ss * WITH IBM CORP. *
hh:mm:ss * *
hh:mm:ss * * TRADEMARK OF INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS *
hh:mm:ss * * MACHINES *
hh:mm:ss *****
hh:mm:ss HCPZC06718I Using parm disk 1 on volume 510RES (device xxxx).
hh:mm:ss HCPZC06718I Parm disk resides on cylinders xxx through xxx.

```

IPL the z/VM IIS

:

You may receive an informational message, HCPISU951I, about volumes not mounted. If you are not using those volume labels, ignore this message.

Attention: If you receive informational message HCPIIS954I, you have duplicate volumes with the same label. You must return to the first-level CP environment (enter SHUTDOWN at the next prompt) and detach the duplicate volumes. Then go back to substep 1 on page 32.

```
hh:mm:ss Start ((Warm|Force|COLD|CLEAN) (DRain)
              (DISable) (NODIRect) (NOAUTolog)) or (SHUTDOWN)
```

cold drain noautolog

Because there is no data or accounting information to recover, use **cold drain** to request a cold start. Use **noautolog** at this point because you cannot have the servers and all user IDs logged on.

```
NOW hh:mm:ss {EST|EDT} weekday yyyy-mm-dd
Change TOD clock (yes|no)
```

no

9. CP logs on the primary system operator (user ID OPERATOR).

```
hh:mm:ss The directory on volume 510RES at address nnnn
         has been brought online.
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files available   nnnn
```

Note: Depending on the type of spool files available, you may receive the following prompt:

Spool Files Prompt

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files on offline volumes   {nnnn|NONE}
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files with I/O errors     {nnnn|NONE}
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files with control errors {nnnn|NONE}
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files to be discarded     {nnnn|NONE}
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Total files to be deleted       -----
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I                               nnnn
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A Spool files will be deleted because of
                   COLD start.
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A No files have been deleted yet.

hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A To continue COLD start and delete files,
                   enter GO.
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A To stop COLD start without deleting
                   files, enter STOP.
```

go

Here the system gives you an opportunity to stop the cold start and save your spool files. You do not need to save any spool files at this time; answer **go**.


```

hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2512I Spooling initialization is complete.
hh:mm:ss DASD nnnn dump unit CP IPL pages nnnn
hh:mm:ss HCPAAU2700I System gateway ZVMV5R10 identified.
hh:mm:ss z/VM Version 5 Release 1.0, Service Level 0000 (64-bit),
hh:mm:ss built on IBM Virtualization Technology
hh:mm:ss There is no logmsg data
hh:mm:ss FILES: NO RDR, NO PRT, NO PUN
hh:mm:ss LOGON AT hh:mm:ss EDT DAY mm/dd/yy
hh:mm:ss GRAF nnnn LOGON AS OPERATOR USERS = n
hh:mm:ss HCPIOP952I nnnnM system storage
hh:mm:ss FILES: nnnnnnnn RDR, nnnnnnnn PRT, NO PUN
hh:mm:ss HCPCRC8082I Accounting records are accumulating for userid DISKACNT

```

10. Disconnect from the OPERATOR user ID.

disconnect

```
DISCONNECT AT hh:mm:ss {EST|EDT} weekday mm/dd/yy
```

Press enter or clear key to continue

ENTER

11. Log on to the MAINT user ID.

ENTER

The default password for MAINT is MAINT.

logon maint

```

z/VM Version 5 Release 1.0, Service Level 0000 (64-bit),
built on IBM Virtualization Technology
There is no logmsg data
FILES: nnnn RDR, NO PRT, NO PUN
LOGON AT hh:mm:ss EDT DAY yyyy-mm-dd
DMSIND2015W Unable to access the Y-disk, file mode Y(19E) not accessed
z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm

```

ENTER

```

DMSACP112S B(5E5) not attached or invalid device address
DMSACP112S D(51D) not attached or invalid device address

```

Message DMSACP112S is not a problem at this time.

Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

What to Do Next

Go to Chapter 4, "Load the System DDR," on page 37.

IPL the z/VM IIS

Chapter 4. Load the System DDR

In this chapter, you will:

- Use INSTVM to load your new system
- Use SERVICE and PUT2PROD to install RSU service
- Configure TCP/IP (optional)
- Load new CPLOAD module
- Back up system to tape.

Step 1. Run INSTVM EXEC

In this step, you will:

- Run INSTVM to build the directory for your system and load the items from the z/VM System DDR.

Note: Running the INSTVM EXEC requires a full screen terminal with at least 20 lines.

1. If the tape or CD-ROM drives are not already attached, attach the drives where the z/VM System DDR tapes/CDs are mounted. Repeat this substep for each tape drive needed.

```
attach tapeaddr * vtapeaddr
TAPE tapeaddr ATTACHED TO MAINT vtapeaddr
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

- tapeaddr*
- First level install: the real address of the tape drive.
 - Second level install: the 18x virtual address where the tape drive was attached to your first level userid.

vtapeaddr is the virtual address where the tape drive will be attached. *vtapeaddr* must be attached at virtual addresses within the following ranges: 180 to 187 or 288 to 28F.

2. If the tapes or CDs are not already mounted, mount the z/VM System DDR tapes or CDs on the drives. If you are using 3480 or 3490 tapes, do not mount volume 1.
3. If installing from CD-ROM:
 - a. Mount volume 1 on the CD drive.
 - b. Enter the AWSCFG command from the OS/2[®] command line, press Enter and **PF2** to display the configuration panel. Make a note of the INDEX (nn) and the path name (x:\pname) that is associated with the CD-ROM drive you are using. You will need this information in substep 6 on page 39 when changing CD volumes.

AWSCFG

Example of 2074 response

INDEX	DEVICE	LPAR#	PORT	CU	UA	MGR	PARAMETERS
nn	3422	5	A1	0	70	3	x:\pname*.TDF
nn	3422	5	A1	0	71	3	x:\pname*.TDF

4. Run INSTVM to install the z/VM System DDRs.

If you are installing from CDROM, enter:

```
instvm cd
```

If installing from 3590 tape, enter:

```
instvm 3590
```

Otherwise, enter:

```
instvm
```

DASD 0199 DETACHED

The minidisks with the END option specified in this directory will not be included in the following DISKMAP file.

File USER DISKMAP A has been created.
 CPRELEASE request for disk A scheduled.
 HCPZAC6730I CPRELEASE request for disk A completed.
 HCPIND8392I INSTDIR EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY
 HCPZAC6730I CPRELEASE request for disk B completed.
 z/VM USER DIRECTORY CREATION PROGRAM - VERSION 5 RELEASE 1.0
 EOJ DIRECTORY UPDATED AND ON LINE
 HCPZAC6732I CPACCESS request for MAINT's 0CF1 in mode A completed.
 HCPZAC6732I CPACCESS request for MAINT's 0CF2 in mode B completed.
 HCPDOL8391I DIRONLIN EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY

The LOAD DEVICE MENU panel displays after issuing the INSTVM command.

LOAD DEVICE MENU		
MEDIA SELECTED IS: <i>media</i>		
MOUNT	VOLUME	VADDR
	2	_____
	3	_____
	4	_____
	5	_____
	6	_____
	7	_____
	8	_____
	9	_____
	10	_____
	11	_____
	12	_____
	13	_____
	14	_____
PF1 = HELP	PF3 = QUIT	PF5 = LOAD

5. Complete the LOAD DEVICE MENU panel.

- Check the **MEDIA SELECTED IS:** field. This is a required field that will contain either TAPE, 3590, or CD depending on the parameter used to call the INSTVM exec. If the *media* specified is not correct, press **PF3** to quit and run the INSTVM exec with the correct parameter.
- This panel shows you which volumes you need based on the media from which you are loading. Type in the drive addresses where each volume of the z/VM System DDR is mounted. Each volume must have an associated drive. If you use one drive or tape stacker for multiple volumes, you must enter that drive address next to each volume for which it will be used.

Note: If you use a unique drive for each volume, or use a tape stacker in automatic mode, the volumes will be loaded without interruption. If you must use one drive for multiple volumes, you will be prompted when a tape or CD needs to be changed.

6. Press **PF5** to load.

PF5

The load starts with the following system messages:

```
HCPWIN8388I  CHECKING STATUS OF DRIVES
HCPWIN8381I  CHECKING TAPE VOLUME NUMBER FOR DRIVE vaddr
```

You will receive this message for each tape drive you are using. The screen will clear after these messages are displayed.

Run INSTVM EXEC

HCPWIN8428I TOTAL PERCENT LOADED -> nn%

HCPWIN8380I RESTORING MINIDISK *nnn* TO *valid* *valid* is the volume identifier.
HCPDDR725D SOURCE DASD DEVICE WAS (IS) LARGER THAN OUTPUT DEVICE
RESTORING *valid*
DATA DUMPED *mm/dd/yy* AT *hh.mm.ss* GMT FROM *valid* RESTORED TO SCRATCH
INPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS OUTPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS
 START STOP START STOP
 nnnnnnnn *nnnnnnnn* *nnnnnnnn* *nnnnnnnn*

END OF RESTORE
 BYTES RESTORED *nnnnnnnn*
END OF JOB

Tape/CD prompt

⋮

HCPWIN8433I INSTALL PROCESSING CONTINUES

You receive this message when the next tape or CD is being loaded. For CDs, this message may be displayed for five minutes or more.

HCPWIN8372R PLEASE MOUNT VOLUME *n* ON TAPE DRIVE
vaddr THEN PRESS ENTER TO CONTINUE

If you are installing from tape and receive this message:

- Mount the required tape volume.
- Press enter.

If you are installing from CDROM and receive this message:

- Mount the required volume on the CD drive.
- Issue the mount command on your OS/2 command line.

AWSMOUNT 0nn x:\pname\UAAxxx.tdf /R /O

where nn is the index number you recorded in substep 3 on page 38

x:\pname is the path name you recorded in substep 3 on page 38

UAAxxx is:

- UAA940 for volume 1
- UAA941 for volume 2
- UAA942 for volume 3
- UAA943 for volume 4

Installation processing continues.

HCPWIN8381I CHECKING TAPE VOLUME NUMBER FOR DRIVE
vaddr

HCPPLD8392I POSTLOAD EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY

DMSACC724I 2CC replaces C (2CC)

AUTO LOGON *** VMSERVU USERS = *n*

HCPCLS6056I XAUTOLOG information for VMSERVU: The IPL command is verified by the IPL command processor.

```

VMSERVU : z/VM V5.1.0   yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
VMSERVU : DMSACP723I B (193) R/O
VMSERVU : DMSWV1117I FILESERV processing begun at hh:mm:ss on dd month yyyy
VMSERVU : DMSWV1121I VMSEVRU DMSPARMS A1 will be used for FILESERV processing
VMSERVU : DMSWV1121I VMSYSU POOLDEF A1 will be used for FILESERV processing
VMSERVU : DMS5BB3045I Ready for operator communications

AUTO LOGON ***          VMSEVR  USERS = n
HCPCLS6056I XAUTOLOG information for VMSEVR: The IPL command is verified by the IPL
command processor.
VMSEVR  : z/VM V5.1.0   yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
VMSEVR  : DMSACP723I B (193) R/O
VMSEVR  : DMSWV1117I FILESERV processing begun at hh:mm:ss on dd month yyyy
VMSEVR  : DMSWV1121I VMSEVR  DMSPARMS A1 will be used for FILESERV processing
VMSEVR  : DMSWV1121I VMSYSR POOLDEF A1 will be used for FILESERV processing
VMSEVR  : DMS6LG3335I CRR log recovery begins at mm-dd-yy hh:mm:ss
VMSEVR  : DMS6LG3335I CRR log recovery completes at mm-dd-yy hh:mm:ss
VMSEVR  : DMS5BB3045I Ready for operator communications

```

Extra messages received if all products were loaded to minidisks

```

DASD 0804 DETACHED
AUTO LOGON ***          VMSEVR  USERS = n
HCPCLS6056I XAUTOLOG information for VMSEVR: The IPL command is verified
by the IPL command processor.
VMSEVR  : z/VM V5.1.0   yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
VMSEVR  : DMSACP723I B (193) R/O
VMSEVR  : DMSWV1117I FILESERV
processing begun at hh:mm:ss on dd month yyyy
VMSEVR  : DMSWV1121I VMSEVR  DMSPARMS A1 will be used for FILESERV
processing
VMSEVR  : DMS4PD3400I Initializing begins for DDNAME = CONTROL
VMSEVR  : DMS4PD3400I Initializing ends for DDNAME = CONTROL
VMSEVR  : DMS4PD3400I Initializing begins for DDNAME = MDK00001
VMSEVR  : DMS4PD3400I Initializing ends for DDNAME = MDK00001
VMSEVR  : DMS4PD3400I Initializing begins for DDNAME = MDK00002
VMSEVR  : DMS4PD3400I Initializing ends for DDNAME = MDK00002
VMSEVR  : DMS4PD3400I Initializing begins for DDNAME = LOG1
VMSEVR  : DMS4PD3400I Initializing ends for DDNAME = LOG1
VMSEVR  : DMS4PD3400I Initializing begins for DDNAME = LOG2
VMSEVR  : DMS4PD3400I Initializing ends for DDNAME = LOG2
VMSEVR  : DMS5FD3032I File pool server has terminated
VMSEVR  : DMSWV1120I File VMSYS POOLDEF A1 created or replaced
VMSEVR  : DMSWV1117I FILESERV processing ended at hh:mm:ss on dd month yyyy
RDR FILE nnnn SENT FROM VMSEVR  PUN WAS 0001 RECS 0004 CPY 001 A NOHOLD
NOKEEP
VMSEVR  : File FILESERV VALID A3 sent to MAINT at ZVMV5R10 on
mm/dd/yy hh:mm:ss
VMSEVR  : Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

HCPQCS150A User VMSEVR  has issued a VM read
DSC LOGOFF AS VMSEVR  USERS = 2   FORCED BY MAINT
DASD 0804 DETACHED

```

```

AUTO LOGON ***          VMSEVR  USERS = n
HCPCLS6056I XAUTOLOG information for VMSEVR: The IPL command is verified by
the IPL command processor.
VMSEVR  : z/VM V5.1.0   yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
VMSEVR  : DMSACP723I B (193) R/O
VMSEVR  : DMSWV1117I FILESERV processing begun at hh:mm:ss on dd month yyyy
VMSEVR  : DMSWV1121I VMSEVR  DMSPARMS A1 will be used for FILESERV processing
VMSEVR  : DMSWV1121I VMSYS POOLDEF A1 will be used for FILESERV processing
VMSEVR  : DMS5BB3045I Ready for operator communications
RC=0 from EXEC OPENVM UNMOUNT /   You may not get this message

```

Run INSTVM EXEC

```
HCPIFP8392I INSTPOOL EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY  
HCPIVM8392I INSTVM EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

Step 2. Run SERVICE EXEC

In this step, you will:

- Run SERVICE to load the service files from the Recommended Service Upgrade (RSU) tapes or CD.

1. Log on to the MAINT user ID if you are not already logged on.

ENTER

The default password for MAINT is MAINT.

logon maint

⋮

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

2. Attach the tape or CD-ROM drive used for the RSU to MAINT as 181.

attach tapeaddr * 181

TAPE *tapeaddr* ATTACHED TO MAINT 181

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

3. Mount the RSU on your tape or CD-ROM drive. If you are using an automated tape library (ATL), you must use a separate tape drive for each volume.

If the RSU has multiple volumes:

- If using tape, either:
 - Stack all the RSU volumes on 181, **or**
 - Attach another tape drive as 182, another as 183, and so on, and then mount one volume on each tape drive.
- If using CD-ROM, there are multiple tape images on the CD-ROM and you must mount the next tape image when prompted.

4. IPL CMS.

ipl cms

z/VM V5.1.0 *yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm*

ENTER

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

5. Run SERVICE. If the RSU is only one volume or if you are using only one tape or CD-ROM drive (defined as 181) or if all the RSU volumes are stacked on the 181 tape drive, enter:

service

VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing started

⋮

VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing completed successfully

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

Otherwise, enter:

service all tapeaddr1 tapeaddr2 . . .

VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing started

⋮

VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing completed successfully

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

Run SERVICE EXEC

6. View the SERVICE messages log (VMFVIEW SERVICE) and handle any non-zero return code, if necessary. Base your action on the following table:

If you received . . .	Then . . .
Return code 4	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="568 304 1421 399">1. Issue VMFVIEW SERVICE. You can ignore any warning messages in the Note below in this table. Take appropriate action based on other warning messages you receive.<li data-bbox="568 399 1421 441">2. Go to “Step 3. Run PUT2PROD EXEC” on page 45.
A return code greater than 4	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li data-bbox="568 451 1421 493">1. Issue VMFVIEW SERVICE and check for warning and error messages.<li data-bbox="568 493 1421 556">2. You can ignore any warning messages in the Note below in this table. Take appropriate action based on other warning messages you receive.<li data-bbox="568 556 1421 598">3. Correct all errors reported in the error messages.<li data-bbox="568 598 1421 661">4. Restart by issuing the SERVICE command as displayed in the message VMFSRV2310W.<li data-bbox="568 661 1421 703">5. If you get a non-zero return code, repeat substep 6.<li data-bbox="568 703 1421 737">6. Go to “Step 3. Run PUT2PROD EXEC” on page 45.

Note: You can ignore the following messages and their associated VMF1966W message:

- DMSLI0201W The following names are undefined: ISPLINK ARIPRDI
- DMSLI0201W The following names are undefined: DMSDSCSC
- DMSLI0202W Duplicate identifier messages associated with object IOACMAIN MODULE.
- DMSLK0004W Warning messages issued messages associated with objects ILBONBL, ILBONTR, ILBOREC, ILBORNT, ILBOSND, ILBOSNT, and ILBOSSN.
- VMFSRV1221W The Stand Alone Dump Utility must be rebuilt. (This message may be ignored at this time.)

7. Use the VMFUPDAT SYSMEMO command to review any memos that were received with this service.

Step 3. Run PUT2PROD EXEC

In this step, you will:

- Run PUT2PROD to place the product into production.

1. Log on to the MAINT user ID if you are not already logged on.

```

ENTER logon maint
:
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

```

The default password for MAINT is MAINT.

2. IPL CMS.

```

ipl cms
z/VM V5.1.0   yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
ENTER
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

```

3. Run PUT2PROD.

```

put2prod
VMFP2P2760I PUT2PROD processing started
:
VMFP2P2760I PUT2PROD processing completed successfully
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

```

4. Handle a non-zero return code. Base your action on the following table:

If you received . . .	Then . . .
Return code 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Issue VMFVIEW PUT2PROD. You can ignore any warning messages in the Note below in this table. Take appropriate action based on other warning messages you receive.
A return code greater than 4	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Issue VMFVIEW PUT2PROD and check for warning and error messages. 2. You can ignore any warning messages in the Note below in this table. Take appropriate action based on other warning messages you receive. 3. Correct all errors reported in the error messages. 4. Issue ipl cms 5. Issue PUT2PROD. 6. If you get a non-zero return code, repeat substep 4.

Note: You can ignore the following:

- DMSDCS1083E Saved segment \$\$DMY\$\$ does not exist
 - DMSWLG292W Text data will be loaded at '20000'x in user area; user data may be overwritten.
-

Step 4. Shutdown and Re-IPL Your System

In this step, you will:

- Shutdown your z/VM, Version 5 Release 1 system
- Re-IPL your z/VM, Version 5 Release 1 system using the new CP nucleus.

1. Shutdown and re-IPL the z/VM, Version 5 Release 1 system.

shutdown reipl

```
SYSTEM SHUTDOWN STARTED  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

This message is displayed on all enabled consoles.

First-Level Only

The real system console shows disabled PSW wait state.

```
HCPWRP963I STARTING SHUTDOWN STEP . . .  
.  
.  
.  
HCPWRP962I VM SHUTDOWN COMPLETED IN n SEC  
HCPWRP9277I SYSTEM TERMINATION COMPLETE,  
      ATTEMPTING RESTART
```

This will appear on the operator's console.

2. The IPL of your z/VM system continues:

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRP9277I SYSTEM TERMINATION COMPLETE.  
      ATTEMPTING RESTART  
hh:mm:ss z/VM SYSTEM RESTART FROM SHUTDOWN REIPL  
hh:mm:ss z/VM V5 R1.0  
      SERVICE LEVEL nnnn (64-BIT)  
  
hh:mm:ss SYSTEM NUCLEUS CREATED ON yyyy-mm-dd AT hh:mm:ss,  
      LOADED FROM 510RES  
hh:mm:ss *****  
hh:mm:ss * LICENSED MATERIALS - PROPERTY OF IBM* *  
hh:mm:ss * 5741-A05 (C) COPYRIGHT IBM CORP. 1983, *  
hh:mm:ss * 2004. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. *  
hh:mm:ss * US GOVERNMENT USERS RESTRICTED RIGHTS - *  
hh:mm:ss * USE, DUPLICATION OR DISCLOSURE *  
hh:mm:ss * RESTRICTED BY GSA ADP SCHEDULE CONTRACT *  
hh:mm:ss * WITH IBM CORP. *  
hh:mm:ss * *  
hh:mm:ss * * TRADEMARK OF INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS *  
hh:mm:ss * MACHINES *  
hh:mm:ss *****  
hh:mm:ss HCPZC06718I Using parm disk 1 on volume volid (device xxxx).  
hh:mm:ss HCPZC06718I Parm disk resides on cylinders xx through xx.  
      :
```

Attention: If you receive informational message HCPIIS954I, you have duplicate DASD with the same label and must correct this error before continuing.

```
hh:mm:ss The directory on volume 510RES at address nnnn  
      has been brought online.  
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I  
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files available {nnnn|none}
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2512I Spooling initialization is complete.  
:
```

```
hh:mm:ss FILES:   nnn RDR,   nnn PRT,   nnn PUN  
hh:mm:ss LOGON AT hh:mm:ss {EST|EDT} weekday mm/dd/yy  
:
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPIOP952I nnnnM system storage  
hh:mm:ss FILES: nnnnnnn RDR, nnnnnnn PRT, NO PUN
```

This message tells you the amount of storage available.

The FILES message here refers to operator spool files.

CP automatically disconnects from the primary system operator (user ID OPERATOR).

```
hh:mm:ss HCPUS0967I Disconnect OPERATOR - system  
restarted SHUTDOWN and system console  
not VM operator console
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPCRC8082I Accounting records are accumulating for userid DISKACNT
```

```
hh:mm:ss DISCONNECT AT hh:mm:ss {EST|EDT} weekday mm/dd/yy
```

```
hh:mm:ss Press enter or clear key to continue
```

ENTER

Press enter or clear key to continue.

3. Log on to the MAINT user ID.

```
logon maint
```

```
:  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

The password for MAINT is MAINT.

What to do next

If you want to configure a basic IP network connection at this time, go on to “Step 5. Configure TCP/IP for an Initial Network Connection” on page 48. Otherwise, go to “Step 6. Back Up the Named Saved Systems and Segments” on page 52.

Step 5. Configure TCP/IP for an Initial Network Connection

You can optionally configure TCP/IP after you have completed your z/VM installation. The TCP/IP configuration created in this step provides only a basic IP network connection for your z/VM host. In addition, this configuration is suitable for installations that employ only static (as opposed to dynamic) network routes.

If you choose to configure a basic IP network connection for your z/VM host at this time, continue with this step. Otherwise, go to “Step 6. Back Up the Named Saved Systems and Segments” on page 52.

For details about any DTCIPW messages you may receive while running IPWIZARD, refer to *z/VM: TCP/IP Messages and Codes*.

To establish a TCP/IP configuration that provides more comprehensive TCP/IP services, after you have completed your z/VM installation, see *z/VM: TCP/IP Planning and Customization*.

If you are going to use the Getting Started with Linux on zSeries book to set up your Linux images, skip this step and go to “Step 6. Back Up the Named Saved Systems and Segments” on page 52.

In this step, you will:

- Configure TCP/IP.

1. Gather the information from the TCP/IP Configuration Worksheet (Table 2 on page 9).
2. Access minidisk 193.

```
access 193 e
```

```
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

3. Run IPWIZARD.

```
ipwizard
```

```
*** z/VM TCP/IP Configuration Wizard ***

The items that follow describe your z/VM host.

User ID of VM TCP/IP stack virtual machine: TCPIP__

Host name: _____
Domain name: _____

Gateway IP address: _____

DNS IP Addresses:
1) _____
2) _____
3) _____

:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF8 = Continue ENTER = Refresh
```

4. Using the information you gathered in the TCP/IP Configuration Worksheet (Table 2 on page 9), fill in the panel and press **PF8** to continue.
5. Depending on whether you selected IPv4 or IPv6 addresses, fill in one of the following panels and press **PF8** to continue.

Note: IPv6 is supported only for QDIO ethernet interfaces.

For **IPv4** interfaces:

```

*** General Interface Configuration Panel ***

Interface name: _____ Device Number: ____

IP Address: _____
Subnet mask: _____

Interface Type (select one):

    __QDIO          __LCS          __HiperSockets
    __CLAW          __CTC

:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF7 = Backward PF8 = Continue ENTER = Refresh
    
```

For **IPv6** interfaces:

```

*** General Interface Configuration Panel ***

Note: IPv6 is only supported for QDIO Ethernet devices

Interface name: _____ Device Number: ____

IP Address: _____
Prefix Length: ____

:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF7 = Backward PF8 = Continue ENTER = Refresh
    
```

- Depending on which interface type you selected, fill in one of the following panels, then press **PF5** to process.

For the **QDIO** interface with **IPv6**:

```

*** QDIO Interface Configuration Panel ***

Port name (optional): _____

Router type (Select one):
    __Primary __Secondary __None

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size: _____

Send Router Advertisements (Select One): __On __Off

:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = Process PF7 = Backward ENTER = Refresh
    
```

For the **QDIO** interface with **IPv4**:

```

*** QDIO Interface Configuration Panel ***

Network type (Select one):
    __Ethernet __Token Ring

Port name (optional): _____

Router type (Select one):
    __Primary __Secondary __None

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size: _____

:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = Process PF7 = Backward ENTER = Refresh
    
```

For the **LCS** interface:

Configure TCP/IP

```
*** LCS Interface Configuration Panel ***

Network type (Select one):
__Ethernet __Token Ring __FDDI

Port/Adapter number:  __

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size:  _____
:
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = Process PF7 = Backward ENTER = Refresh
```

For the HiperSockets interface:

```
*** HiperSockets Interface Configuration Panel ***

Maximum Frame Size (MFS):  __ K
:
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = Process PF7 = Backward ENTER = Refresh
```

For the CLAW interface:

```
*** CLAW Interface Configuration Panel ***

The items that follow must match values configured on the CLAW device.

CLAW host name:  _____
CLAW adapter name:  _____

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size:  _____
:
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = Process PF7 = Backward ENTER = Refresh
```

For the CTC interface:

The write channel device numbers from which you can choose, *devnum1* and *devnum2*, automatically display in the CTC Interface Configuration Panel. *devnum1* is the device number specified on the General Interface Configuration panel. *devnum2* is the device number specified on the General Interface Configuration panel + 1.

```
*** CTC Interface Configuration Panel ***

Write Channel Device Number (Select one):
__ 03E0 __ 03E1

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size:  _____

Peer IP Address:  _____
:
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = Process PF7 = Backward ENTER = Refresh
```

7. The IPWIZARD displays the following and asks if you want to create new configuration files.

```
DTCIPW2508I DTCIPWIZ EXEC is attempting to create the necessary
DTCIPW2508I configuration files
Existing TCP/IP configuration files have been located. Do you want to continue
and create new configuration files? (Copies of existing files will be created
with a file type of the form: $xxxBAK)
Enter 0 (No), 1 (Yes)
```

8. The IPWIZARD displays the following and asks if you want to restart TCPIP and continue processing.


```
DTCIPW2508I DTCIPWIZ EXEC is attempting to create the necessary
DTCIPW2508I configuration files
The TCP/IP stack (TCPIP) must be restarted as part of this procedure. Would
you like to restart TCPIP and continue?
Enter 0 (No), 1 (Yes)
```

Step 6. Back Up the Named Saved Systems and Segments

In this step, you will:

- Back up all the named saved systems and segments, including CMS, on tape.

1. Follow the First-Level or Second-Level steps that follow to attach a tape drive.

First-Level Only

- a. Attach a tape drive to MAINT.

Second-Level Only

- a. Attach the tape drive to the first-level system.
- b. Attach the tape drive to MAINT on a second-level system.

2. Mount a scratch tape in write mode.

3. Spool the console.

```
spool console * start
```

4. Enter the SPXTAPE command to dump the named saved systems and segments to tape.

```
spxtape dump devno sdf all run
```

```
SPXTAPE DUMP INITIATED ON VDEV devno
```

Substitute the address of the tape drive for the value *devno*. *devno* is the address you used to define the device. The operand RUN specifies that the SPXTAPE rewinds and unloads the tape after the operation.

```
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

```
DUMPING devno :      nnn FILES, PAGES      nnnn nn% COMPLETE
```

```
⋮
```

```
DUMPING devno :      nnn FILES, PAGES      nnnn nn% COMPLETE
```

```
RDR FILE fileno1 SENT FROM MAINT CON WAS fileno1 RECS nnnn CPY 001 T NOHOLD NOKEEP
```

```
SPXTAPE DUMP COMMAND COMPLETED ON VDEV devno
```

```
TIME STARTED:      hh:mm:ss
```

```
TIME ENDED:        hh:mm:ss
```

```
TAPE COUNT:        nnn
```

```
FILES PROCESSED:   nnn
```

```
SPOOL PAGES:       nnnn
```

The messages from SPXTAPE tell you that the files are being dumped to tape.

```
RDR FILE fileno2 SENT FROM MAINT CON WAS fileno2 RECS nnnn CPY 001 T NOHOLD NOKEEP
```

fileno1 is the file number of the volume log file. The volume log file records information about the files processed by the SPXTAPE DUMP command that are associated with a particular tape volume.

fileno2 is the file number of the command summary log file. The command summary log file records the progress and status of the SPXTAPE DUMP operation.

5. Store the tape for emergency use. If it is ever necessary, you can use this tape and the SPXTAPE command to restore the CMS system data file. For more information about the SPXTAPE command, see the *z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference*. For information on how to restore this tape to your system, see Appendix F, “Restore Your Named Saved Systems and Segments from Tape,” on page 147.

Step 7. Store a Backup Copy of the z/VM System on Tape

In this step, you will:

- Load the DDRXA utility to tape
- Use DDRXA to store a backup copy of the z/VM system on tape.

Attention: You must back up **all** your installation volumes in order to back up the z/VM system. You may wish to check your Installation Worksheet. This example requires a full pack minidisk be defined in the CP directory, USER DIRECT, for each volume you are dumping to tape.

1. Mount a scratch tape in write mode.
2. Attach the tape drive to MAINT at virtual device address 181.

```
attach devno * 181
TAPE      0181 ATTACHED
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

The ATTACH command attaches the device (*devno*) to MAINT's virtual machine at virtual device address 181.

3. Access the 193 minidisk in read/write mode.

```
access 193 z
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

4. Load the DDRXA utility to tape.

```
utility utiltape ddrxa
Rewind complete
HCPWUT8317I MOVING IPL DDRXA TO TAPE
HCPWUT8318I THE IPL DDRXA PROGRAM IS
                ON TAPE FILE NUMBER 1
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

5. Rewind the scratch tape on virtual device number 181.

```
rewind 181
Rewind complete
```

6. IPL the tape and answer the prompts from DDRXA. For information about DDRXA, see the *z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference* and *z/VM: System Operation*.

```
ipl 181 clear

z/VM DASD DUMP/RESTORE PROGRAM
ENTER CARD READER ADDRESS OR CONTROL STATEMENTS
ENTER:
sysprint cons
ENTER:
```

Clear is necessary. Do not omit it.

Wait a few moments for DDRXA to prompt you. If a prompt does not appear, press the **Enter** key.

This first control statement tells DDRXA that you want program messages sent to your console.

Store a Backup Copy of the z/VM System on Tape

input *devno dasd valid*

ENTER:

The second control statement is the input control statement.

devno is the full pack minidisk address of the volume you are backing up. You must back up **all** your installation volumes.

The fullpack minidisk addresses for the default DASD are 122 (510SPL), 123 (510RES), 124 (510W01), 125 (510W02),

By typing the word **dasd**, the device type (3390) is automatically identified by the DDRXA program.

valid is the label of this volume, for example 510RES.

output 181 tape (compact)

ENTER:

This control statement specifies the device to which you are dumping the system. You can specify one alternate tape drive for additional tape volumes.

Example: If you had a tape attached to 181 and an alternate tape attached to 182, the OUTPUT control statement would be:

```
output 181 tape 182 (compact
```

By typing the word **tape**, the tape device type is automatically identified by the DDRXA program.

dump all

This control statement dumps the specified volume to the tape.

```
DUMPING valid
DUMPING DATA mm/dd/yy
  AT hh.mm.ss GMT FROM valid
```

These are informational messages that will vary according to your use of device types. GMT means Greenwich Mean Time.

The exact cylinder extents vary according to the device type.

```
INPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS      OUTPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS
  START      STOP           START      STOP
  nnnnnnnn  nnnnnnnn      nnnnnnnn  nnnnnnnn
```

```
  ⋮
END OF DUMP
BYTES IN nnnnnnnnnn BYTES OUT nnnnnnnnnn
TRACKS NOT COMPACTED ON TAPE - nnnnnnnnnn
ENTER:
```

When DDRXA finishes dumping the volume, it prompts you with ENTER.

Note: When DDRXA encounters the end of a tape, and there is more data to dump, the program prompts you to mount the next tape.

- If you are using the same tape drive, mount the next tape and DDRXA continues.
- If you are using an alternate tape drive, DDRXA uses the alternate tape drive, then alternates between the tape drives for additional tapes. That is, if there are more than two tapes, you are prompted for the third tape on the first tape drive, the fourth tape on the second tape drive, and so forth.

7. If you have any more DASD volumes to back up, mount a new tape and repeat the INPUT, OUTPUT, and DUMP ALL statements for each volume.

Store a Backup Copy of the z/VM System on Tape

8. To end the program, press the **Enter** key.

```
ENTER  
END OF JOB
```

9. Re-IPL CMS.

```
#cp ipl cms  
z/VM V5.1.0   yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
```

```
ENTER  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

Press **Enter** to return to the command line.

For information on how to restore your system from tape, see Appendix E, “Restore the z/VM System Backup Copy from Tape,” on page 145.

What to Do Next

Go to Part 3, “Post z/VM System Installation Information,” on page 111.

Part 2. z/VM System Image DVD Installation

Part 2 contains installation procedures for installing z/VM from DVD distribution media. If you are installing z/VM from tape or CD distribution media, use Part 1, “z/VM System DDR Installation,” on page 1.

In this part, you will:

- Choose the appropriate installation method to use based on your system requirements
- Fill in worksheets
- Install the z/VM System image from DVD.

z/VM System image Installation

Chapter 5. Plan Your DVD Installation

In this chapter, you will

- Plan your installation
- Fill in the Installation Worksheet and the TCP/IP configuration worksheet.

Step 1. Understand the Requirements

Before you install z/VM, Version 5 Release 1, you must satisfy the following requirements:

- Be sure that you have the proper processor for your z/VM V5R1 system. For a list of processors supported by z/VM, see *z/VM: General Information*.
- Be sure you have both the Installation DVD and the RSU DVD.
- A local non-SNA 3270 terminal or equivalent, or an Integrated 3270 Console is required for a Second-Level installation of z/VM.
- For a Second Level installation your First Level system must be running z/VM 5.1.0.
- Userid requirements for a second-level installation:
 - Privilege classes B and G
 - Access to MAINT's 2CC (must be 5.1.0 level)
 - 22CC minidisk
 - 5 cylinders (3390)
 - 7200 blocks (fba)
 - 2CF1 minidisk
 - 45 cylinders (3390)
 - 68400 blocks (fba)
- For a First-Level installation you need exclusive access to your processor's Service Element (SE). It is used to load your VM starter system to RAM.
- The integrated 3270 console on the HMC (CONS=SYSG) will be used as the console for a First-Level install.
- If you are planning to migrate from another z/VM system, review the *z/VM: Migration Guide*.
- See the *z/VM Program Directory* and the PSP Bucket for the latest information affecting z/VM.
- Be sure you have a full screen terminal with at least 20 lines.
- First-Level installation requires that 512 MB real storage be assigned to the LPAR where VM will be installed.
- Second-Level installation requires 64 MB of virtual storage for the installation userid on your first level system.

Additional Hardware Requirements

To install z/VM First-Level from DVD, you must have a zSeries system that supports this capability. Installing z/VM from DVD uses a task on your zSeries' Support Element called Load from CDROM or Server. This task allows you to install software on CD or DVD media in a Hardware Management Console's DVD drive or from your own FTP server.

If you wish to use a Hardware Management Console's DVD drive, then the HMC must be communicating with the desired Support Element. Hardware Management Consoles can only communicate with versions of Support Elements that are equal to or lower than themselves. For example, a Hardware Management Console version 1.8.0 can communicate with a Support Element at version 1.7.3, or 1.8.0, but it can not communicate with a Support Element at version 1.8.2.

If you wish to use your own FTP server, then the FTP server you supply must be able to read the z/VM installation DVD(s) and there must be a TCP/IP communication path between the Support Element and the FTP Server for a first-level installation, or between the system you are using to install and the FTP server for a second-level installation.

In addition to having a Hardware Management Console or FTP server that the Support Element can communicate with, your Support Element must also support this capability. The following Support Element versions support z/VM installation from DVD with the appropriate Hardware Management Console or FTP server:

- zSeries 800
Support Element version 1.7.3. Engineering Change (EC) J11213, change level 146 or higher must be active.
- zSeries 890
Support Element version 1.8.2. No Licensed Internal Code changes are required.
- zSeries 900
 - Support Element versions less than 1.7.3 - loading of z/VM from DVD is not possible
 - Support Element version 1.7.3. Engineering Change (EC) J11213, change level 146 or higher must be active.
- zSeries 990
 - Support Element version 1.8.0. Engineering Change (EC) J12560, change level 054 or higher must be active
 - Support Element version 1.8.2. No Licensed Internal Code changes are required.

Choose Your Installation Method

Step 2. Choose Your Installation Method

Choose your installation method based on the following:

If . . .	Then use the . . .
A 5.1.0 VM system is not running in the processor or LPAR on which you are installing z/VM, Version 5 Release 1	First-Level DVD Installation Method
You are installing in a virtual machine on an existing 5.1.0 VM system.	Second-Level DVD Installation Method

Attention: These are DVD installation procedures. Your media deliverable should say "z/VM DVD Product Package". If your media label says "z/VM Product Package 3390 System DDR," you are using a CD instead of a DVD. If you are using a CD, follow the procedure in Part 1, "z/VM System DDR Installation," on page 1.

Step 3. Choose the Document to Use for Installation

There are two sets of instructions for using either installation method:

- *z/VM: Summary for Automated Installation and Service (DVD Installation)* contains only the commands needed to install z/VM.

The one-page installation and service summary is packaged with the *z/VM: Guide for Automated Installation and Service*. To use the one-page summary you need to be familiar with using the HMC and SE. If installing to SCSI disk (FBA) you also need to be familiar with defining and using SCSI disks.

- *z/VM: Guide for Automated Installation and Service* (this guide) contains the commands needed to install z/VM, in addition to descriptions of the parameters used and messages received.

If you are using the procedure described in *z/VM: Summary for Automated Installation and Service (DVD Installation)*, leave this document and use the one-page document. Otherwise, continue to the next step.

Step 4. Complete the Installation and Basic IP Connectivity Worksheets

1. Record the installation method you selected to use to install z/VM in the Installation Worksheet (Table 8 on page 66). Your choices are First-Level DVD or Second-Level DVD.
2. Determine which products you will load into the VMSYS file pool and which products you will load to minidisks only. Each product on the z/VM System DDR allows VMSYS file pool directories to be used in place of some minidisks. Record your choices in the Installation Worksheet (Table 8 on page 66).
3. Select your system default language and record your choice in the Installation Worksheet (Table 8 on page 66). The choices are:
 - Mixed Case English (AMENG)
 - Uppercase English (UCENG)
 - German (GERMAN)
 - Kanji (KANJI)
4. Select the DASD type and model you will use to install, and record the DASD information in the Installation Worksheet (Table 8 on page 66).
 - If you are using the SCSI (FBA) DVD, the DASD model and type are FBA.
 - If you are using the 3390 DVD, select 3390 Model 3 or 3390 Model 9.

For performance reasons, IBM recommends using emulated 3390 Model 9s instead of real 3390 Model 9s.
5. For 510RES, 510W01, and 510W02: Select the DASD required to install and record the addresses in the Installation Worksheet (Table 8 on page 66).
 - a. If you choose 3390 Mod 9:
 - You need one 3390 Mod 9 DASD (10017 cylinders) for the 510RES volume.

If you choose 3390 Mod 3:

 - If you selected to install all products to SFS you need two 3390 Mod 3 DASD (3339 cylinders).
 - If you selected to install any products to Minidisk, you need three 3390 Mod 3 DASD (3339 cylinders)

If you choose FBA:

 - If you selected to install all products to either SFS or all products to minidisk:
 - You need two 3.5 GB SCSI disks (6835960 blocks each)
 - If you selected to install some products to SFS and some products to minidisk:
 - If you select to load more than 275000 blocks to SFS, you need two 3.5 GB SCSI disks (6835960 blocks each)
 - If you select to load less than 275000 blocks to SFS you will need a third SCSI disk (510W02)

Item	Blocks to SFS
VM	2129960
VMHCD	473760
TCPIP	448480
OSA	381600
PERFTK	332640
RACF	306720
DIRM	161280

Complete the Installation and Basic IP Connectivity Worksheets

Item	Blocks to SFS
RSCS	113760
ICKSDF	86400

- b. Record the DASD addresses for each DASD in the Installation Worksheet (Table 8 on page 66) under the **Addr** column. Record your first address in the row with the label “510RES” and continue recording addresses corresponding to the labels. If you need fewer than all the DASD labels in the table, disregard the extra labels. For FBA also record the address selected, the World Wide Port Name (WWPN) and the LUN address for the 510RES and 510W01 (and 510W02 if required) in Table 9 on page 66.
6. For 510SPL and 510PAG: Select two DASD addresses, one for SPOOL space and one for PAGE space. These two DASD can be any model. If you are using a 3390, a 3390 Model 3 (3339 cylinders) is suggested. If you are using the FBA, 1-gigabyte (GB) SCSI disks (1953152 blocks each) are suggested. Record the real addresses of these DASD in the Installation Worksheet in the rows for SPOOL and PAGE. For FBA also record the address selected, the World Wide Port Name and the LUN address for the 510SPL and 510PAG in Table 9 on page 66.
7. If, after you install z/VM, you want to establish a minimal TCP/IP configuration that establishes basic connectivity to your IP network, fill in the IP worksheets beginning with Table 10 on page 67.
8. Proceed according to the installation method you chose:

If you chose the . . .	Then go to . . .
First-Level DVD Installation Method	Chapter 6, “First-Level DVD Installation Method,” on page 69
Second-Level Installation Method	Chapter 7, “Second-Level DVD Installation Setup,” on page 75

Complete the Installation and Basic IP Connectivity Worksheets

Table 8. Installation Worksheet

Installation method (First-Level or Second-Level): _____					
Below, in the Install to column, record an “M” if you will load the product to a minidisk, or an “F” if you will load the product to the VMSYS file pool.					
Install to	Product	Install to	Product	Install to	Product
	VM		RSCS		TCPIP
	OSA		ICKDSF		DIRM
	RACF		PERFTK		VMHCD
System Default Language: _____					
DASD Type and Model: _____					
Label			Addr		
510RES					
510W01					
510W02					
SPOOL	510SPL	Address: _____			
PAGE	510PAG	Address: _____			

Note: After completing the worksheet, be sure to return to the next substep on page 64.

Table 9. SCSI Device Definition Worksheet

DASD	edevic address	fcv address	WWPN	LUN
510RES				
510W01				
510W02				
510SPL				
510PAG				

Note: After completing the worksheet, be sure to return to the next substep on page 64.

Complete the Installation and Basic IP Connectivity Worksheets

After you have completed your z/VM installation, you can optionally create a minimal TCP/IP configuration that establishes basic connectivity to your IP network. If you choose to perform this configuration, you must gather the following information from your network system administrator and record the information in the TCP/IP Configuration Worksheet (Table 10) and the appropriate interface worksheet. In these worksheets, a number in parentheses following a field description, for example Host name (20), is the maximum length for that field.

Table 10. TCP/IP Configuration Worksheet

User ID of the VM TCP/IP stack virtual machine (8): (Initially displays the value TCP/IP)	
Host name (20):	
Domain name (40):	
DNS IP address (three choices) (39):	1) _____ 2) _____ 3) _____
Gateway IP address (39):	
Interface name (16):	
Device number (4):	
IP address (39):	
Subnet mask (IPv4) (15) or Prefix Length (IPv6) (3):	
Choose the interface you will be using (check one):	<input type="checkbox"/> QDIO <input type="checkbox"/> LCS <input type="checkbox"/> HiperSockets™ <input type="checkbox"/> CLAW <input type="checkbox"/> CTC Refer to the appropriate interface worksheet to record more information. IPv6 is only available for QDIO devices.

Table 11. QDIO Interface Worksheet

Network type (select one):	<input type="checkbox"/> Ethernet <input type="checkbox"/> Token Ring IPv6 is not available for Token Ring adaptors.
Port name (8):	
Router type (select one):	<input type="checkbox"/> Primary <input type="checkbox"/> Secondary <input type="checkbox"/> None
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size (5):	

Table 12. LCS Interface Worksheet

Network type (select one):	<input type="checkbox"/> Ethernet <input type="checkbox"/> Token Ring <input type="checkbox"/> FDDI
Port/Adapter number (3):	
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size (5):	

Complete the Installation and Basic IP Connectivity Worksheets

Table 13. HiperSockets Interface Worksheet

Maximum Frame Size (MFS): (in kilobytes)	
---	--

Table 14. CLAW Interface Worksheet

CLAW host name (8): (This name must match the value configured on the CLAW device)	
CLAW adapter name (8): (This name must match the value configured on the CLAW device)	
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size (5):	

Table 15. CTC Interface Worksheet

Write Channel Device Number (select one):	<input type="checkbox"/> This choice contains the device number specified on the main z/VM TCP/IP Configuration Wizard panel. <input type="checkbox"/> This choice contains the device number specified on the main z/VM TCP/IP Configuration Wizard panel + 1.
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size (5):	
Peer IP Address (15):	

Note: When you have completed the IP Worksheets, return to substep 8 on page 65.

Chapter 6. First-Level DVD Installation Method

In this chapter, you will:

- Use step-by-step procedures to install the z/VM System Image DVD in a new system environment.

Step 1. Load the RAMDISK from the Processor HMC

In this step, you will:

- Load down the RAM disk from DVD.

Note: Make sure that any DASD with the same labels you are using for installation are **not** attached to your system.

1. Before you begin, fill out the Installation Worksheet (Table 8 on page 66) in Chapter 5, “Plan Your DVD Installation.”
2. On the Hardware Management Console, bring up an Integrated 3270 Console for the LPAR you are using to install.
 - a. From the Hardware Management Console Workplace window, double click on Groups.
 - b. From the GROUPS WORK AREA window, double click on CPC IMAGES.
 - c. From the CPC IMAGES WORK AREA window, highlight the LPAR on which you are going to install.
 - d. From the CPC RECOVERY window, double click on Integrated 3270 console. The Integrated 3270 console window is displayed, which is where the messages are displayed when the system IPLs.
3. On the Hardware Management Console bring up the Primary Support Element (SE) for the LPAR you are using to install.
 - a. From the Hardware Management Console Workplace window, double click on Groups.
 - b. From the GROUPS WORK AREA window, double click on DEFINED CPCs.
 - c. From the DEFINED CPCs WORK AREA window, highlight the processor on which you are going to install.
 - d. From the CPC RECOVERY window, double click on Single Object Operations icon. The Single Operation Task Confirmation Box is displayed. Click Yes when prompted to continue. The Primary Support Element Workplace window is displayed. You now have control of the SE
4. Load the z/VM System DVD in the DVD Drive you will use to install. The DVD can be loaded from the DVD Drive attached to the HMC or from a DVD Drive with an FTP connection to the HMC.
5. On the Primary Support Element (SE) select Load from CD-ROM or Server from the CPC Recovery area of the LPAR use are using to install.
 - a. On the Primary Support Element Workplace window, double click on TASKLIST.
 - b. From the Task List work area, double click on CPC Recovery.
 - c. On the Primary Support Element Workplace window, double click on GROUPS.
 - d. From GROUPS WORK AREA of the Primary Support Element Workplace window, double click on IMAGES. All of the available LPARS are displayed. Highlight the LPAR you are going to use.
 - e. From CPC RECOVERY of the Primary Support Element Workplace window, double click on Load from CD-ROM or Server. Click Yes when the Load from CD-Rom or Server Task confirmation box is displayed.
6. Select one of the following radio buttons from the Load from CD-ROM or Server window:
 - Hardware Management Console CD-ROM
 - Local CD_ROM
 - FTP Source

If you are loading from the DVD Drive attached to the HMC , select the Hardware Management Console CD-ROM radio button.

Load the RAMDISK from the Processor HMC

If you are loading from a DVD Drive with an FTP connection to the HMC, select the FTP Source radio button.

7. Fill in the fields in the Load from CD-Rom or Server window:

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hardware Management Console CD-rom• Local CD-ROM• FTP Source Host Computer _____ User ID _____ password _____ account (can be blank) _____ file location (can be blank) _____

If you selected to load from the Hardware Management Console CD-ROM, fill in file location with /CPDVD

If you selected to load from FTP Source, fill in the above fields with your ftp connection and fill in file location with the ftp path to your DVD drive according to the conventions used by your server, followed by CPDVD.

Click on Continue.

8. Load the RAMDISK:

- a. From the Load from CD-ROM or Server - Select the software to load window, select 510VM.ins, and click on continue.
- b. From the Confirm the action window, click on yes.
- c. The following messages are displayed in the Load from CD-ROM or Server Progress window:
 - + Retrieving code from source
 - + Performing a clear reset
 - + Loading data into system
 - + Load from CD-ROM or server completed successfully

When the completed successfully message is displayed, click OK to close and go to the Integrated 3270 Console window for the LPAR you are using to install

Step 2. IPL of the z/VM RAMDISK

In this step, you will:

- Bring up the RAMDISK system.

1. The RAMDISK IPLs and the system comes up with the userid MAINT logged on. System messages are displayed in the Integrated 3270 Console Window.
2. The IPL of your z/VM system continues:

```
hh:mm:ss z/VM V5 R1.0
        SERVICE LEVEL nnnn (64-BIT)

hh:mm:ss SYSTEM NUCLEUS CREATED ON yyyy-mm-dd AT hh:mm:ss,
        LOADED FROM $RAMD$
hh:mm:ss *****
hh:mm:ss * LICENSED MATERIALS - PROPERTY OF IBM* *
hh:mm:ss * 5741-A05 (C) COPYRIGHT IBM CORP. 1983, *
hh:mm:ss * 2004. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. *
hh:mm:ss * US GOVERNMENT USERS RESTRICTED RIGHTS - *
hh:mm:ss * USE, DUPLICATION OR DISCLOSURE *
hh:mm:ss * RESTRICTED BY GSA ADP SCHEDULE CONTRACT *
hh:mm:ss * WITH IBM CORP. *
hh:mm:ss * *
hh:mm:ss * * TRADEMARK OF INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS *
hh:mm:ss * * MACHINES *
hh:mm:ss *****
hh:mm:ss HCPZC06718I Using parm disk 1 on volume $RAMD$ (device xxxx).
hh:mm:ss HCPZC06718I Parm disk resides on blocks xxx through xxx.
```

3. The system logs on the MAINT userid.

```
hh:mm:ss The directory on volume $RAMD$ at address nnnn
        has been brought online.

hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2512I Spooling initialization is complete.
hh:mm:ss No dump unit - Dump function is SET OFF
hh:mm:ss HCPAAU2700I System gateway IBMVMRAM identified.
hh:mm:ss z/VM Version 5 Release 1.0, Service Level 0000 (64-bit),
hh:mm:ss built on IBM Virtualization Technology
hh:mm:ss There is no logmsg data
hh:mm:ss FILES: NO RDR, NO PRT, NO PUN
hh:mm:ss LOGON AT hh:mm:ss EDT DAY mm/dd/yy
hh:mm:ss SYSG LOGON AS MAINT USERS = n
hh:mm:ss HCPIOP952I nnnnM system storage
hh:mm:ss FILES: nnnnnnnn RDR, nnnnnnnn PRT, NO PUN

DMSIND2015W Unable to access the Y-disk. Filemode Y (19E)not accessed
DMSWSP322I The installation saved segment could not be loaded
z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
DMSDCS1083E Saved segment CMSPIPES does not exist
DMSDCS1083E Saved segment CMSPIPES does not exist
DMSDCS1083E Saved segment CMSVMLIB does not exist
HCPCRC8082I Accounting records are accumulating for userid OPERACCT
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

4. Once the system is up with the Userid MAINT logged on, you can log off the Primary Support Element (SE).

From the Primary Support Element Workplace window, left click the upper left corner and select logoff from the drop down list.

5. Continue the install of z/VM from the Integrated 3270 Console Window.

What to Do Next

Go to Chapter 8, "Load the System Image," on page 79.

IPL of the z/VM RAMDISK

Chapter 7. Second-Level DVD Installation Setup

In this chapter, you will:
Set up the userid for installation.

Step 1. Set up the Userid for Installation

In this step, you will

- Log on to a first-level user ID
- Verify this userid has the required resources
- Load the z/VM System DVD in the DVD drive

1. Before you begin, fill out the Installation Worksheet (Table 8 on page 66) in Chapter 5, “Plan Your DVD Installation.”
2. From your current operating system, log on to a first-level user ID with privilege classes B and G and 64MB virtual storage, which you will use to install z/VM, Version 5 Release 1. It is a good idea **not** to grant your user ID **privilege class A authority**, so that you cannot accidentally shutdown the first-level system.
3. Verify that your userid has the following:
 - R/W A-disk
 - Access to MAINT’s 2CC disk
 - 22CC minidisk defined
 - 5 cylinders for 3390
 - 7200 blocks for FBA
 - 2CF1 minidisk defined
 - 45 cylinders 3390
 - 68400 blocks for FBA
4. Access MAINTs 2CC as C.

access 2cc c
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
5. Load the z/VM System DVD in the DVD drive.

Step 2. Run the DVDPRIME EXEC to Define the ftp Connection to Your DVD

In this step, you will:

- Run the DVDPRIME EXEC.

1. Run DVDPRIME.

dvdprime *dasdtype*

where *dasdtype* is either 3390 or FBA

```

*** DVDPRIME PANEL ***

Enter information in empty fields and press PF5 to process.

HOSTNAME OR IP ADDRESS: _____
FTP USERID: _____
FTP PASSWORD: _____
DVD PATHNAME: _____

PF1 = HELP  PF3/PF12 = QUIT  PF5 = Process  ENTER = Refresh

```

Figure 5. Installation Planning Panel

a. HOSTNAME OR IP ADDRESS:

This field should be filled in with the IP ADDRESS or FTP HOSTNAME of your z/VM system. A host name must begin with a letter, and may contain only alphanumeric characters (A-Z,a-z,0-9) or hyphens (-). For example: **MyOrg-VM01**

Specify an IP address in dotted-decimal form for your IP version 4 interface. For example: **129.42.16.99**

b. USERID:

Userid used to log onto the FTP server. Must be 16 or less alphanumeric characters.

c. PASSWORD:

Password used to log onto the FTP server. Must be 16 or less alphanumeric characters.

d. DVD PATHNAME

Enter the path to the DVD drive according to the conventions used by your server with CPDVD appended to the end. For example:

```

mydvd drive/CPDVD
cpdvd
e:/cpdvd

```

e. After filling in the panel, press **PF5** to process.

Run the DVDPRIME EXEC to Define the ftp Connection to Your DVD

```
HCPDVP8440I NOW LOADING 22CC DISK
FBA222* | CKD222*
DMSRXS1408W File TCPIP DATA * not found    You may not get this message
MDREST|ECKDREST: {WROTE} nnnn BLOCKS|TRACKS TO|ON 22CC RC=0
```

```
HCPDVP8440I NOW LOADING 2CF1 DISK
FBACF1* | CKDCF1*
DMSRXS1408W File TCPIP DATA * not found    You may not get this message
PROCESSING fbacf100 | ckdcf100
```

```
.
.
```

```
PROCESSING fbacf10n | ckdcf10n
MDREST|ECKDREST: {WROTE} nnnn BLOCKS|TRACKS TO|ON 2CF1, RC=0
```

```
HCPDVP8392I DVDPRIME EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY
Ready; T=11.94/12.46 10:31:20
```

Chapter 8. Load the System Image

In this chapter, you will:

- Use INSTPLAN to enter your installation plan
- Use INSTDVD to load the System Image and RSU image files
- IPL your new system
- Use INSTVM to finish the install of z/VM
- Use SERVICE and PUT2PROD to install RSU service
- Configure TCP/IP (optional)
- Load new CPLOAD module
- Back up system to tape.

Run the INSTPLAN EXEC

Step 1. Run the INSTPLAN EXEC

In this step, you will:

- Run INSTPLAN.

1. Run INSTPLAN.

`instplan dasdtype`

where *dasdtype* is either 3390 or FBA

```
*** z/VM INSTALLATION PLANNING ***

Mark the product(s) selected to be installed into the VMSYS filepool with an
"F" and those selected to be installed to minidisks with an "M"

Install To  Product      Install To  Product      Install To  Product
-----
M          VM           M          RSCS         M          TCPIP
M          OSA         M          ICKDSF       M          DIRM
M          RACF         M          PERFTK       M          VMHCD

Place a nonblank character in front of the System Default Language you would
like for your system.

_ AMENG      _ UCENG      _ KANJI      _ GERMAN

Place a nonblank character in front of the DASD model onto which your
z/VM system will be loaded. Only one model may be selected.

_ 3390 Mod 3   _ 3390 Mod 9

PF1 = HELP   PF3/PF12 = QUIT   PF5 = Process   ENTER = Refresh
```

Figure 6. Installation Planning Panel

- Refer to the Installation Worksheet (Table 8 on page 66) and enter:
 - An “M” in the **Install to** column for each product you selected to be installed onto minidisks.
 - An “F” in the **Install to** column for each product you selected to be installed into the VMSYS file pool.
- Place a non-blank character next to the System Default Language you selected for your system (see the Installation Worksheet, Table 8 on page 66).
- Place a nonblank character in front of the DASD model that matches the **Device Model** in the Installation Worksheet (Table 8 on page 66). If you are installing to FBA, the DASD model shown is **_ FBA DASD**
- After filling in the **Install to** column, selecting the system default language, and the DASD model to be used for installation, press **PF5** to complete the planning step.

Note: The output you see may be different due to your planning choices.

Run the INSTPLAN EXEC

HCPIPX8475I THE PRODUCTS YOU SELECTED TO LOAD TO MINIDISK ARE:
VM RSCS TCPIP OSA ICKDSF
DIRM RACF PERFTK VMHCD

THE PRODUCTS YOU SELECTED TO LOAD TO SFS ARE:
NONE

THE SYSTEM DEFAULT LANGUAGE SELECTED:
AMENG

THE DASD TYPE YOU SELECTED TO LOAD ON IS:
type

THE DASD NEEDED TO LOAD z/VM ARE:
510RES...510SPL 510PAG

HCPINP8391I INSTPLAN EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY
Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

Step 2. Verify the Volumes Needed for Installation are Available

In this step, you will:

- Attach the volumes needed for installation.

1. If you are installing to SCSI disks (FBA) you need to define and vary on each of the disks (DASD addresses) recorded in the Installation Worksheet using the information recorded in the SCSI device definition worksheet (Table 9 on page 66)

For each DASD

- a. Select a free fcp address and record the fcp address in Table 9 on page 66

If only the channel path id is known, issue the Query CHPID command to display all FCP addresses associated with the path. For example, if the channel path is x66, issue:

q chpid 66

```
Path 66 online to devices 517C 5319 550D 8100 8101 8102 8103 8104
Path 66 online to devices 8105 8106 8107 8108 8109 810A 810B 810C
Path 66 online to devices 810D 810E 810F 8110 8111 8112 8113 8114
Path 66 online to devices 8115 8116 8117 8118 8119 811A 811B 811C
Path 66 online to devices 811D 811E 811F
```

Query FCP free

Choose a device from the Query FCP Free output.

- b. Define the device address:

```
set edevice dasdaddr type fba attr 2105 fcp_dev fcpn WWPN www LUN ///
```

where:

- *dasdaddr* is the edevice address
- *fcpn* is the fcp address
- *www* is the World Wide Port Number
- *///* is the lun address.

- c. Vary on the device:

```
vary on dasdaddr
```

Note: When installing to SCSI disk First Level, INSTDVD updates the SYSTEM CONFIG file to include EDEV statements that define the SCSI disks you used to install.

If you are going to IPL these disks second level the edev statements need to be commented out of the SYSTEM CONFIG file before the IPL.

When installing to SCSI disk Second Level, the EDEV statements are not added to the SYSTEM CONFIG, if you want to IPL the system First Level you must add EDEV statements to the SYSTEM CONFIG file that define the SCSI disks you will be using to IPL.

2. Refer to the Installation Worksheet (Table 8 on page 66). Attach all the DASD listed in the worksheet that are not already attached. Enter the following ATTACH command for each DASD:

Verify the Volumes Needed for Installation are Available

```
attach dasdaddr *  
DASD dasdaddr ATTACHED TO userID dasdaddr  
⋮  
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

dasdaddr is the address of the DASD.
userID is the first-level user ID logged on
to previously.

Step 3. Run the INSTDVD EXEC to load the z/VM System DVD

In this step, you will:

- Run INSTDVD.

1. Run INSTDVD to load the DVD to DASD.

`instdvd`

```

*** z/VM DVD INSTALL FORMAT/RESTORE PANEL ***

DASD          DASD          DO NOT
LABEL         ADDRESS       FORMAT DASD
-----
510RES        _____
510W01        _____
510W02        _____
510SPL        _____
510PAG        _____

PF1 = HELP    PF3/PF12 = QUIT    PF5 = PROCESS    ENTER = REFRESH
    
```

Figure 7. z/VM DVD Install Format and Restore Panel (3390 Model Layout)

- Fill in the DASD addresses using the information from the Installation Worksheet (Table 8 on page 66). For detailed information, press **PF1** for HELP.
- Place a non-blank character in the **DO NOT FORMAT DASD** column only if you have already formatted your DASD for installation, in which case the DASD will be labeled, but not formatted.
- Press **PF5** to process.

HCPIIX8377R YOU HAVE SELECTED TO FORMAT THE FOLLOWING DASD:

HCPIIX8483R YOU HAVE SELECTED NOT TO FORMAT YOUR DASD.
 THIS ASSUMES YOU HAVE ALREADY FORMATTED THE
 DASD AND THIS EXEC WILL ONLY RELABEL AS
 FOLLOWS

Depending on whether you chose to format your DASD, you will receive either message HCPIIX8377R or HCPIIX8483R.

```

510RES dasdaddr1
510W01 dasdaddr2
510W02 dasdaddr3
510SPL dasdaddr
510PAG dasdaddr
    
```

DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE ? (Y|N)

```

y
HCPDCX8490I NOW FORMATTING LABELING DASD dasdaddr1
HCPDCX8490I NOW FORMATTING LABELING DASD dasdaddrn
HCPDCX8380I RESTORING IIS TO 510RES and 510SPL
    
```

Run the INSTDVD EXEC to load the z/VM System DVD

2. If this is a **first-level HMC installation**, the following is displayed:

```
DVDLOAD: LOADING FILE 'FBAIIS00 | CKDIIS00 IMAGE *'
ECKDREST|MDREST: {WROTE} nnnn TRACKS ON|TO addr, RC=0
DVDLOAD: RC=0
DVDLOAD: LOADING FILE 'FBASPL00 | CKDSPL00 IMAGE *'
.
.
.
DVDLOAD: LOADING FILE 'FBASPLnn | CKDSPLnn IMAGE *'
ECKDREST|MDREST: {WROTE} nnnn TRACKS ON|TO addr, RC=0
DVDLOAD: RC=0

HCPPIX8490I NOW ALLOCATING DASD addr (RES PACK)
HCPDCX8490I NOW ALLOCATING DASD addr (SPOOLING)
HCPDCX8490I NOW ALLOCATING DASD addr (PAGING)

The minidisks with the END option specified in this directory will not be included in the following DISKMAP file.

File USER DISKMAP A has been created.
HCPIND8392I INSTDIR EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY
```

Messages received for each minidisk loaded

```
DVDLOAD: LOADING FILE 'FBAcuu00 | CKDcuu00 IMAGE *'
.
.
.
DVDLOAD: LOADING FILE 'FBAcuunn|CKDcuunn IMAGE *'
ECKDREST|MDREST: {WROTE} nnnn TRACKS TO|ON addr, RC=0
DVDLOAD: RC=0
```

If the install fails while processing disks in this box, you can restart INSTDVD by entering INSTDVD (RESTART).

```
HCPPIR8484R PLEASE PLACE THE SYSTEM RSU DVD IN THE DRIVE,
THEN TYPE GO TO CONTINUE OR TYPE EXIT TO
QUIT.
```

go

```
DVDLOAD: LOADING FILE 'FBA500000|CKD50000 IMAGE *'
.
.
.
DVDLOAD: LOADING FILE 'FBA500nn|CKD500nn IMAGE *'
DVDLOAD: RC=0
ECKDREST|MDREST: {WROTE} nnnn TRACKS ON|TO addr, RC=0
```

If the install fails while loading the RSU, enter INSTDVD to retry

```
z/VM USER DIRECTORY CREATION PROGRAM - VERSION 5 RELEASE 1.0
EOJ DIRECTORY UPDATED
HCP6798I VOLUME ID IS 510RES
HCP6797I MINIDISK VOLID AT OFFSET nn IS MNTCF1
hh:mm:ss DASD nnnn ATTACHED TO SYSTEM 510RES BY MAINT
hh:mm:ss DASD nnnn DETACHED SYSTEM BY MAINT
hh:mm:ss DASD nnnn ATTACHED TO MAINT
HCPIDV8376I INSTDVD EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY
Ready;
```

Go to “Step 4. IPL the new z/VM System” on page 88

Run the INSTDVD EXEC to load the z/VM System DVD

3. If this is a **second-level installation**, the following is displayed:

```
FBAIIS* | CKDIIS*
DMSRXS1408W File TCPIP DATA * not found      (You may not get this message)
MDREST|ECKDREST: {WROTE} nnnn BLOCKS|TRACKS TO|ON addr, RC=0
```

```
FBASPL* | CKDSPL*
DMSRXS1408W File TCPIP DATA * not found      (You may not get this message)
PROCESSING fbaspl00|ckdsp100
:
:
PROCESSING fbasplnn|ckdsp1nn
MDREST|ECKDREST: {WROTE} nnnn BLOCKS|TRACKS TO|ON addr, RC=0
```

```
HCPPIX8490I NOW ALLOCATING DASD addr (RES PACK)
HCPDCX8490I NOW ALLOCATING DASD addr (SPOOLING)
HCPDCX8490I NOW ALLOCATING DASD addr (PAGING)
```

The minidisks with the END option specified in this directory will not be included in the following DISKMAP file.

```
File USER DISKMAP A has been created.
HCPIND8392I INSTDIR EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY
```

Messages received for each minidisk loaded

```
FBAcuu* | CKDcuu*
DMSRXS1408W File TCPIP DATA * not found
PROCESSING FBAcuu00|CKDcuu00
.
.
.
.
.
PROCESSING FBAcuunn|CKDcuunn
```

```
MDREST|ECKDREST: {WROTE} nnnn BLOCKS|TRACKS TO|ON addr, RC=0
```

If the install fails while processing disks in this box, you can restart INSTDVD by entering INSTDVD (RESTART).

```
HCPIRU8484R PLEASE PLACE THE SYSTEM RSU DVD IN THE DRIVE,
THEN TYPE GO TO CONTINUE OR TYPE EXIT TO
QUIT.
```

go

```
FBA500* | CKD500*
DMSRXS1408W File TCPIP DATA * not found      If the install fails while loading the RSU, enter
                                                INSTDVD to retry
```

```
MDREST|ECKDREST: {WROTE} nnnn BLOCKS|TRACKS TO|ON addr, RC=0
```

```
z/VM USER DIRECTORY CREATION PROGRAM - VERSION 5 RELEASE 1.0
EOJ DIRECTORY UPDATED
HCP6798I VOLUME ID IS 510RES
HCP6797I MINIDISK VOLID AT OFFSET nnnn IS MNTCF1
```

```
MDDUMP|ECKDDUMP: {READ} nnnn BLOCKS|TRACKS FROM 22CC, RC=0
MDREST|ECKDREST: {WROTE} nnnn BLOCKS|TRACKS TO|ON addr, RC=0
MDDUMP|ECKDDUMP: {READ} nnnn BLOCKS|TRACKS FROM 2CF1, RC=0
MDREST|ECKDREST: {WROTE} nnnn BLOCKS|TRACKS TO|ON addr, RC=0
HCPIDV8392I INSTDVD EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY
Ready; T=0.73/1.01 19:34:04
```

Run the INSTDVD EXEC to load the z/VM System DVD

4. If you are installing first level to 3390 DASD, continue with this substep. Otherwise skip to “Step 4. IPL the new z/VM System” on page 88 . Issue the following commands to format and allocate cylinders 200 through the end of the 510SPL pack.

ICKDSF

```
ICK005E DEFINE INPUT DEVICE,REPLY 'DDDD,CUU 'OR 'CONSOLE '  
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

console

```
CONSOLE  
ICK006E DEFINE OUTPUT DEVICE,REPLY 'DDDD,CUU 'or 'CONSOLE '  
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

console

```
CONSOLE  
ICKDSF -SA/XA/ESA DEVICE SUPPORT FACILITIES nn.n TIME:hh:mm:ss mm/dd/yy  
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

```
cpvolume format unit(dasdaddr) novfy range(200,end)  
mode(esa) nofiller
```

dasdaddr is the address of the spool DASD recorded on your Installation Worksheet.
end is the number of cylinders. The values are 3338 for a 3390 Model 3 and 10016 for a 3390 Model 9.

```
:
```

```
ICK003D REPLY U TO ALTER VOLUME dasdaddr CONTENTS, ELSE T  
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

```
u
```

```
:
```

```
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

```
cpvolume alloc unit(dasdaddr) novfy type(SPOL,200,end)
```

dasdaddr is the address of the spool DASD recorded on your Installation Worksheet.
end is the number of cylinders. The values are 3338 for a 3390 Model 3 and 10016 for a 3390 Model 9.

```
:
```

```
ICK003D REPLY U TO ALTER VOLUME dasdaddr CONTENTS, ELSE T  
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

```
u
```

```
:
```

```
ENTER INPUT/COMMAND:
```

```
end
```

Step 4. IPL the new z/VM System

In this step, you will:

- IPL the new z/VM system

When you IPL second-level note the following:

- Contention for service by the devices on shared control units may result in this substep taking longer than it would when you are installing a first-level system.

1. If you are installing First-Level from the HMC, skip to substep 11 on page 89.
2. If you are installing Second-Level, continue with substep 3.
3. Enter the following commands to clear your virtual machine and make sure the z/VM system will recognize your terminal as a 3277, 3278, or 3279:

system clear

Reset and clear your virtual machine storage.

Storage cleared - system reset.

terminal conmode 3270

Attention: Issue the QUERY DASD ATTACH * command to make sure that any DASD with the same labels that you are using for installation are **not** already attached. You must detach any other DASD with these labels **now** to prevent bringing them online.

4. Determine the amount of your virtual storage. If it is less than 64MB, define your storage to 64MB.

query virtual storage

Run the DEFINE command **only** if you have less than 64M of storage.

STORAGE = *nnnn*M

define storage 64m

STORAGE = 64M

Storage cleared - system reset

5. Set virtual machine mode to XA.

set machine xa

Setting the virtual machine to XA architecture causes a reset as if you entered SYSTEM CLEAR. If your machine is already in XA mode, you will not get a response.

SYSTEM RESET
SYSTEM = XA

6. Query the console to determine the virtual console address (*consaddr*). This address is required in the next substep.

query console

```
CONS consaddr ON LDEV nnnn TERM START
consaddr CL T NOCONT NOHOLD COPY 001 READY FORM STDN
consaddr TO userid dev DIST nnnn FLASHC 000 DEST OFF
consaddr FLASH CHAR MDFY 0 FCB LPP OFF
consaddr 3270 NOEOF OPEN nnnn NOKEEP NOMSG NONAME
consaddr SUBCHANNEL = nnnn
```

where *consaddr* is the address of your virtual console.

7. IPL the new z/VM system you loaded to the system residence device (510RES).

ipl *dasdaddr* **clear** **loadparm** *consaddr*

Clear is necessary. Do not omit it.

dasdaddr is the address of the system residence device (510RES).

consaddr is the address of your virtual console. If you get a CP READ, it is possible the console is not defined correctly. Go back to substep 6 on page 88 to make sure the console is defined as a 3270 and the *consaddr* is correct.

8. The stand alone program loader panel displays after issuing the IPL.

```

STAND ALONE PROGRAM LOADER: z/VM VERSION 5 RELEASE 1.0
DEVICE NUMBER:  dasdaddr  MINIDISK OFFSET:  nnnnnnnn  EXTENT:  1
MODULE NAME:    CLOAD      LOAD ORIGIN:     1000
-----IPL PARAMETERS-----
cons=consaddr
-----COMMENTS-----
-----
9= FILELIST  10= LOAD  11= TOGGLE EXTENT/OFFSET

```

Figure 8. Sample Stand Alone Program Loader Panel

9. Move the cursor to the IPL PARAMETERS field and type

cons=consaddr

As shown in Figure 8, *dasdaddr* is the device address of the 510RES.

consaddr is the address of your console. Spaces are not allowed around the equal sign.

10. Press **PF10** to load.

PF10

Skip to substep 15 on page 91

11. First-level install: IPL the new z/VM system you loaded to the system residence device (510RES)

- a. From the Hardware Management Console Workplace window, double click on Groups.
- b. From the GROUPS WORK AREA window, double click on CPC IMAGES.
- c. From the CPC IMAGES WORK AREA window, highlight the LPAR you are using
- d. From the CPC RECOVERY WINDOW, double click on LOAD
- e. From the LOAD window:
 - If installing to a 3390:
 - 1) Select the NORMAL radio button
 - 2) Fill in load address (the address of the 510RES)
 - 3) Fill in load parameter with SYSG

IPL the new z/VM system

- 4) Click OK.
- If installing on SCSI DASD (FBA):
 - 1) Select the SCSI radio button
 - 2) Fill in Load address with the address of the fcp used to define the 510RES
 - 3) Fill in Load Parameter with **SYSG**
 - 4) Fill in the World Wide port name with the WWPN used to define the 510RES
 - 5) Fill in Logical unit number with the 16 character LUN address of the 510RES
 - 6) Fill in Boot program selector with **0**
 - 7) Fill in Boot record logical block address with the 16 character value of **00000000000000C8**
 - 8) Click OK.

From the LOAD TASK CONFIRMATION window:

- 1) Click YES.
- f. The following messages are displayed in the LOAD PROGRESS window
- ```
+in progress
+completed
```

When the completed message is displayed, click on OK.

12. The stand alone program loader panel displays on the integrated 3270 console after issuing the IPL.

```
STAND ALONE PROGRAM LOADER: z/VM VERSION 5 RELEASE 1.0
DEVICE NUMBER: dasdaddr MINIDISK OFFSET: nnnnnnnn EXTENT: 1
MODULE NAME: CLOAD LOAD ORIGIN: 1000
-----IPL PARAMETERS-----
cons=consaddr pdvol=edevaddr
-----COMMENTS-----

9= FILELIST 10= LOAD 11= TOGGLE EXTENT/OFFSET
```

Figure 9. Sample Stand Alone Program Loader Panel

13. Move the cursor to the IPL PARAMETERS field and type

```
cons=consaddr pdvol=edevaddr
```

As shown in Figure 8 on page 89, *dasdaddr* is the device address of the 510RES for 3390 or the fcp address for the SCSI (FBA).

*consaddr* is SYSG for first-level IPL.

If using a 3390, do not use **pdvol=edevaddr**

*edevaddr* is the device address of the 510RES for SCSI (FBA). .

14. Press **PF10** to load.

**PF10**



## 15. The IPL of your z/VM system continues:

```
hh:mm:ss z/VM V5 R1.0
 SERVICE LEVEL nnnn (64-BIT)
```

```
hh:mm:ss SYSTEM NUCLEUS CREATED ON yyyy-mm-dd AT hh:mm:ss,
 LOADED FROM 510RES
```

```
hh:mm:ss *****
hh:mm:ss * LICENSED MATERIALS - PROPERTY OF IBM* *
hh:mm:ss * 5741-A05 (C) COPYRIGHT IBM CORP. 1983, *
hh:mm:ss * 2004. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. *
hh:mm:ss * US GOVERNMENT USERS RESTRICTED RIGHTS - *
hh:mm:ss * USE, DUPLICATION OR DISCLOSURE *
hh:mm:ss * RESTRICTED BY GSA ADP SCHEDULE CONTRACT *
hh:mm:ss * WITH IBM CORP. *
hh:mm:ss * *
hh:mm:ss * * TRADEMARK OF INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS *
hh:mm:ss * MACHINES *
hh:mm:ss *****
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPZC06718I Using parm disk 1 on volume 510RES (device xxxx).
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPZC06718I Parm disk resides on blocks/cylinders xxx through xxx.
```

```
⋮
```

You may receive an informational message, HCPIISU951I, about volumes not mounted. If you are not using those volume labels, ignore this message.

**Attention:** If you receive informational message HCPIIS954I for your 510RES volume (for example, DASD 5516 VOLID 510RES IS A DUPLICATE OF DASD 5516), you can ignore this message and proceed. For any other occurrence of HCPIIS954I, you have duplicate volumes with the same label. You must return to the first-level CP environment (enter SHUTDOWN at the next prompt) and detach the duplicate volumes. Then go back to substep 1 on page 88.

```
hh:mm:ss Start ((Warm|Force|COLD|CLEAN) (DRain)
 (DIsable) (NODIRect) (NOAUTolog)) or (SHUTDOWN)
```

**cold drain noautolog**

Because there is no data or accounting information to recover, use **cold drain** to request a cold start. Use **noautolog** at this point because you cannot have the servers and all user IDs logged on.

```
NOW hh:mm:ss {EST|EDT} weekday yyyy-mm-dd
Change TOD clock (yes|no)
```

**no**

## 16. CP logs on the primary system operator (user ID OPERATOR).

```
hh:mm:ss The directory on volume 510RES at address nnnn
 has been brought online.
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files available nnnn
```

**Note:** Depending on the type of spool files available, you may receive the following prompt:

## IPL the new z/VM system

### Spool Files Prompt

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files on offline volumes {nnnn|NONE}
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files with I/O errors {nnnn|NONE}
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files with control errors {nnnn|NONE}
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files to be discarded {nnnn|NONE}
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I -----
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Total files to be deleted nnnn
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A Spool files will be deleted because of
 COLD start.
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A No files have been deleted yet.
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A To continue COLD start and delete files,
 enter GO.
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2511A To stop COLD start without deleting
 files, enter STOP.
```

**go**

Here the system gives you an opportunity to stop the cold start and save your spool files. You do not need to save any spool files at this time; answer **go**.

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2512I Spooling initialization is complete.
hh:mm:ss DASD nnnn dump unit CP IPL pages nnnn
hh:mm:ss HCPAAU2700I System gateway ZVMV5R10 identified.
hh:mm:ss z/VM Version 5 Release 1.0, Service Level 0000 (64-bit),
hh:mm:ss built on IBM Virtualization Technology
hh:mm:ss There is no logmsg data
hh:mm:ss FILES: NO RDR, NO PRT, NO PUN
hh:mm:ss LOGON AT hh:mm:ss EDT DAY mm/dd/yy
hh:mm:ss GRAF nnnn LOGON AS OPERATOR USERS = n
hh:mm:ss HCPIOP952I nnnnM system storage
hh:mm:ss FILES: nnnnnnnn RDR, nnnnnnnn PRT, NO PUN
HCPARC8082I Accounting records are accumulating for userid DISKACNT.
```

## 17. Disconnect from the OPERATOR user ID.

### **disconnect**

```
DISCONNECT AT hh:mm:ss {EST|EDT} weekday mm/dd/yy
```

Press enter or clear key to continue

**ENTER**

## 18. Log on to the MAINT user ID.

**ENTER**

The default password for MAINT is MAINT.

### **logon maint**

```
HCPLNM102E 080D DASD force R/O; R/W by operator
HCPLNM102E 080E DASD force R/O; R/O by operator
z/VM Version 5 Release 1.0, Service Level 0000 (64-bit),
built on IBM Virtualization Technology
There is no logmsg data
FILES: nnnn RDR, NO PRT, NO PUN
LOGON AT hh:mm:ss EDT DAY yyyy-mm-dd
```

z/VM V5.1.0    *yyyymm-dd hh:mm*

**ENTER**

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

---

### Step 5. Run INSTVM EXEC

**In this step, you will:**

- Run INSTVM with the DVD option to complete installation tasks.

**Note:** Running the INSTVM EXEC requires a full screen terminal with at least 20 lines.

#### 1. IPL CMS.

**ipl cms**

z/VM V5.1.0    *yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm*

**ENTER**

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

#### 2. Run INSTVM to complete the installation of z/VM from DVD.

Enter:

**instvm DVD**

HCPLD8392I POSTLOAD EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY

```
DMSACC724I 2CC replaces C (2CC)
AUTO LOGON *** VMSERVU USERS = n
HCPCLS6056I XAUTOLOG information for VMSERVU: The IPL command is verified by the IPL
command processor.
VMSERVU : DMSACC714I 19E replaces Y (19E)
VMSERVU : DMSACC714I Y (19E) R/O
VMSERVU : z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
VMSERVU : DMSWSP100W Shared Y-STAT not available
VMSERVU : DMSACP723I B (193) R/O
VMSERVU : DMSWV1117I FILESERV processing begun at hh:mm:ss on dd month yyyy
VMSERVU : DMSWV1121I VMSEVR DMSPARMS A1 will be used for FILESERV processing
VMSERVU : DMSWV1121I VMSYSU POOLDEF A1 will be used for FILESERV processing
VMSERVU : DMS5BB3045I Ready for operator communications
AUTO LOGON *** VMSEVR USERS = n
HCPCLS6056I XAUTOLOG information for VMSEVR: The IPL command is verified by the IPL
command processor.
VMSEVR : DMSACC714I 19E replaces Y (19E)
VMSEVR : DMSACC714I Y (19E) R/O
VMSEVR : z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
VMSEVR : DMSWSP100W Shared Y-STAT not available
VMSEVR : DMSACP723I B (193) R/O
VMSEVR : DMSWV1117I FILESERV processing begun at hh:mm:ss on dd month yyyy
VMSEVR : DMSWV1121I VMSEVR DMSPARMS A1 will be used for FILESERV processing
VMSEVR : DMSWV1121I VMSYSR POOLDEF A1 will be used for FILESERV processing
VMSEVR : DMS6LG3335I CRR log recovery begins at mm-dd-yy hh:mm:ss
VMSEVR : DMS6LG3335I CRR log recovery completes at mm-dd-yy hh:mm:ss
VMSEVR : DMS5BB3045I Ready for operator communications
```

---

**Extra messages received if all products were loaded to minidisks**


---

```

DASD 0804 DETACHED
AUTO LOGON *** VMSEVS USERS = n
HCPCLS6056I XAUTOLOG information for VMSEVS: The IPL command is verified
 by the IPL command processor.
VMSEVS : DMSACC724I 19E replaces Y (19E)
VMSEVS : DMSACP714I Y (19E) R/O
VMSEVS : z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
VMSEVS : DMSWSP100W Shared Y-STAT not available
VMSEVS : DMSACP723I B (193) R/O
VMSEVS : DMSWFV1117I FILESERV processing begun at hh:mm:ss on dd month yyyy
VMSEVS : DMSWFV1121I VMSEVS DMSPARMS A1 will be used for FILESERV
 processing
VMSEVS : DMS4PD3400I Initializing begins for DDNAME = CONTROL
VMSEVS : DMS4PD3400I Initializing ends for DDNAME = CONTROL
VMSEVS : DMS4PD3400I Initializing begins for DDNAME = MDK00001
VMSEVS : DMS4PD3400I Initializing ends for DDNAME = MDK00001
VMSEVS : DMS4PD3400I Initializing begins for DDNAME = MDK00002
VMSEVS : DMS4PD3400I Initializing ends for DDNAME = MDK00002
VMSEVS : DMS4PD3400I Initializing begins for DDNAME = LOG1
VMSEVS : DMS4PD3400I Initializing ends for DDNAME = LOG1
VMSEVS : DMS4PD3400I Initializing begins for DDNAME = LOG2
VMSEVS : DMS4PD3400I Initializing ends for DDNAME = LOG2
VMSEVS : DMS5FD3032I File pool server has terminated
VMSEVS : DMSWFV1120I File VMSYS POOLDEF A1 created or replaced
VMSEVS : DMSWFV1117I FILESERV processing ended at hh:mm:ss on dd month yyyy
RDR FILE nnnn SENT FROM VMSEVS PUN WAS nnnn RECS nnnn CPY 001 A NOHOLD
 NOKEEP
VMSEVS : File FILESERV VALID A3 sent to MAINT at ZVMV5R10 on
 mm/dd/yy hh:mm:ss
VMSEVS : Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

HCPQCS150A User VMSEVS has issued a VM read
USER DSC LOGOFF AS VMSEVS USERS = 2 FORCED BY MAINT
DASD 0804 DETACHED

```

```

AUTO LOGON *** VMSEVS USERS = n
HCPCLS6056I XAUTOLOG information for VMSEVS: The IPL command is verified by
 the IPL command processor.
VMSEVS : DMSACC714I 19E replaces Y (19E)
VMSEVS : DMSACC714I Y (19E) R/O
VMSEVS : z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
VMSEVS : DMSWSP100W Shared Y-STAT not available
VMSEVS : DMSACP723I B (193) R/O
VMSEVS : DMSWFV1117I FILESERV processing begun at hh:mm:ss on dd month yyyy
VMSEVS : DMSWFV1121I VMSEVS DMSPARMS A1 will be used for FILESERV processing
VMSEVS : DMSWFV1121I VMSYS POOLDEF A1 will be used for FILESERV processing
VMSEVS : DMS5BB3045I Ready for operator communications
RC=0 from EXEC OPENVM UNMOUNT / You may not get this message.
HCP1FP8392I INSTPOOL EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY
HCP1VM8392I INSTVM EXEC ENDED SUCCESSFULLY
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

```

## Step 6. Run SERVICE EXEC

**In this step, you will:**

- Load the service files from the Recommended Service Upgrade (RSU) servlink.

1. Log on to the MAINT user ID if you are not already logged on.

**ENTER**

The default password for MAINT is MAINT.

**logon maint**

⋮

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

2. IPL CMS.

**ipl cms**

*z/VM V5.1.0    yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm*

**ENTER**

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

3. Access the disk containing the RSU servlink as (C):

**access 500 C**

DMSACC724I 500 replaces C (2CC)

Ready;

4. Get the filenames of the RSU envelopes on the 500 disk:

```
listfile * servlink c
5101RSU servlink c
510xRSUn servlink c
510xRSUn servlink c
```

5101RSU - is the first 510 RSU available.

510xRSUn

where *x* is the RSU number and *n* is the volume number (if more than one volume)

5. Run SERVICE:

**service all envfn1 envfn2 ...**

VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing started

⋮

VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing completed

successfully

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

If the only file on the 500 disk was 5101RSU SERVLINK, *envfn1* is 5101RSU. If there are other 510xRSUn files on the 500 disk, *envfn1* is the file name for the first envelope 510xRSU1, *envfn2* is the file name for the second envelope 510xRSU2, and so forth.

6. View the SERVICE messages log (VMFVIEW SERVICE) and handle any non-zero return code, if necessary. Base your action on the following table:

**If you received . . .**

**Then . . .**

Return code 4

1. Issue **VMFVIEW SERVICE**. You can ignore any warning messages in the **Note** below in this table. Take appropriate action based on other warning messages you receive.
2. Go to "Step 7. Run PUT2PROD EXEC" on page 98.

| If you received . . .        | Then . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A return code greater than 4 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Issue <b>VMFVIEW SERVICE</b> and check for warning and error messages.</li> <li>2. You can ignore any warning messages in the <b>Note</b> below in this table. Take appropriate action based on other warning messages you receive.</li> <li>3. Correct all errors reported in the error messages.</li> <li>4. Restart by issuing the SERVICE command as displayed in the message VMFSRV2310W.</li> <li>5. If you get a non-zero return code, repeat substep 6.</li> <li>6. Go to “Step 7. Run PUT2PROD EXEC” on page 98.</li> </ol> |

**Note:** You can ignore the following messages and their associated VMF1966W message:

- DMSLI0201W The following names are undefined: ISPLINK ARIPRDI
- DMSLI0201W The following names are undefined: DMSDSCSC
- DMSLI0202W Duplicate identifier messages associated with object IOACMAIN MODULE.
- DMSLK0004W Warning messages issued messages associated with objects ILBONBL, ILBONTR, ILBOREC, ILBORNT, ILBOSND, ILBOSNT, and ILBOSSN.
- VMFSRV1221W The Stand Alone Dump Utility must be rebuilt. (This message may be ignored at this time.)

7. Use the VMFUPDAT SYSMEMO command to review any memos that were received with this service.

## Step 7. Run PUT2PROD EXEC

**In this step, you will:**

- Run PUT2PROD to place the product into production.

1. Log on to the MAINT user ID if you are not already logged on.

```

ENTER logon maint
 :
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

```

The default password for MAINT is MAINT.

2. IPL CMS.

```

ipl cms
z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
ENTER
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

```

3. Run PUT2PROD.

```

put2prod
VMFP2P2760I PUT2PROD processing started
 :
VMFP2P2760I PUT2PROD processing completed successfully
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

```

4. Handle a non-zero return code. Base your action on the following table:

| If you received . . .        | Then . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Return code 4                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Issue <b>VMFVIEW PUT2PROD</b>. You can ignore any warning messages in the <b>Note</b> below in this table. Take appropriate action based on other warning messages you receive.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A return code greater than 4 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Issue <b>VMFVIEW PUT2PROD</b> and check for warning and error messages.</li> <li>2. You can ignore any warning messages in the <b>Note</b> below in this table. Take appropriate action based on other warning messages you receive.</li> <li>3. Correct all errors reported in the error messages.</li> <li>4. Issue <b>ipl cms</b></li> <li>5. Issue <b>PUT2PROD</b>.</li> <li>6. If you get a non-zero return code, repeat substep 4.</li> </ol> |

**Note:** You can ignore the following:

- DMSDCS1083E Saved segment \$\$DMY\$\$ does not exist
- DMSWLG292W Text data will be loaded at '20000'x in user area; user data may be overwritten.



## Step 8. Shutdown and Re-IPL Your System

### In this step, you will:

- Shutdown your z/VM, Version 5 Release 1 system
- Re-IPL your z/VM, Version 5 Release 1 system using the new CP nucleus.

### 1. Shutdown and re-IPL the z/VM, Version 5 Release 1 system.

#### shutdown reipl

```
SYSTEM SHUTDOWN STARTED
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

This message is displayed on all enabled consoles.

### First-Level Only

The real system console shows disabled PSW wait state.

```
HCPWRP963I STARTING SHUTDOWN STEP . . .
```

This will appear on the operator's console.

```
.
```

```
HCPWRP962I VM SHUTDOWN COMPLETED IN n SEC
HCPWRP9277I SYSTEM TERMINATION COMPLETE,
 ATTEMPTING RESTART
```

### 2. The IPL of your z/VM system continues:

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRP9277I SYSTEM TERMINATION COMPLETE.
 ATTEMPTING RESTART
hh:mm:ss z/VM SYSTEM RESTART FROM SHUTDOWN REIPL
hh:mm:ss z/VM V5 R1.0
 SERVICE LEVEL nnnn (64-BIT)

hh:mm:ss SYSTEM NUCLEUS CREATED ON yyyy-mm-dd AT hh:mm:ss,
 LOADED FROM 510RES
hh:mm:ss *****
hh:mm:ss * LICENSED MATERIALS - PROPERTY OF IBM* *
hh:mm:ss * 5741-A05 (C) COPYRIGHT IBM CORP. 1983, *
hh:mm:ss * 2004. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. *
hh:mm:ss * US GOVERNMENT USERS RESTRICTED RIGHTS - *
hh:mm:ss * USE, DUPLICATION OR DISCLOSURE *
hh:mm:ss * RESTRICTED BY GSA ADP SCHEDULE CONTRACT *
hh:mm:ss * WITH IBM CORP. *
hh:mm:ss * *
hh:mm:ss * * TRADEMARK OF INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS *
hh:mm:ss * MACHINES *
hh:mm:ss *****
hh:mm:ss HCPZC06718I Using parm disk 1 on volume valid (device xxxx).
hh:mm:ss HCPZC06718I Parm disk resides on cylinders xx through xx.
:
```

**Attention:** If you receive informational message HCPIIS954I for your 510RES volume (for example, DASD 5516 VOLID 510RES IS A DUPLICATE OF DASD 5516), you can ignore this message and proceed. For any other occurrence of HCPIIS954I, you have duplicate DASD with the same label and must correct this error before continuing.

## Shutdown and Re-IPL Your System

```
hh:mm:ss The directory on volume 510RES at address nnnn
 has been brought online.
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2513I Spool files available {nnnn|none}
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPWRS2512I Spooling initialization is complete.
 :
```

```
hh:mm:ss FILES: nnn RDR, nnn PRT, nnn PUN
hh:mm:ss LOGON AT hh:mm:ss {EST|EDT} weekday mm/dd/yy
 :
```

```
hh:mm:ss HCPiop952I nnnnM system storage
hh:mm:ss FILES: nnnnnnn RDR, nnnnnnn PRT, NO PUN
```

This message tells you the amount of storage available.

The FILES message here refers to operator spool files.

CP automatically disconnects from the primary system operator (user ID OPERATOR).

```
hh:mm:ss HCPUS0967I Disconnect OPERATOR - system
 restarted SHUTDOWN and system console
 not VM operator console
HCPcRC8082I Accounting records are accumulating for userid DISKACNT
hh:mm:ss DISCONNECT AT hh:mm:ss {EST|EDT} weekday mm/dd/yy
hh:mm:ss Press enter or clear key to continue
```

**ENTER**

Press enter or clear key to continue.

### 3. Log on to the MAINT user ID.

**ENTER**

The password for MAINT is MAINT.

**logon maint**

```
 :
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

#### What to do next

If you want to configure a basic IP network connection at this time, go on to “Step 9. Configure TCP/IP for an Initial Network Connection” on page 101. Otherwise, go to “Step 10. Back Up the Named Saved Systems and Segments on Tape” on page 105.

## Step 9. Configure TCP/IP for an Initial Network Connection

You can optionally configure TCP/IP after you have completed your z/VM installation. The TCP/IP configuration created in this step provides only a basic IP network connection for your z/VM host. In addition, this configuration is suitable for installations that employ only static (as opposed to dynamic) network routes.

If you choose to configure a basic IP network connection for your z/VM host at this time, continue with this step. Otherwise, go to “Step 10. Back Up the Named Saved Systems and Segments on Tape” on page 105.

For details about any DTCIPW messages you may receive while running IPWIZARD, refer to *z/VM: TCP/IP Messages and Codes*.

To establish a TCP/IP configuration that provides more comprehensive TCP/IP services, after you have completed your z/VM installation, see *z/VM: TCP/IP Planning and Customization*.

If you are going to use the Getting Started with Linux on zSeries book to set up your Linux images, skip this step and go to “Step 10. Back Up the Named Saved Systems and Segments on Tape” on page 105.

### In this step, you will:

- Configure TCP/IP.

1. Gather the information from the TCP/IP Configuration Worksheet (Table 10 on page 67).
2. Access minidisk 193.

**access 193 e**

Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

3. Run IPWIZARD.

**ipwizard**

```

*** z/VM TCP/IP Configuration Wizard ***

The items that follow describe your z/VM host.

User ID of VM TCP/IP stack virtual machine: TCPIP__

Host name: _____
Domain name: _____

Gateway IP address: _____

DNS IP Addresses:
1) _____
2) _____
3) _____
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF8 = Continue ENTER = Refresh

```

4. Using the information you gathered in the TCP/IP Configuration Worksheet (Table 10 on page 67), fill in the panel and press **PF8** to continue.
5. Depending on whether you selected IPv4 or IPv6 addresses, fill in one of the following panels and press **PF8** to continue.

## Configure TCP/IP

**Note:** IPv6 is supported only for QDIO ethernet interfaces.

For **IPv4** interfaces:

```
*** General Interface Configuration Panel ***
Interface name: _____ Device Number: ____
IP Address: _____
Subnet mask: _____
Interface Type (select one):
 __QDIO __LCS __HiperSockets
 __CLAW __CTC
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF7 = Backward PF8 = Continue ENTER = Refresh
```

For **IPv6** interfaces:

```
*** General Interface Configuration Panel ***
Note: IPv6 is only supported for QDIO Ethernet devices
Interface name: _____ Device Number: ____
IP Address: _____
Prefix Length: ____
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF7 = Backward PF8 = Continue ENTER = Refresh
```

6. Depending on which interface type you selected, fill in one of the following panels, then press **PF5** to process.

For the **QDIO** interface with **IPv6**:

```
*** QDIO Interface Configuration Panel ***
Port name (optional): _____
Router type (Select one):
 __Primary __Secondary __None
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size: _____
Send Router Advertisements (Select One): __On __Off
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = Process PF7 = Backward ENTER = Refresh
```

For the **QDIO** interface with **IPv4**:

```
*** QDIO Interface Configuration Panel *** Page 3 of 3
Network type (Select one):
 __Ethernet __Token Ring
Port name: _____
Router type (Select one):
 __Primary __Secondary __None
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size: _____
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = Process PF7 = Backward ENTER = Refresh
```

For the **LCS** interface:

```

*** LCS Interface Configuration Panel ***

Network type (Select one):
__Ethernet __Token Ring __FDDI

Port/Adapter number: __

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size: _____
:
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = Process PF7 = Backward ENTER = Refresh

```

For the **HiperSockets** interface:

```

*** HiperSockets Interface Configuration Panel ***

Maximum Frame Size (MFS): __ K
:
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = Process PF7 = Backward ENTER = Refresh

```

For the **CLAW** interface:

```

*** CLAW Interface Configuration Panel ***

The items that follow must match values configured on the CLAW device.

CLAW host name: _____

CLAW adapter name: _____

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size: _____
:
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = Process PF7 = Backward ENTER = Refresh

```

For the **CTC** interface:

The write channel device numbers from which you can choose, *devnum1* and *devnum2*, automatically display in the CTC Interface Configuration Panel. *devnum1* is the device number specified on the General Interface Configuration panel. *devnum2* is the device number specified on the General Interface Configuration panel + 1.

```

*** CTC Interface Configuration Panel ***

Write Channel Device Number (Select one):
_ 03E0 _ 03E1

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) size: _____

Peer IP Address: _____
:
:
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = Process PF7 = Backward ENTER = Refresh

```

7. The IPWIZARD displays the following and asks if you want to create new configuration files.

```

DTCIPW2508I DTCIPWIZ EXEC is attempting to create the necessary
DTCIPW2508I configuration files
Existing TCP/IP configuration files have been located. Do you want to continue
and create new configuration files? (Copies of existing files will be created
with a file type of the form: $xxxBAK)
Enter 0 (No), 1 (Yes)

```

8. The IPWIZARD displays the following and asks if you want to restart TCPIP and continue processing.

## Configure TCP/IP

```
DTCIPW2508I DTCIPWIZ EXEC is attempting to create the necessary
DTCIPW2508I configuration files
The TCP/IP stack (TCPIP) must be restarted as part of this procedure. Would
you like to restart TCPIP and continue?
Enter 0 (No), 1 (Yes)
```

## Step 10. Back Up the Named Saved Systems and Segments on Tape

### In this step, you will:

- Back up all the named saved systems and segments, including CMS, on tape.

1. Follow the First-Level or Second-Level steps that follow to attach a tape drive.

### First-Level Only

- a. Attach a tape drive to MAINT.

### Second-Level Only

- a. Attach the tape drive to the first-level system.
- b. Attach the tape drive to MAINT on a second-level system.

2. Mount a scratch tape in write mode.
3. Spool the console.

```
spool console * start
```

4. Enter the SPXTAPE command to dump the named saved systems and segments to tape.

```
spxtape dump devno sdf all run
SPXTAPE DUMP INITIATED ON VDEV devno
```

Substitute the address of the tape drive for the value *devno*. *devno* is the address you used to define the device. The operand RUN specifies that the SPXTAPE rewinds and unloads the tape after the operation.

```
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
DUMPING devno : nnn FILES, PAGES nnnn nn% COMPLETE
:
:
DUMPING devno : nnn FILES, PAGES nnnn nn% COMPLETE
RDR FILE fileno1 SENT FROM MAINT CON WAS fileno1 RECS nnnn CPY 001 T NOHOLD NOKEEP
SPXTAPE DUMP COMMAND COMPLETED ON VDEV devno
TIME STARTED: hh:mm:ss
TIME ENDED: hh:mm:ss
TAPE COUNT: nnn
FILES PROCESSED: nnn
SPOOL PAGES: nnnn
```

The messages from SPXTAPE tell you that the files are being dumped to tape.

```
RDR FILE fileno2 SENT FROM MAINT CON WAS fileno2 RECS nnnn CPY 001 T NOHOLD NOKEEP
```

*fileno1* is the file number of the volume log file. The volume log file records information about the files processed by the SPXTAPE DUMP command that are associated with a particular tape volume.

*fileno2* is the file number of the command summary log file. The command summary log file records the progress and status of the SPXTAPE DUMP operation.

## Back Up the NSSs and Segments

5. Store the tape for emergency use. If it is ever necessary, you can use this tape and the SPXTAPE command to restore the CMS system data file. For more information about the SPXTAPE command, see the *z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference*. For information on how to restore this tape to your system, see Appendix F, “Restore Your Named Saved Systems and Segments from Tape,” on page 147.



## Step 11. Store a Backup Copy of the z/VM System on Tape

### In this step, you will:

- Load the DDRXA utility to tape
- Use DDRXA to store a backup copy of the z/VM system on tape.

**Attention:** You must back up **all** your installation volumes in order to back up the z/VM system. You may wish to check your Installation Worksheet. This example requires a full pack minidisk be defined in the CP directory, USER DIRECT, for each volume you are dumping to tape.

**Note:** If you do not have a tape drive available, back up the system to alternate DASD using DDR with the COPY function.

1. Mount a scratch tape in write mode.
2. Attach the tape drive to MAINT at virtual device address 181.

```
attach devno * 181
TAPE 0181 ATTACHED
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

The ATTACH command attaches the device (*devno*) to MAINT's virtual machine at virtual device address 181.

3. Access the 193 minidisk in read/write mode.

```
access 193 z
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

4. Load the DDRXA utility to tape.

```
utility utiltape ddrxa
Rewind complete
HCPWUT8317I MOVING IPL DDRXA TO TAPE
HCPWUT8318I THE IPL DDRXA PROGRAM IS
 ON TAPE FILE NUMBER 1
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

5. Rewind the scratch tape on virtual device number 181.

```
rewind 181
Rewind complete
```

6. IPL the tape and answer the prompts from DDRXA. For information about DDRXA, see the *z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference* and *z/VM: System Operation*.

```
ipl 181 clear

z/VM DASD DUMP/RESTORE PROGRAM
ENTER CARD READER ADDRESS OR CONTROL STATEMENTS
ENTER:
sysprint cons
ENTER:
```

**Clear** is necessary. Do not omit it.

Wait a few moments for DDRXA to prompt you. If a prompt does not appear, press the **Enter** key.

This first control statement tells DDRXA that you want program messages sent to your console.

## Store a Backup Copy of the z/VM System on Tape

**input** *devno dasd valid*

ENTER:

The second control statement is the input control statement.

*devno* is the full pack minidisk address of the volume you are backing up. You must back up **all** your installation volumes.

The fullpack minidisk addresses for the default DASD are 122 (510SPL), 123 (510RES), 124 (510W01), 125 (510W02), ....

By typing the word **dasd**, the device type (3390) is automatically identified by the DDRXA program.

*valid* is the label of this volume, for example 510RES.

**output 181 tape (compact)**

ENTER:

This control statement specifies the device to which you are dumping the system. You can specify one alternate tape drive for additional tape volumes.

**Example:** If you had a tape attached to 181 and an alternate tape attached to 182, the OUTPUT control statement would be:

```
output 181 tape 182 (compact
```

By typing the word **tape**, the tape device type is automatically identified by the DDRXA program.

**dump all**

This control statement dumps the specified volume to the tape.

```
DUMPING valid
DUMPING DATA mm/dd/yy
 AT hh.mm.ss GMT FROM valid
```

These are informational messages that will vary according to your use of device types. GMT means Greenwich Mean Time.

The exact cylinder extents vary according to the device type.

```
INPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS OUTPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS
 START STOP START STOP
 nnnnnnnn nnnnnnnn nnnnnnnn nnnnnnnn
```

```
 ⋮
END OF DUMP
BYTES IN nnnnnnnnnn BYTES OUT nnnnnnnnnn
TRACKS NOT COMPACTED ON TAPE - nnnnnnnnnn
ENTER:
```

When DDRXA finishes dumping the volume, it prompts you with ENTER.

**Note:** When DDRXA encounters the end of a tape, and there is more data to dump, the program prompts you to mount the next tape.

- If you are using the same tape drive, mount the next tape and DDRXA continues.
- If you are using an alternate tape drive, DDRXA uses the alternate tape drive, then alternates between the tape drives for additional tapes. That is, if there are more than two tapes, you are prompted for the third tape on the first tape drive, the fourth tape on the second tape drive, and so forth.

7. If you have any more DASD volumes to back up, mount a new tape and repeat the INPUT, OUTPUT, and DUMP ALL statements for each volume.

8. To end the program, press the **Enter** key.

```
ENTER
END OF JOB
```

9. Re-IPL CMS.

```
#cp ipl cms
z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
ENTER
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

Press **Enter** to return to the command line.

For information on how to restore your system from tape, see Appendix E, “Restore the z/VM System Backup Copy from Tape,” on page 145.

### What to Do Next

Go to Part 3, “Post z/VM System Installation Information,” on page 111.

## Store a Backup Copy of the z/VM System on Tape

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## Part 3. Post z/VM System Installation Information

Part 3 contains the following information:

- Products loaded from the z/VM installation media
- Default information
- Preinstalled licensed products and features information.

**Note**

Some of the preinstalled product and features require additional installation steps. You **must complete** these steps for the product or feature to be completely installed.

## Post System Installation Information

---

## Chapter 9. Contents of Your z/VM System

**This chapter contains:**

- Products loaded from the z/VM installation media
- CP, CMS, and GCS default information
- Saved Segment and filepool default information.

### Products Loaded from the z/VM System Installation Media

Products installed on your z/VM system are:

- z/VM
  - Control Program (CP)
  - Dump Viewing Facility (DV)
  - Conversational Monitor System (CMS)
  - REstructured eXtended eXecutor/VM (REXX)
  - Virtual Machine Serviceability Enhancements Staged/Extended (VMSES)
  - Group Control System (GCS)
  - Transparent Services Access Facility (TSAF)
  - APPC/VM VTAM<sup>®</sup> Support (AVS)
  - Language Environment<sup>®</sup> (LE)
  - 3800 Model-3 Printer Image Library
  - UCENG Help - Uppercase English Help minidisk
  - German Help - German Help minidisk
  - Kanji Help - Japanese Help minidisk
- Environmental Record Editing and Printing Program (EREP)
- Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF)
- VM Remote Spooling Communications Subsystem Networking (RSCS)
- Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCPIP)
- Open Systems Adapter Support Facility (OSA)
- Directory Maintenance Facility (DIRM)
- Resource Access Control Facility for VM (RACF<sup>®</sup>)
- Performance Toolkit for VM (PERFTK)
- Hardware Configuration Definition and Hardware Configuration Manager for z/VM (VMHCD)



---

## CMS Defaults

1. The CMS nucleus was built with a local mod to DMSNGP. This local mod updates the CYLADDR, which defines where to write the CMS nucleus on the System disk (the recomp value).

### CP Defaults

1. The LOGO CONFIG and SYSTEM CONFIG files are located on the primary parm disk (CF1). A shadow of these files resides on the secondary parm disk (CF2) and backup parm disk (CF3). These files contain the system configuration data used by CP.
2. For detailed information about the CP system configuration function, CP nucleus options, and CP planning, see *z/VM: CP Planning and Administration*.
3. The CP nucleus on the z/VM System is a module. The module resides on the parm disks (CF1, CF2, and CF3).
4. The CP nucleus is IPLed with the system default language, mixed case American English (AMENG), Uppercase English (UCENG), Kanji (KANJI), or German (GER), which was selected during installation.
5. The USER DIRECT file on MAINT's 2CC minidisk contains entries defining each virtual machine (user) permitted to log on to your system.  

The default machine mode definition for user IDs in the directory is XA. However, any SET MACHINE statement issued for a user ID overrides the default setting. The USER DIRECT file built during installation contains a SET MACH XA, SET MACH ESA, or SET MACH XC command for all user IDs.
6. The USER DIRECT file contains a common profile section, PROFILE IBMDFLT. An INCLUDE statement for this profile has been added to each user ID that previously linked to the AMENG HELP disk (19D). The PROFILE IBMDFLT section contains a link to each HELP disk. Each user you add to the directory that needs access to a HELP disk must have an INCLUDE statement to the PROFILE IBMDFLT section or a LINK statement for each of the four help disks.
7. The z/VM System contains system definition files with sample information and default parameters. You can modify the following files to define your system configuration.
  - The logo configuration file (LOGO CONFIG) defines both the logo that appears on your terminal screen when you log on your system and the logo that appears on separator pages for printers. This file also provides information to the system about status areas on the terminal screens.  
  
**Note:** Status areas are normally in the lower right side of the terminal and contain such informational messages as RUNNING, VM READ, CP READ, MORE..., and HOLDING.
  - The CP system control file (SYSTEM CONFIG) describes the system residence device (510RES) and various system parameters, defining the configuration of your system.
8. CP ships several CP Sample Utility Programs to help you configure your system once installation is complete. They are located on the MAINT 2C2 minidisk. See *z/VM: CP Planning and Administration*, appendix A, for additional information on these programs.

---

## GCS Defaults

1. The GCS nucleus was built with mixed case American English (AMENG) as the system default language.
2. The GCS nucleus was built with a system name of GCS and is loaded at storage locations X'400'-X'5FF' and X'1000'-X'11FF'.
3. The GCS nucleus was also built with the following defaults:

| <b>Default Item</b>                  | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Saved System Name</b>             | GCS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Authorized VM User IDs</b>        | VTAM GCS MAINT NETVIEW OPERATNS RSCS AVSVM PDMREM1<br>PDMGRP4 SNALNKA PVMG NVAS IHVOPER CMEOSI NPM VSCS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Saved System Information</b>      | Recovery machine user ID: GCS<br>User ID to receive storage dumps: OPERATNS<br>GCS Trace Table Size: 16KB<br>Common storage above 16MB line (YES or NO): YES<br>Single user environment: no<br>Maximum number of VM machines: 14<br>System ID: GCS<br>Name of the VSAM segment: CMSVSAM<br>Name of the BAM segment: CMSBAM<br>GCS saved system is restricted: yes<br>Trace table in private storage: yes |
| <b>Saved System links</b>            | VTAM NETVSG00                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>User IDs needing VSAM storage</b> | NETVIEW NVAS CMEOSI                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## Saved Segments on the z/VM System

1. CMS improves system performance and storage usage by placing heavily used execs in the CMS installation segment, CMSINST. CMSINST is a logical segment within the INSTSEG physical segment. If you want to add or delete an exec from CMSINST, you should identify the changes to VMSES/E using the procedure within the local modification example for CMSINST, found in the *z/VM: Service Guide*. A local modification allows VMSES/E to track the changes and to ensure the CMSINST segment is rebuilt when any of the execs in it are serviced.
2. The QUERY NSS ALL MAP command displays the saved segments and saved systems defined on your system. The segments may be displayed in a different order.

**query nss all map**

Enter the QUERY NSS ALL MAP command to list all defined saved segments and their addresses.

```

:
FILE FILENAME FILETYPE MINSIZE BEGPAG ENDPAG TYPE CL #USERS PARMREGS VMGROUP
nnnn CMS NSS 0000256K 00000 0000D EW A 00000 00-15 NO
 00020 00023 EW
 00F00 013FF SR
nnnn GCS NSS 0000256K 00000 0000C EW R 00000 OMITTED YES
 00400 0044E SR
 0044F 0044F SW
 00450 005FF SN
 01000 0101A SR
 0101B 011FF SN
nnnn CMSDOS DCSS-M N/A 00B00 00B0C SR A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn CMSBAM DCSS-M N/A 00B0D 00B37 SR A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn DOSBAM DCSS-S N/A 00B00 00B37 -- A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn MONDCSS CPDCSS N/A 09000 097FF SC R 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn GUICSLIB DCSS N/A 01F00 01FFF SR A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn CMSFILES DCSS N/A 01900 01BFF SR A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn SVM DCSS N/A 01900 019FF SR A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn CMSPIPES DCSS N/A 01800 018FF SR A 00001 N/A N/A
nnnn CMSVMLIB DCSS N/A 01700 017FF SR A 00001 N/A N/A
nnnn INSTSEG DCSS N/A 01400 016FF SR A 00001 N/A N/A
nnnn HELPSEG DCSS N/A 00C00 00CFF SR A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn DOSINST DCSS N/A 00900 0090F SR A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn SCEE DCSS N/A 00900 009FF SR A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn SCEEX DCSS N/A 02100 027FF SR A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn NLSGER DCSS N/A 02000 020FF SR A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn NLSKANJI DCSS N/A 02000 020FF SR A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn NLSUCENG DCSS N/A 02000 020FF SR A 00000 N/A N/A
nnnn NLSAMENG DCSS N/A 02000 020FF SR A 00000 N/A N/A
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

```

## VMSEVS, VMSERVU, and VMSERVR File Pool Defaults

The z/VM System incorporates three prebuilt file pools.

### VMSYS

- Managed by the VMSEVS server machine
- Enrolled MAINT in the VMSYS file pool
- BFS directories defined for Shell and Utilities

### VMSYSU

- Managed by the VMSERVU server machine
- Enrolled MAINT in the VMSYSU file pool
- MAINT.SAMPLES directory exists with SFS sample files installed.

### VMSYSR

- Managed by the VMSERVR server machine
- Coordinated Resource Recovery (CRR) file pool

Each of these file pools has two definition files associated with it:

- *filename* POOLDEF, which defines the configuration of the file pool. *filename* is the name of the file pool.
- *filename* DMSPARMS, which contains start-up parameters for the file pool server machine. *filename* is the user ID of the server machine.

Read the *z/VM: CMS File Pool Planning, Administration, and Operation* book for information and examples on tailoring these files and for information on BFS root directory definitions.

## VMSYS File Pool

If you chose to load these products into the file pool, the following user IDs are also enrolled in the VMSYS file pool:

Table 16. VMSYS File Pool User Ids

| Product | User ID  |
|---------|----------|
| RSCS    | P684096K |
|         | XCHANGE  |
| OSA/SF  | 4OSASF40 |
|         | OSASF    |
|         | OSAMAINT |
|         | OSADMIN1 |
|         | OSADMIN2 |
|         | OSADMIN3 |
| TCP/IP  | 5VMTCP10 |
|         | SSLSERV  |
| ICKDSF  | 5684042J |
| DIRM    | 5VMDIR10 |
| RACF    | 5767002P |

## VMSERVS, VMSESVU, and VMSESVR File Pool Defaults

Table 16. VMSYS File Pool User Ids (continued)

|        |          |
|--------|----------|
| PERFTK | 5VMPTK10 |
|        | PERFSVM  |
| VMHCD  | 4VMHCD40 |
|        | CBDIODSP |

## Chapter 10. Preinstalled Licensed Products and Features

**Note**

Some of the preinstalled product and features require additional installation steps. You must complete these steps for the product or feature to be completely installed.

The z/VM installation media was built incorporating the following licensed products and features.

Table 17. Preinstalled Licensed Products and Features

| Product name               | Release level | Program number | Is product or feature installed disabled or enabled? | Do I need to configure before using the product or feature? |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| EREP                       | 3.5.0         | 5654-260       | Enabled                                              | No                                                          |
| ICKDSF                     | 1.17.0        | 5684-042       | Enabled                                              | No                                                          |
| RSCS                       | 3.2.0         | 5684-096       | Disabled <sup>1</sup>                                | Yes <sup>2</sup>                                            |
| TCP/IP                     | 510           | 5741-A05       | Enabled                                              | Yes <sup>2</sup>                                            |
| OSA/SF                     | 440           | 5741-A05       | Enabled                                              | Yes <sup>2</sup>                                            |
| DirMaint™                  | 510           | 5741-A05       | Disabled <sup>1</sup>                                | Yes <sup>2</sup>                                            |
| RACF                       | 1.10.0        | 5740XXH        | Disabled <sup>1</sup>                                | Yes <sup>2</sup>                                            |
| Performance Toolkit for VM | 510           | 5741-A05       | Disabled <sup>1</sup>                                | Yes <sup>2</sup>                                            |
| HCD and HCM for z/VM       | 440           | 5741-A05       | Enabled                                              | No <sup>3</sup>                                             |

**Notes:**

1. This product or feature is not available for customer use unless you have a license for it. To use this product or feature, you must order it as documented in the appropriate program directory.
2. To use this product or feature, it must be configured. For configuration information, see the appropriate program directory.
3. This product can be customized.

For detailed information about a product or feature, refer to its own documentation. See the “Bibliography” on page 161.

### Environmental Record Editing and Printing Program

The Environmental Record Editing and Printing Program (EREP) is a diagnostic application program that runs under the MVS™, VM, and VSE operating systems. The purpose of EREP is to help IBM service representatives maintain your data processing installations.

**Installation Instructions:** No additional installation instructions are required.

---

### Device Support Facilities

Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF) is a program you can use to perform functions needed for the installation, use, and maintenance of IBM DASD. You can also use it to perform service functions, error detection, and media maintenance.

**Installation Instructions:** No additional installation instructions are required.

---

### VM Remote Spooling Communications Subsystem Networking

VM Remote Spooling Communications Subsystem Networking (RSCS) lets z/VM users send messages, files and mail to coworkers at other systems on their TCP/IP, SNA, or non-SNA network. They can also use RSCS to print documents and issue commands on other systems.

RSCS uses z/VM spooling facilities to store and retrieve data. RSCS can transfer data to other systems (such as z/VM, z/OS®, OS/400®, VSE/ESA™, UNIX, Linux, and AIX/ESA®) that support Network Job Entry (NJE) protocols. NJE connectivity options include TCP/IP, SNA, ESCON®, channel to channel, and Binary Synchronous Communication.

RSCS also supports secure data transfer between z/VMspool and a system that is a workstation that supports Remote Job Entry (RJE) or Multileaving RJE (MRJE) protocols. RJE/MRJE connectivity options include SNA, and Binary Synchronous Communication.

RSCS provides the full range of all possible print service connectivity options. Instead of LPSERVE, the RSCS server may be chosen to provide an enhanced level of TCP/IP print support, including LPR and LPD. These services allow for intranet and internet print delivery for a system, and also accept print output from those networks. The ability to print data at a workstation printer in a transparent manner is available to end users regardless of how the printer is accessed.

The enhanced level of TCP/IP print support provided by RSCS (LPR, LPD, UFT, and TN3270E) may be used without obtaining a license for RSCS and enabling RSCS. All other RSCS features can only be used after obtaining a license and enabling RSCS.

**Installation Instructions:** The installation of RSCS is complete. To use RSCS, it must be enabled and configured. Refer to section “6.0 Installation Instructions” in *Virtual Machine Remote Spooling Communications Subsystem Networking Version 3 Release 2 Program Directory*.

---

### Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol for z/VM

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol for z/VM (TCP/IP) enables z/VM customers to participate in a multivendor, open networking environment using the TCP/IP protocol suite for communications and interoperability. The applications provided in TCP/IP include the ability to transfer files, send mail, log on a remote host, allow access from any other TCP/IP node in the network, and perform other network client and server functions.



**Installation Instructions:** The installation of TCP/IP is complete. To use TCP/IP, it must be configured. Refer to section “6.0 Installation” in *TCP/IP for z/VM Level 510 Program Directory* for more information. If you used the IPWIZARD command to initially configure TCP/IP, additional modifications may be required depending on the needs of your installation.

---

### Open Systems Adapter Support Facility

Open Systems Adapter Support Facility (OSA/SF) lets you customize the integrated Open Systems Adapter (OSA) hardware feature for the OSA modes, change the settable OSA port parameters, and obtain status about the OSA.

OSA/SF has a Java-based interface, which is called the OSA/SF Graphical User Interface (OSA/SF GUI).

Through the System Authorization Facility (SAF) interface of the system image on which it is running, OSA/SF lets you use the Resource Access Control Facility (RACF), or equivalent, to authorize or deny access to OSA/SF commands.

**Installation Instructions:** The installation of the OSA/SF host code is complete. To **install** the workstation code (OSA/SF user interface) and configure OSA/SF, refer to section “6.0 Installation Instructions” in the *Open Systems Adapter Support Facility for VM Function Level 4.4.0 Program Directory* and follow the installation instructions.

---

### Directory Maintenance Facility

Directory Maintenance Facility (DIRM) provides support for all the z/VM directory statements. DirMaint also provides additional utilities to help manage minidisk assignments and allocations, and provides a level of security regarding command authorizations and password monitoring.

**Installation Instructions:** The installation of DirMaint is complete. To use DirMaint, it must be enabled and configured. Refer to section “6.0 Installation Instructions” in *IBM z/VM Directory Maintenance Facility Feature Function Level 510 Program Directory*.

---

### Resource Access Control Facility for z/VM

Resource Access Control Facility for z/VM (RACF) is a product that works together with the existing system features of z/VM to provide improved data security for an installation.

**Installation Instructions:** The installation of RACF is complete. To use RACF, it must be enabled and configured. Refer to section “6.0 Installation Instructions” in *Resource Access Control Facility Feature for z/VM Version 1 Release 10.0 Program Directory*.

---

### Performance Toolkit for VM

Performance Toolkit for VM provides performance management capabilities for VM systems. It is a performance analysis tool for z/VM systems that can be used to detect and diagnose performance problems, analyze system performance, and provide printed reports that show the utilization and response times of key system components. You can also use Performance Toolkit for VM to improve operator efficiency and productivity.

**Installation Instructions:** The installation of Performance Toolkit for VM is complete. To use Performance Toolkit for VM, it must be enabled and configured. Refer to section “6.0 Installation Instructions” in *Performance Toolkit for VM Function Level 510 Program Directory*.

### Hardware Configuration Definition and Hardware Configuration Manager for z/VM

Hardware Configuration Definition and Hardware Configuration Manager for z/VM (HCD and HCM for z/VM) provides a comprehensive I/O configuration management environment, similar to that available with the z/OS operating system.

HCM runs on a Windows-based personal computer connected to the z/VM system through a TCP/IP network connection. HCM provides a graphical user interface as well as commands to help you configure your system. You supply the needed I/O configuration information to HCM, which processes the information and passes it to HCD.

HCD runs in a z/VM server virtual machine and performs the work of actually creating and changing the hardware and software aspects of your I/O configuration. While HCM provides the primary user interface to HCD, HCD also provides a backup user interface on your z/VM host for certain I/O configuration tasks, in case HCM is not available.

z/VM's original dynamic I/O configuration capabilities are still valid. These consist of a set of system operator commands for changing the zSeries or S/390<sup>®</sup> server's I/O configuration while the system continues to run, or for managing the hardware I/O configuration of all of the logical partitions in your zSeries or S/390 server. You now have the choice of either using these commands or else using HCM and HCD to manage your I/O configuration. Note, however, that the use of HCM and HCD is incompatible with the original dynamic I/O configuration capabilities. You should select one method to use for the duration of any given IPL of your z/VM system.

**Installation Instructions:** The installation of the HCD host code is complete. To **install** the workstation code (user interface) and customize HCD, refer to section "6.0 Installation Instructions" in the *Hardware Configuration Definition and Hardware Configuration Manager for z/VM Function Level 4.4.0 Program Directory* and follow the installation instructions.

#### **Congratulations!**

You have completed z/VM installation. Your VM system will need to be tailored. There are several Planning and Administration Guides to refer to for these tasks. See "Bibliography" on page 161.

Part 4, "Service Procedure," on page 125 contains the procedures for servicing your system and should be used to apply service when required.

---

## Part 4. Service Procedure

### In this part, you will:

- Run SERVICE to install preventive (Recommended Service Upgrade–RSU) or corrective (COR) service
- Run PUT2PROD to place the service into production.

The SERVICE EXEC automates the steps for installing preventive (RSU) and corrective (COR) service, while the PUT2PROD EXEC automates the steps for placing service into production. These EXECs apply to the following components, features, and products:

Table 18. Components, features, and products supported by SERVICE and PUT2PROD

| Product                        | COMPNAME |
|--------------------------------|----------|
| VMSES/E                        | VMSES    |
| REXX/VM                        | REXX     |
| Language Environment           | LE       |
| CMS                            | CMS      |
| CP                             | CP       |
| GCS                            | GCS      |
| Dump Viewing Facility          | DV       |
| TSAF                           | TSAF     |
| AVS                            | AVS      |
| RSCS                           | RSCS     |
| TCP/IP                         | TCPIP    |
| OSA/SF                         | OSA      |
| Directory Maintenance Facility | DIRM     |
| RACF                           | RACF     |
| Performance Toolkit for VM     | PERFTK   |
| HCD and HCM for z/VM           | VMHCD    |

The steps that SERVICE and PUT2PROD automate are documented in *z/VM: Service Guide* and applicable product program directories. The EXECs themselves are documented in *z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference*. If you need information more detailed than provided in this part, refer to those sources for more information.

To use the SERVICE EXEC to service VMSES/E-formatted program products that are not preinstalled on the z/VM System DDRs, see Appendix A, “Setting up VMSES/E Licensed Products to use the SERVICE EXEC,” on page 133.

**Rule:** You **cannot** use the PUT2PROD EXEC for products other than those listed in Table 18.



---

## Chapter 11. Install Preventive (RSU) or Corrective (COR) Service and Place the Service into Production

**In this chapter, you will:**

- Run the SERVICE EXEC to receive, apply, and build the preventive (RSU) or corrective (COR) service.

**Note:** The SERVICE EXEC processes only one RSU or COR per invocation. The EXEC does, however, process all volumes of a multiple-volume RSU or COR in a single invocation.

- Run PUT2PROD to place the products into production when you are satisfied with the service.

---

## Install and Place Service Into Production

Use the following steps to receive, apply, and build the preventive (RSU) or corrective (COR) service and then place the service into production.

### Step 1. Load the Service Files from the RSU or COR

**In this step, you will:**

- Run the SERVICE EXEC to receive, apply, and build the preventive (RSU) or corrective (COR) service.

**Note:** The SERVICE EXEC processes only one RSU or COR per invocation. The EXEC does, however, process all volumes of a multiple-volume RSU or COR in a single invocation.

1. Make sure you have a current backup of your system. For information about backing up your system, see “Step 7. Store a Backup Copy of the z/VM System on Tape” on page 54.
2. Log on to the MAINT user ID. From the VM logon screen, type:

```
ENTER
logon maint The default password for MAINT is MAINT.
:
z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
ENTER
:
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

3. If the RSU or COR media is tape, continue with this substep. Otherwise, skip to substep 4 on page 129.

- a. Attach the tape drive used for the RSU or COR tape to MAINT as 181.

```
attach tapeaddr * 181
TAPE tapeaddr ATTACHED TO MAINT 181
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

- b. Mount volume 1 on your 181 tape drive. If you are using an automated tape library (ATL), you must use a separate tape drive for each volume.

If the RSU or COR has multiple volumes, either:

- Stack the RSU or COR volumes on 181, **or**
- Attach other tape drives and mount each volume.

- c. IPL CMS.

```
ipl cms
z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
ENTER
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

- d. If the volumes are mounted on 181, run SERVICE with no parameters.

**service**

```
VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing started
:
:
VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing completed
successfully
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

- e. If the volumes are mounted on multiple tape drives, run SERVICE with the following parameters:

**service all** *tapeaddr1* *tapeaddr2* ...

```
VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing started
:
:
VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing completed
successfully
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

List the addresses of each tape volume. *tapeaddr1* is the tape address for tape volume 1, *tapeaddr2* is the tape address for tape volume 2, and so forth.

Go to substep 5.

4. If the RSU or COR service is electronic or CD-ROM, continue with this substep.
- Retrieve the entire RSU or COR service. (MAINT's 500 minidisk can be used to load the servlink.)
    - If your media is electronic, follow the instructions that were sent to you electronically.
    - If your media is CD-ROM, follow the instructions in the README file on the CD-ROM.

**Rule:** You must preserve the file attribute of FIXED BINARY 1024 through all intermediary transports.
  - Decompress the VMSES/E envelope file.

**access 5E5 b**

**deterse** *envfn envft envfm = servlink =*

You need to enter the DETERSE command for every envelope file you receive with your order.

- c. IPL CMS.

**ipl cms**

```
z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
```

**ENTER**

```
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

- d. Run SERVICE.

**service all** *envfn1 envfn2* ...

```
VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing started
:
:
VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing completed
successfully
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

List the file name of each VPTFnnnn or RPTFnnnn envelope. *envfn1* is the file name for the first envelope, *envfn2* is the file name for the second envelope, and so forth. You can specify more than one envelope file only if the RSU or COR is multi-volume.

Go to substep 5.

5. View the SERVICE messages log (VMFVIEW SERVICE) and handle any non-zero return codes, if necessary. Base your actions on the following table:

| If you received . . . | Then . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Return code 4         | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Issue <b>VMFVIEW SERVICE</b>. You can ignore any warning messages in the <b>Note</b> below in this table. Take appropriate action based on other warning messages you receive.</li> <li>Go to substep 6 on page 130.</li> </ol> |

## Run SERVICE EXEC

| If you received . . .                                                                                         | Then . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Return code 6 and the message:<br>VMFSUII2760I VMFSUFIN<br>PROCESSING INCOMPLETE DUE TO<br>LOCAL MODIFCATIONS | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Issue <b>VMFVIEW SERVICE</b>. You can ignore any warning messages in the <b>Note</b> below in this table. Take appropriate action based on other warning messages you receive.</li><li>2. Use the VMFUPDAT SYSLMOD command to see which local modifications you need to rework. Rework the local modifications that were affected by service. For more information, see <i>z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference</i>.</li><li>3. After you complete the rework, use the VMFUPDAT SYSLMOD command to flag the local modification as reworked.</li><li>4. Restart by issuing <b>SERVICE RESTART</b>.</li><li>5. If you get a non-zero return code, repeat substep 5.</li><li>6. Go to substep 6.</li></ol> |
| A return code greater than 6                                                                                  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Issue <b>VMFVIEW SERVICE</b> and check for warning and error messages.</li><li>2. You can ignore any warning messages in the <b>Note</b> below in this table. Take appropriate action based on other warning messages you receive.</li><li>3. Correct all errors reported in the error messages.</li><li>4. Restart by issuing the SERVICE command as displayed in the message VMFSRV2310W.</li><li>5. If you get a non-zero return code, repeat substep 5.</li><li>6. Go to substep 6.</li></ol>                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

**Note:** You can ignore the following messages and their associated VMF1966W message:

- DMSLI0201W The following names are undefined: ISPLINK ARIPRDI
- DMSLI0201W The following names are undefined: DMSDSCSC
- DMSLI0202W Duplicate identifier messages associated with object IOACMAIN MODULE.
- DMSLKD004W Warning messages issued messages associated with objects ILBONBL, ILBONTR, ILBOREC, ILBORNT, ILBOSND, ILBOSNT, and ILBOSSN.
- DMSLI0994W Restrictive RMODE encountered in CSECT CEEM@VOU
- DMSLI0994W Restrictive RMODE encountered in CSECT CEEBLIIA

6. Use the **VMFUPDAT SYSMEMO** command to review any memos that were received with this service.

You are done installing service. Continue with “Step 2. Place the Service into Production.”

## Step 2. Place the Service into Production

### In this step, you will:

- Run PUT2PROD to place the products that were processed by the SERVICE EXEC into production. Do this step only after you are satisfied with the service.

**Attention:** PUT2PROD logs off some virtual machines in your environment in order to write to minidisks or SFS directories that they own. Therefore, you may want to perform this substep as part of a planned system outage.

**Rule:** You **cannot** use the PUT2PROD EXEC for products other than those listed in Table 18 on page 125.



1. Log on to the MAINT user ID. From the VM logon screen, type:

```

ENTER
logon maint
:
z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
ENTER
:
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

```

The default password for MAINT is MAINT.

2. IPL CMS.

```

ipl cms
z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
ENTER
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

```

3. Run PUT2PROD.

**Attention:**

- a. PUT2PROD logs off some virtual machines in your environment in order to write to minidisks or SFS directories that they own. Therefore, you may want to perform this substep as part of a planned system outage.
- b. If you are running RACF and you receive the message VMFP2P1219E while running PUT2PROD, then you need to IPL the VM system using the CF2 PARM disk and your backup RACF server machine, RACMAINT, before attempting to put RACF service into production. For more information, see *Resource Access Control Facility Feature for z/VM Version 1 Release 10.0 Program Directory*.

```

put2prod
VMFP2P2760I PUT2PROD processing started
:
VMFP2P2760I PUT2PROD processing completed successfully
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

```

If you receive a non-zero return code, go to substep 4. Otherwise, go to substep 5.

4. Handle a non-zero return code. Base your action on the following table:

| If you received . . .        | Then . . .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Return code 4                | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Issue <b>VMFVIEW PUT2PROD</b>. You can ignore any warning messages in the <b>Note</b> below in this table. Take appropriate action based on other warning messages you receive.</li> <li>2. Go to substep 5 on page 132.</li> </ol>                                                                                                                                                             |
| A return code greater than 4 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Issue <b>VMFVIEW PUT2PROD</b> and check for warning and error messages.</li> <li>2. Take appropriate action based on warning messages.</li> <li>3. Correct all errors reported in the error messages.</li> <li>4. Issue <b>ipl cms</b>.</li> <li>5. Issue <b>PUT2PROD</b>.</li> <li>6. If you get a non-zero return code, repeat substep 4.</li> <li>7. Go to substep 5 on page 132.</li> </ol> |

## Place the Service into Production

---

**If you received . . .**

**Then . . .**

---

**Note:** You can ignore the following messages:

- DMSDCS1083E Saved segment \$\$DMY\$\$ does not exist
  - DMSWLG292W Text data will be loaded at '20000'x in user area; user data may be overwritten.
- 

### 5. Shutdown and re-IPL your system

**shutdown reipl**

**Enter**

You have now completed the service procedure.

---

## Appendix A. Setting up VMSES/E Licensed Products to use the SERVICE EXEC

You can use the SERVICE EXEC to automate the apply, receive, and build service steps for installed VMSES/E licensed products that are not preinstalled on the z/VM System DDRs. To use the SERVICE EXEC on these products after you have installed them, you must set up the System-Level Service Update Facility (VM SYSSUF) software inventory file through the VMFUPDAT EXEC, as follows.

For a list of the preinstalled products, see Table 18 on page 125.

**Rule:** You **cannot** use the PUT2PROD EXEC for VMSES/E Licensed Products that are not preinstalled on the z/VM system. Instead, see the steps for placing a product into production in that product's Program Directory.

---

### Steps for Setting up VMSES/E Licensed Products to use the SERVICE EXEC

**Before you begin:** You must have the Software Inventory disk accessed. By default, the Software Inventory disk is the 51D disk and it is accessed as D.

Perform the following steps to setting up the licensed products:

1. Log on to the MAINT user ID.

**ENTER**

The default password for MAINT is MAINT.

**logon maint**

:

Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss

- 
2. Invoke VMFUPDAT to update the VM SYSSUF file.

**vmfupdat syssuf**

**Result:** You see a panel like the following:

```

*** Update SYSSUF Table Entries ***

Update any PPF/component name or YES|NO field. To change all occurrences
of a PPF name in the table replace both ***** fields with PPF names.

Compname Prodid Servlev Description

ADSM 5654A09A RSU-0101 ADSTAR Distributed Storage Manager for
:INSTALL YES :INSPPF SERVP2P ADSM
:BUILD YES :BLDPPF SERVP2P ADSM
:INCLUDE YES :P2PPPF SERVP2P ADSMP2P
AVS 5VMAVS10 000-0000 AVS for z/VM 5.1.0
:INSTALL YES :INSPPF SERVP2P AVS
:BUILD YES :BLDPPF SERVP2P AVS
:INCLUDE YES :P2PPPF SERVP2P AVSP2P
CMS 5VMCMS10 000-0000 CMS for z/VM 5.1.0
:INSTALL YES :INSPPF SERVP2P CMS
:BUILD YES :BLDPPF SERVP2P CMS
:INCLUDE YES :P2PPPF SERVP2P CMSP2P

Change PPF name ***** to *****

Page 1 of 9

PF1=HELP PF3/PF12=Quit PF5=Process PF6=VMFSUFTB PF8=Forward

```

3. Press **PF6** to refresh the VM SYSSUF table from the information on your system inventory disk (51D). This adds the new product(s) you installed in to the VM SYSSUF table and displays the table again.

4. Locate the product to be used with SERVICE EXEC by scrolling forward.

**Example:** In the following example, HLASM was added, then the user scrolled to it.

```

*** Update SYSSUF Table Entries ***

Update any PPF/component name or YES|NO field. To change all occurrences
of a PPF name in the table replace both ***** fields with PPF names.

Compname Prodid Servlev Description

HLASM 5696234E 000-0000 HIGH LEVEL ASSEMBLER FOR MVS & VM &
:INSTALL YES :INSPPF 5696234E HLASM
:BUILD YES :BLDPPF 5696234E HLASM
:INCLUDE YES :P2PPPF
ICKDSF 5684042J 011-0011 ICKDSF DEVICE SUPPORT FACILITIES R17
:INSTALL YES :INSPPF SERVP2P ICKDSF
:BUILD YES :BLDPPF SERVP2P ICKDSF
:INCLUDE YES :P2PPPF SERVP2P ICKDSFP2P
LE 4VMVMQ40 000-0000 IBM Language Environment for z/VM 4.4.0
:INSTALL YES :INSPPF SERVP2P LE
:BUILD YES :BLDPPF SERVP2P LE
:INCLUDE YES :P2PPPF SERVP2P LEP2P

Change PPF name ***** to *****

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PF1=HELP PF3/PF12=Quit PF5=Process PF7=Backward PF8=Forward

```

5. If necessary, change the :INSPPF and :BLDPPF fields to the PPF name you are using to service this product.

6. Press **PF5** to process. The VM SYSSUF table is updated and you exit VMFUPDAT.

---

**Rule:** You **cannot** use the PUT2PROD EXEC for VMSES/E Licensed Products that are not preinstalled on the z/VM system. Instead, see the steps for placing a product into production in that product's Program Directory.

You are done with the set up. You can now use the SERVICE EXEC to apply service for new product(s) you added. For more information on using the SERVICE EXEC, see "Step 1. Load the Service Files from the RSU or COR" on page 128.



---

## Appendix B. Determining the RSU Level for Ordering Service

Use the SERVICE command with the STATUS operand to determine the current RSU Service Level for a component or product. The SERVICE command queries the system-level service update facility (VM SYSSUF) table, which contains a list of all products or components that are installed on the system.

**Before you begin:** You must have the Software Inventory disk accessed. By default, the Software Inventory disk is the 51D disk and it is accessed as D.

Perform the following step to determine the RSU level of a component:

- Issue the SERVICE command, which has the following format:

**service *compname* status**

where *compname* is a component defined in Table 18 on page 125 or any other component defined in the VM SYSSUF table.

**Example:**

```
service cp status
VMFSRV2760I SERVICE processing started
VMFSRV1225I CP (5VMCPR10%CP) is at service level RSU-0401
VMF2760I SERVICE processing completed successfully
```

In the example, “0401” is the RSU level that you would use when ordering service for CP.

---

You are done when receive the RSU level output from the SERVICE command.

For more information, see SERVICE EXEC in *z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference*.





---

## Appendix C. Migrate 51D from Old System

**In this appendix, you will:**

- Migrate your 51D disk from your old system.

**Note:** Your old system must be VM/ESA® Version 2 or z/VM.

1. Create a backup copy of the z/VM, Version 5 Release 1 System Software Inventory disk (default is 51D) using your site's normal backup procedures.
2. Obtain access to the System Software Inventory Files (51D) from your old system. For information on how to obtain access to these files, see your System Programmer.
3. Access the minidisk or SFS directory containing the System Software Inventory files from your old system as file mode Z.

```
access old51d z
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

*old51d* is the minidisk address or the SFS directory ID containing the old System Software Inventory files.

4. Access the 51D minidisk as file mode D.

```
access 51D d
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

5. Access the 493 minidisk as file mode W.

```
access 493 w
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

6. Use the MIGR51D EXEC to update the System Software Inventory files.

```
migr51d
HCPMIX8478R Please enter filemode letter of the
Software Inventory Disk (51D) from
the previous release. Press enter
to Exit.
```

**Z**

The following VM Software Inventory Disk (51D) Product and Segment Migration panels will be displayed:

## Migrate 51D from Old System

```
*** VM Software Inventory Disk (51D) Product Migration ***

Set action code AC to D = Do Not Migrate or to M = Migrate product. Action
code I means product is already installed on new 51D and cannot be migrated.

AC Compname Prodid Status Description

D SHELL 2VMVMZ30 APPLIED Shell and Utilities for VM/ESA
 2.3.0
M DITTO 5654029C NONE DITTO/ESA VM 1.2.0

D
 5735NFSQ ENABLED

D CMS 4VMVMA40 BUILT CMS component for z/VM 4.4.0
D CP 4VMVMB40 BUILT CP component for z/VM 4.4.0
D TCPIP 4TCPIP40 BUILT TCP/IP LEVEL 440 - TCP/IP Feature
I ICKDSF 5684042J BUILT ICKDSF DEVICE SUPPORT FACILITIES
 R17 for CMS

 Page 1 of 1

PF1=HELP PF3/PF12=Quit PF5=Process PF8=Forward
```

- a. Enter an action code (AC) for each product listed. For information about the panel and action codes, press **PF1** for HELP.

**Notes:**

- 1) Products that are preselected as **D** (Do Not Migrate) should not be changed.
  - 2) If a product is not supported on the new z/VM release, you should enter **D** (Do Not Migrate) for that product.
  - 3) Before you delete any product, you must determine whether any product that you intend to migrate is dependent on this product. You can use VMFINFO or VMFSIM SYSDEP to determine product dependencies.
  - 4) This Product Migration panel is only a sample. Your panels will not list the same products, action codes, status, and description.
  - 5) Press **PF8** to select action codes for all Software Inventory Migration panels before continuing to the next step.
- b. Press **PF5** to process the product migration information and display the Segment Migration panel. Depending on the size of your software inventory files, it may take several minutes to process.

```

*** VM Software Inventory Disk (51D) Segment Migration ***

Set action code AC to D = Do Not Migrate or to M = Migrate segment. Action
code P means segment will be migrated due to product migration. If =====
or ***** appears under Segname, enter a new name to change the segment
name upon migration (===== Must be changed, ***** May be changed).

AC Segname ProdId Compname Defparms Bldparms

D CMSBAM 01d-> 4VMVMA40 CMS B00-B37 SR PPF(ESA
 New-> 5VMCMS10 CMS B00-B37 SR PPF(ZVM
 ***** Mig-> 5VMCMS10 CMS B00-B37 SR PPF(ZVM
D CMSDOS 01d-> 4VMVMA40 CMS B00-B0C SR PPF(ESA
 New-> 5VMCMS10 CMS B00-B0C SR PPF(ZVM
 ***** Mig-> 5VMCMS10 CMS B00-B0C SR PPF(ZVM
D CMSFILES 01d-> 4VMVMA40 CMS 1900-1BFF SR PPF(ESA
 New-> 5VMCMS10 CMS 1900-1BFF SR PPF(ZVM
 ***** Mig-> 5VMCMS10 CMS 1900-1BFF SR PPF(ZVM
D CMSPIPES 01d-> 4VMVMA40 CMS 1800-18FF SR PPF(ESA
 New-> 5VMCMS10 CMS 1800-18FF SR PPF(ZVM
 ***** Mig-> 5VMCMS10 CMS 1800-18FF SR PPF(ZVM
 Page 1 of 4

PF1=HELP PF3/PF12=Quit PF5=Process PF8=Forward

```

- a. Enter an action code for each segment listed. For information about the panel and action codes, press **PF1** for HELP.  
This Segment Migration panel is only a sample. Your panels will not list the same segments, action codes, status, and description.
  - b. Press **PF5** to process. Depending on the size of your software inventory files, it may take several minutes to process.
  - c. Press **PF8** to select action codes for all Software Inventory Segment Migration panels before continuing to the next step.
7. MIGR51D updated the z/VM, Version 5 Release 1 VMSES/E System Software Inventory files on your new 51D disk to reflect the licensed products installed on your old system that you chose to migrate. You must now migrate all code, user IDs, minidisks, and segments associated with each licensed product reflected in the new System Software Inventory files. Refer to the documentation for each licensed product for information on the code, user IDs, minidisks, and segments required.
- If the licensed product segments are built by VMSES/E, you must sign on to any one of the licensed product installation user IDs, or MAINT, and enter the following to update some of the other segment files on the System Software Inventory disk:

a. Enter:

**vmfsgmap segbld esasegs segblist**

At this time, you can make further changes to any segment.

b. On the first panel, enter:

**segmerge**

c. Press the **PF5** key to exit from VMFSGMAP.

These three steps only need to be done once from one user ID. At this point, the appropriate files on the System Software Inventory disk are updated.

Now, you can use the VMFBLD command to build the licensed product segments from the corresponding licensed product installation user IDs. Follow the information in the licensed product program directories or the *z/VM: Service Guide*.

For example,

**vmfbld ppf segbld esasegs segblist myseg (serviced**

## Migrate 51D from Old System

**Note:** You need to rebuild the segments on the new system to get the SYSTEM SEGID file updated.

---

## Appendix D. Apply a Local Modification

You can use the LOCALMOD command to create and apply local modifications to any component or product defined in the System-Level Service Update Facility ( VM SYSSUF) software inventory table.

Use the following steps to put a local modification on your system.

**Before you begin:** You must have the Software Inventory disk accessed. By default, the Software Inventory disk is the 51D disk and it is accessed as D.

1. Create and apply the local modification.

- a. Run LOCALMOD:

**localmod** *compname partfn partft*

*compname* is the component name associated with the product you are modifying (for example one of the COMPNAME values in Table 18 on page 125)  
*partfn* and *partft* are the file name and file type of the source part that is to be modified

- b. Reply to any prompt messages.  
c. Make your changes to the displayed file.  
d. File your changes:

====> **file**

Enter **file** on the XEDIT command line.

- e. Repeat this entire step for any additional local modifications that you need to make.

2. Run SERVICE, for each component processed, to build the local modification(s).

**service** *compname build*

3. Run PUT2PROD to put the local modification(s) into production.

**put2prod**

**Note:** You can only use PUT2PROD for products listed in Table 18 on page 125. If you have created a local modification for a product that you added to the VM SYSSUF table then you need to follow that product's service place into production steps in its Program Directory.

## Apply a Local Modification

## Appendix E. Restore the z/VM System Backup Copy from Tape

**In this appendix, you will:**

- Restore the backup copy of your new z/VM system from tape. This example requires a full pack minidisk be defined in the CP directory, USER DIRECT, for each volume you are restoring.

You should have created a DDR tape of your new z/VM system during your system installation. If you need to use this backup copy to restore your System, perform these steps.

1. Mount the backup tape on a tape drive.
2. Perform an IPL of the tape device.

```
ipl devno clear
```

*devno* is the address of the tape drive.

3. Use DDRXA to restore the system to disk. Repeat this substep for each DASD volume you are restoring.

```
z/VM DASD DUMP/RESTORE PROGRAM
ENTER CARD READER ADDRESS OR CONTROL STATEMENTS
ENTER:
```

```
sysprint cons
```

```
ENTER:
```

```
input devno tape
```

```
ENTER:
```

This first control statement tells DDRXA that you want program messages sent to your console.

The second control statement is the input control statement.

*devno* identifies the device number where the backup tape is mounted.

You can specify one alternate tape drive for additional tape volumes.

**Example:** If you had a tape attached to 181 and an alternate tape attached to 182, the INPUT control statement would be:

```
input 181 tape 182
```

By typing the word **tape**, the tape device type is automatically identified by the DDRXA program.

This output statement specifies the DASD device to which you are restoring the system.

*devaddr* is the full pack minidisk address of the volume to which you are restoring this tape.

The fullpack minidisk addresses for the default DASD are 122 (510SPL), 123 (510RES) 124 (510W01), 125 (510W02), ...

By typing the word **dasd**, the device type (3390) is automatically identified by the DDRXA program.

```
output devaddr dasd valid
```

```
ENTER:
```

```
restore all
```

The RESTORE ALL statement tells DDRXA to restore the whole tape to the output device.

## Restore the z/VM System Backup Copy

```
RESTORING valid
DATA DUMPED mm/dd/yy
 AT hh.mm.ss GMT FROM valid
 RESTORED TO valid
INPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS OUTPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS
 START STOP START STOP
 nnnnnnnn nnnnnnnn nnnnnnnn nnnnnnnn

 :
END OF RESTORE
BYTES RESTORED nnnnnnnnnn
```

```
ENTER:
 :
```

```
ENTER:
```

```
ENTER
```

```
END OF JOB
```

Informational messages: GMT means Greenwich Mean Time.

The exact cylinder extents vary according to the device type.

Repeat **input**, **output**, and **restore** statements for each DASD you are restoring.

When DDRXA finishes, it prompts you with ENTER. To end the program, press the **Enter** key.

**Note:** When DDRXA encounters the end of a tape, and there is more data to restore, the program prompts you to mount the next tape.

- If you are using the same tape drive, mount the next tape and DDRXA continues.
- If you are using an alternate tape drive, DDRXA uses the alternate tape drive, then alternates between the tape drives for additional tapes. That is, if there are more than two tapes, you are prompted for the third tape on the first tape drive, the fourth tape on the second tape drive, and so forth.



## Appendix F. Restore Your Named Saved Systems and Segments from Tape

**In this appendix, you will:**

- Restore the CMS Named Saved System and saved segments.

You should have created a loadable tape of the Named Saved Systems and segments during your system installation. If you need to use this backup copy to restore your Named Saved System or segments, perform these steps:

1. Log on to the MAINT user ID.

**ENTER**

The default password for MAINT is MAINT.

**logon maint**

:

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

2. Attach a tape drive to MAINT.

**attach devno \***

*devno* is the device address of the tape drive.

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

3. Mount the backup tape on the attached tape drive (*devno*).
4. Spool the console.

**spool console \***

5. Enter the SPXTAPE command to load the system data files.

**spxtape load devno sdf all run**

*devno* is the address you used to define the tape drive.

SPXTAPE LOAD INITIATED ON VDEV *devno*  
Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

LOADING *devno* : *nnn* FILES, PAGES *nnnn*

:

LOADING *devno* : *nnn* FILES, PAGES *nnnn*

SPXTAPE LOAD END-OF-TAPE ON VDEV *devno*;

MOUNT NEXT TAPE

TAPE NUMBER: *devno-001*

FILES PROCESSED: *nnn*

SPOOL PAGES: *nnnn*

LOADING *devno* : *nnn* FILES, PAGES *nnnn*

:

LOADING *devno* : *nnn* FILES, PAGES *nnnn*

RDR FILE *fileno1* SENT FROM MAINT CON WAS *fileno* RECS *nnnn* CPY 001 T NOHOLD NOKEEP

*fileno1* is the file number of the volume log file. The volume log file records information about the files processed by the SPXTAPE LOAD command that are associated with a particular tape volume.

## Restore Your Named Saved Systems and Segments

- When all volumes have been loaded, use the SPXTAPE END command to end the SPXTAPE load.

**spxtape end** *devno*

```
SPXTAPE END INITIATED ON VDEV devnoSPXTAPE LOAD COMMAND ENDED ON VDEV devno
TIME STARTED: hh:mm:ss
TIME ENDED: hh:mm:ss
TAPE COUNT: nnn
FILES PROCESSED: nnn
SPOOL PAGES: nnnn
```

The SPXTAPE END command ends the SPXTAPE LOAD operation at the completion of the current file.

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

The CMS ready message may occur between the messages.

```
RDR FILE fileno2 SENT FROM MAINT CON WAS fileno RECS nnnn CPY 001 T NOHOLD NOKEEP
```

*fileno2* is the file number of the command summary log file. The command summary log file records the progress and status of the SPXTAPE LOAD operation.

For more information on the SPXTAPE command, see the *z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference*.

- IPL the CMS named saved system.

```
ipl cmsname
:
z/VM V5.1.0 yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm
```

*cmsname* is either the IBM supplied system name (CMS) or the name you defined in DMSNGP on the SYSNAME statement.

If you have changed the version heading, your own heading will appear.

Press **Enter** to return to the command line.

**ENTER**

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

## Appendix G. Recover a File or Minidisk

### In this appendix, you will:

- Recover an entire minidisk. To recover a minidisk, you may either overlay the existing disk or restore the minidisk to a temporary disk and copy the files to the target disk.
- Recover an individual file from the installation media. To recover an individual file, you must first determine on which minidisk the file is located, restore the entire minidisk to a temporary disk, and copy the file from the temporary disk.

1. Log on to the MAINT user ID.
2. Attach tape drive (*devno*) to the MAINT user ID at device address 181.

```
attach devno * 181
devno attached to MAINT
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

3. If you want to recover an entire minidisk, skip this substep and go to substep 4.

To recover an individual file, you must first determine on which minidisk the file is located. If you already know on which minidisk the file is located, go to substep 4. Otherwise, check the minidisk map file. If you loaded VM to the file pool, the minidisk map file is on the directory VMSYS:MAINT.CPDV.OBJECT. Access this directory in place of the 194 disk.

```
access 194 z
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
xedit minidisk map z

:

quit
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

The MINIDISK MAP file lists the minidisks on the z/VM System DDR and the files contained on each minidisk. Look at MINIDISK MAP to determine which minidisk contains the file you want to recover.

4. If you want to recover an individual file or recover the entire minidisk to a temporary disk, you need to define a temporary disk. The temporary disk must be the same DASD type as your installation media and the same size as the minidisk you want to recover. (See the \$ITEMMD\$ \$TABLE\$ on the 2CC disk for the size of the minidisk you want to recover.)

```
define [t3390 or vfb-512] loadaddr mdisksize
DASD loadaddr DEFINED
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

*loadaddr* is the address of the temporary disk.

*mdisksize* is the size of the minidisk you want to restore.

If you receive the following message:

```
HCPLNM091E DASD loadaddr not defined; temp space not available
```

you must add additional temporary disk space to your system or define a minidisk with the address *loadaddr*. If you define a minidisk, it must be the same DASD type as your installation media and the same size as the minidisk you want to recover.

## Recover a File or Minidisk

5. If you are restoring from DVD installation media skip to substep 9 on page 151. Otherwise continue with substep 6
6. To restore the chosen minidisk, enter the INSTALL EXEC with the RECOVER option.  
If installing from CD-ROM, enter:

**install cd (recover *mdiskaddr loadaddr***

If installing from 3590, enter:

**install 3590 (recover *mdiskaddr loadaddr***

If installing from 3480 or 3490, enter:

**install (recover *mdiskaddr loadaddr***

*mdiskaddr* is the address of the minidisk to be loaded from the z/VM System DDR.

*loadaddr* is the address to which you restore the minidisk.

### Notes:

- a. *mdiskaddr* is the address of the minidisk to be loaded from the z/VM System DDR tapes or CD-ROM. If the minidisk belongs to MAINT, *mdiskaddr* is the actual minidisk address. If the minidisk does not belong to MAINT, *mdiskaddr* is the alias address. Refer to the \$ITEMMD\$ \$TABLE\$ on the 2CC disk to determine the alias address.
  - b. To recover a minidisk and overlay the existing disk, you must link the minidisk in write mode. For example, enter the LINK CMSBATCH 195 801 WR command.
  - c. *loadaddr* is the address to which you restore the minidisk. If you want to restore an entire minidisk and overlay the existing minidisk, *loadaddr* is the address at which you have the disk linked.  
If the load address (*loadaddr*) is not specified, a temporary disk (T-disk) is created.
  - d. You cannot recover the 2CC minidisk directly to the 2CC minidisk. You can recover the 2CC to an address other than 2CC and copy the files you wish to recover to the 2CC minidisk.
  - e. The INSTALL EXEC requires a fullscreen terminal with at least 20 lines.
7. The following LOAD DEVICE MENU panel displays when you enter the INSTALL EXEC with the RECOVER option.

```
LOAD DEVICE MENU
MEDIA SELECTED IS: media
MOUNT VOLUME VADDR
 n _____

====>
PF1 = HELP PF3 = QUIT PF5 = LOAD PF12 = RETURN
```

## 8. Complete the z/VM LOAD DEVICE MENU panel.

**Note:** This LOAD DEVICE MENU panel shows you the volume you need to mount based on the minidisk you want to restore.

- a. Check the **MEDIA SELECTED IS:** field. This is a required field that will contain either TAPE, 3590, or CD depending on the parameter used to invoke the INSTALL exec. If the *media* specified is not correct, press **PF3** to quit and run the INSTALL exec with the correct parameter.
- b. Type 181 for the tape drive virtual address (VADDR).
- c. Mount volume *n* of the z/VM System DDR tape or z/VM CD-ROM on tape drive 181.
- d. Press **PF5** to load.

**PF5**

The load starts with the following system messages:

```
HCPWIN8388I CHECKING STATUS OF DRIVES

HCPWIN8381I CHECKING TAPE VOLUME NUMBER FOR DRIVE 181

HCPWIN8380I RESTORING MINIDISK mdiskaddr TO MINIDISK loadaddr

HCPDDR725D SOURCE DASD DEVICE WAS (IS) LARGER THAN OUTPUT DEVICE
RESTORING 510xxx
DATA DUMPED mm/dd/yy at hh.mm.ss GMT FROM 510xxx RESTORED TO SYSTEM
INPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS OUTPUT CYLINDER EXTENTS
 START STOP START STOP
 nnnnnnnn nnnnnnnn nnnnnnnn nnnnnnnn
END OF RESTORE
 BYTES RESTORED nnnnnnnnnn

END OF JOB

HCPWIN8441I mdiskaddr HAS BEEN RESTORED TO MINIDISK loadaddr
Ready; T=n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss
```

## 9. If you are restoring from DVD installation media, you must reload the disk from the DVD

- a. Run INSTPIPE

**instpipe**

- b. Reload from the DVD:

**pipe ftpget -h *IPaddress* -u *userid* -p *password* -d *ftpdrcf/CPDVD* -v BEF -DVDEOF -f *dddcuu\**  
|UNPACK| *restcmd loadaddr***

where:

- *IPaddress*, *userid*, and *password* are the TCP/IP communication path to the DVD drive.
- *ftpdrcf* is the path where the DVD is mounted.
- *ddd* is **CKD** for 3390 or **FBA** for FBA.
- *cuu* is the address of the minidisk to be restored from the DVD
- *restcmd* is **ECKDREST** for 3390 or **MDREST** for FBA.
- *loadaddr* is the address to which you are restoring the minidisk.

## Recover a File or Minidisk

### Notes:

- 1) *cuu* is the address of the minidisk to be loaded from the z/VM System DVD. If the minidisk belongs to MAINT, *cuu* is the actual minidisk address. If the minidisk does not belong to MAINT, *cuu* is the alias address. Refer to the \$ITEMMD\$ \$TABLE\$ on the 2CC disk to determine the alias address.
- 2) To recover a minidisk and overlay the existing disk, you must link the minidisk in write mode. For example, enter the LINK CMSBATCH 195 801 WR command.
- 3) *loadaddr* is the address to which you restore the minidisk. If you want to restore an entire minidisk and overlay the existing minidisk, *loadaddr* is the address at which you have the disk linked. If the load address (*loadaddr*) is not specified, a temporary disk (T-disk) is created.

10. If you restored the minidisk to a temporary disk, copy the file or files that you want to recover from the temporary disk to the target disk.

**access** *loadaddr fm-1*

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

**access** *mdiskaddr fm-2*

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

**copyfile** *fn ft fm-1 = fm-2 (olddate*

Ready; T=*n.nn/n.nn hh:mm:ss*

*loadaddr* is the address of the temporary disk.

*fm-1* is any available file mode.

*mdiskaddr* is the address of the target minidisk. If you loaded z/VM to the file pool, *mdiskaddr* is the directory to which the minidisks were copied. See MOVE2SFS \$TABLE\$ for a list of minidisks and directories.

*fm-2* is any available file mode.

*fn* is the file name of the file you want to recover.

*ft* is the file type of the file you want to recover. Repeat the COPYFILE command for each file you want to recover.

---

## Appendix H. Using an Integrated 3270 Console for Installation

Perform the following steps to install the z/VM System DDR into a new system environment using an integrated 3270 console.

1. Get to the panel on the HMC.
  - a. Open the TASK list from the VIEWS area by double clicking.
  - b. Open CPC RECOVERY from the TASK LIST WORK AREA.
  - c. Open GROUPS for the VIEW AREA.
  - d. Open the CPC IMAGES from the GROUPS WORK AREA.

---
2. Mount Volume 1 of the z/VM Release 5.1.0 system DDR on your tape/cdrom drive.

---
3. From the CPC IMAGES WORK AREA on the HMC, drag and drop the Image you want to IPL (right-click and hold to drag the image) on the LOAD icon in the CPC RECOVERY AREA. The LOAD panel will open.
  - a. IPL the tape using the LOAD panel on the HMC with the device address of tape or cdrom unit and loadparm CNSLSCLP by filling in the LOAD panel with:
    - Load Address xxxx - type your tape/cdrom address
    - Load parameter CNSLSCLP - gets you to the Operator Console
    - Click OK in the LOAD panel
    - Click Yes in the LOAD TASK CONFIRMATION panel
    - Click OK in the LOAD PROGRESS panel when status says completedICKDSF will come up on the System Console.
  - b. Double click the OPERATING SYSTEM MESSAGES icon in the HMC CPC RECOVERY panel. It may take a few minutes for the messages to appear.
  - c. Go back to “Step 1. Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)” on page 12 and follow substeps 7-12 to use ICKDSF to initialize, format, and label the packs needed for installation. Then, return here.
  - d. Close the Operation System Message Console.

---
4. Open the Integrated 3270 console from the CPC RECOVERY area on the Hardware Management Console.

An Integrated 3270 Console will be displayed with an X WAIT on bottom. This window must remain open, even if it is in the background.

- From the CPC IMAGE WORK AREA on the HMC, drag and drop the image you want to IPL on the Integrated 3270 Console icon in the CPC RECOVERY tasks area.
- From the CPC IMAGE WORK AREA on the HMC, drag and drop the image you want to IPL on the LOAD icon in the CPC RECOVERY tasks area. The LOAD panel will open.
- IPL the tape using the LOAD screen on the HMC with the device address of tape unit and loadparm SYSG by filling in the LOAD panel with:
  - Load Address xxxx - type your tape/cdrom address
  - Load parameter SYSG - gets you to the Integrated 3270 Console  
Ensure the load parameter field is empty before entering SYSG.
  - Click OK in the LOAD panel
  - Click Yes in the LOAD TASK CONFIRMATION Panel
  - Click OK in the LOAD PROGRESS Panel when status says completed

- Open the Integrated 3270 console from the CPC Recovery Area on the Hardware Management Console.  
The DDR program will be displayed in the Integrated 3270 Console Panel.
- Go back to “Step 1. Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)” on page 12 and follow substep 14 to use DDR to load the IIS.
- Keep the Integrated 3270 Window open in the background.

- 
5. From the CPC IMAGES WORK AREA on the HMC, drag and drop the Image you want to IPL on the LOAD icon in the CPC RECOVERY area. The LOAD panel will open.
- IPL the tape using the LOAD panel on the HMC with the device address of tape or cdrom unit and loadparm CNSLSCLP by filling in the LOAD panel with:
    - Load Address xxxx - type your tape/cdrom address
    - Load parameter CNSLSCLP - gets you to the Operator Console
    - Click OK in the LOAD panel
    - Click Yes in the LOAD TASK CONFIRMATION panel
    - Click OK in the LOAD PROGRESS panel when status says completed
 ICKDSF comes up on the System Console.
  - Double click the OPERATING SYSTEM MESSAGES icon in the HMC CPC RECOVERY panel. It may take a few minutes for the messages to appear.
  - Go back to “Step 1. Restore the Initial Installation System (IIS)” on page 12 and follow substeps 16 - 18 to use ICKDSF to allocate your paging and spool space, and allocate the remainder of your 510RES pack if necessary. Then, return here.
  - Close the OPERATING SYSTEM MESSAGES console.

- 
6. IPL the 510RES to bring up the IIS part of the install.
- From the CPC IMAGES WORK AREA on the HMC, drag and drop the image you want to IPL on the LOAD icon in the CPC RECOVERY tasks area. The LOAD panel will open.
  - IPL the dasd using the load screen on the HMC with the device address of tape unit and loadparm SYSG by filling in the LOAD panel with:
    - Load Address xxxx - type your dasd address
    - Load parameter SYSG - gets you to the Integrated 3270 Console
    - Click OK in the LOAD panel
    - Click Yes in the LOAD TASK CONFIGURATION Panel
    - Click OK in the LOAD PROGRESS Panel when status says completed
  - Open the Integrated 3270 console from the CPC RECOVERY Area on the Hardware Management Console.  
The SALIPL screen will be displayed in the Integrated 3270 Console Panel.

---

Go back to “Step 2. IPL the z/VM IIS” on page 19, substep 2, and complete the installation.

**Note:** use CONS=SYSG in place of CONS=consaddr on the stand alone program loaded panel before pressing PF10 to load.



---

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## Glossary

For a list of terms and their definitions, see *z/VM: Glossary*. The glossary is also available through the online HELP Facility. For example, to display the definition of "cms", enter:

```
help glossary cms
```

You will enter the glossary HELP file and the definition of "cms" will be displayed. While you are in the glossary HELP file, you can also search for other terms.

If you are unfamiliar with the HELP Facility, you can enter:

```
help
```

to display the main HELP Menu, or enter:

```
help cms help
```

for information about the HELP command.

For more information about the HELP Facility, see the *z/VM: CMS User's Guide*. For more information about the HELP command, see the *z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference*.



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## Bibliography

This bibliography lists the books in the z/VM product library. For abstracts of these books and information about current editions and available media, see *z/VM: General Information*.

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### Where to Get z/VM Books

z/VM books are available from the following sources:

- IBM Publications Center at [www.ibm.com/shop/publications/order/](http://www.ibm.com/shop/publications/order/)
- z/VM Internet Library at [www.ibm.com/eserver/zseries/zvm/library/](http://www.ibm.com/eserver/zseries/zvm/library/)
- IBM eServer zSeries Online Library: z/VM Collection CD-ROM, SK2T-2067

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### z/VM Base Library

The following books describe the facilities included in the z/VM base product.

#### System Overview

- z/VM: General Information*, GC24-6095
- z/VM: Glossary*, GC24-6097
- z/VM: License Information*, GC24-6102
- z/VM: Migration Guide*, GC24-6103

#### Installation and Service

- z/VM: Guide for Automated Installation and Service*, GC24-6099
- z/VM: Service Guide*, GC24-6117
- z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference*, GC24-6130

#### Planning and Administration

- z/VM: CMS File Pool Planning, Administration, and Operation*, SC24-6074
- z/VM: CMS Planning and Administration*, SC24-6078
- z/VM: Connectivity*, SC24-6080
- z/VM: CP Planning and Administration*, SC24-6083
- z/VM: Getting Started with Linux on zSeries*, SC24-6096
- z/VM: Group Control System*, SC24-6098
- z/VM: I/O Configuration*, SC24-6100
- z/VM: Performance*, SC24-6109

*z/VM: Running Guest Operating Systems*, SC24-6115

*z/VM: Saved Segments Planning and Administration*, SC24-6116

*z/VM: Secure Configuration Guide*, SC24-6138

*z/VM: TCP/IP Planning and Customization*, SC24-6125

*eServer zSeries 900: Planning for the Open Systems Adapter-2 Feature*, GA22-7477

*eServer zSeries: Open Systems Adapter-Express Customer's Guide and Reference*, SA22-7935

*eServer zSeries: Open Systems Adapter-Express Integrated Console Controller User's Guide*, SA22-7990

*z/OS and z/VM: Hardware Configuration Manager User's Guide*, SC33-7989

#### Customization

*z/VM: CP Exit Customization*, SC24-6082

#### Operation

- z/VM: System Operation*, SC24-6121
- z/VM: Virtual Machine Operation*, SC24-6128

#### Application Programming

- z/VM: CMS Application Development Guide*, SC24-6069
- z/VM: CMS Application Development Guide for Assembler*, SC24-6070
- z/VM: CMS Application Multitasking*, SC24-6071
- z/VM: CMS Callable Services Reference*, SC24-6072
- z/VM: CMS Macros and Functions Reference*, SC24-6075
- z/VM: CP Programming Services*, SC24-6084
- z/VM: CPI Communications User's Guide*, SC24-6085
- z/VM: Enterprise Systems Architecture/Extended Configuration Principles of Operation*, SC24-6094
- z/VM: Language Environment User's Guide*, SC24-6101
- z/VM: OpenExtensions Advanced Application Programming Tools*, SC24-6104

*z/VM: OpenExtensions Callable Services Reference*, SC24-6105  
*z/VM: OpenExtensions Commands Reference*, SC24-6106  
*z/VM: OpenExtensions POSIX Conformance Document*, GC24-6107  
*z/VM: OpenExtensions User's Guide*, SC24-6108  
*z/VM: Program Management Binder for CMS*, SC24-6110  
*z/VM: Reusable Server Kernel Programmer's Guide and Reference*, SC24-6112  
*z/VM: REXX/VM Reference*, SC24-6113  
*z/VM: REXX/VM User's Guide*, SC24-6114  
*z/VM: Systems Management Application Programming*, SC24-6122  
*z/VM: TCP/IP Programmer's Reference*, SC24-6126  
*Common Programming Interface Communications Reference*, SC26-4399  
*Common Programming Interface Resource Recovery Reference*, SC31-6821  
*OS/390: DFSMS Program Management*, SC27-0806  
*z/OS: Language Environment Concepts Guide*, SA22-7567  
*z/OS: Language Environment Debugging Guide*, GA22-7560  
*z/OS: Language Environment Programming Guide*, SA22-7561  
*z/OS: Language Environment Programming Reference*, SA22-7562  
*z/OS: Language Environment Run-Time Messages*, SA22-7566  
*z/OS: Language Environment Writing ILC Applications*, SA22-7563

## End Use

*z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference*, SC24-6073  
*z/VM: CMS Pipelines Reference*, SC24-6076  
*z/VM: CMS Pipelines User's Guide*, SC24-6077  
*z/VM: CMS Primer*, SC24-6137  
*z/VM: CMS User's Guide*, SC24-6079  
*z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference*, SC24-6081  
*z/VM: Quick Reference*, SC24-6111  
*z/VM: TCP/IP User's Guide*, SC24-6127

*z/VM: XEDIT Commands and Macros Reference*, SC24-6131  
*z/VM: XEDIT User's Guide*, SC24-6132  
*CMS/TSO Pipelines Author's Edition*, SL26-0018

## Diagnosis

*z/VM: Diagnosis Guide*, GC24-6092  
*z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility*, GC24-6093  
*z/VM: System Messages and Codes - AVS, Dump Viewing Facility, GCS, TSAF, and VMSES/E*, GC24-6120  
*z/VM: System Messages and Codes - CMS and REXX/VM*, GC24-6118  
*z/VM: System Messages and Codes - CP*, GC24-6119  
*z/VM: TCP/IP Diagnosis Guide*, GC24-6123  
*z/VM: TCP/IP Messages and Codes*, GC24-6124  
*z/VM: VM Dump Tool*, GC24-6129  
*z/OS and z/VM: Hardware Configuration Definition Messages*, SC33-7986

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## Books for z/VM Optional Features

The following books describe the optional features of z/VM.

## Directory Maintenance Facility

*z/VM: Directory Maintenance Facility Commands Reference*, SC24-6133  
*z/VM: Directory Maintenance Facility Messages*, GC24-6134  
*z/VM: Directory Maintenance Facility Tailoring and Administration Guide*, SC24-6135

## Performance Toolkit for VM™

*z/VM: Performance Toolkit*, SC24-6136

## Resource Access Control Facility

*External Security Interface (RACROUTE) Macro Reference for MVS and VM*, GC28-1366  
*Resource Access Control Facility: Auditor's Guide*, SC28-1342  
*Resource Access Control Facility: Command Language Reference*, SC28-0733  
*Resource Access Control Facility: Diagnosis Guide*, GY28-1016



*Resource Access Control Facility: General Information, GC28-0722*

*Resource Access Control Facility: General User's Guide, SC28-1341*

*Resource Access Control Facility: Macros and Interfaces, SC28-1345*

*Resource Access Control Facility: Messages and Codes, SC38-1014*

*Resource Access Control Facility: Migration and Planning, GC23-3054*

*Resource Access Control Facility: Security Administrator's Guide, SC28-1340*

*Resource Access Control Facility: System Programmer's Guide, SC28-1343*



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